PROCESSES AND PRODUCTS

Class 205 is an integral part of this Class (Class 204), as shown by the position of this box, and follows the schedule $% \left({{{\left({{{{\left({{{}} \right)}}} \right)}}}} \right)$ hierarchy of this Class, retaining all pertinent definitions and Class lines of this class.

155	.Electrical, or wave energy in
4 5 6	magnetic field
156	With discharge
157.15	.Processes of treating materials by wave energy
157.2	Isotope separation or
157.21	Inorganic product produced
157 22	Using lager
157 3	Pomowing a component from
137.3	normally gaseous mixture
157 /	Process of preparing desired
137.4	inorganic material
157 /1	Haing lagor
157 42	Using conig or ultragonia
137.42	operate
157 /3	Using migrowayo opergy
157 11	Using ionizing radiation
157 45	Deven phoenhoroug or giligen
107.40	Boron, phosphorous of silicon
157 16	Nitranan serteining product produced
137.40	Nitrogen containing product
1 5 7 4 7	produced Gashan manta in income durt
157.47	
157 /0	produced
157.48	Halogen containing product
1 - 7 4 0	produced
157.49	Sulfur containing product
1 F 7 F	produced
15/.5	Oxygen containing product
167 61	produced
12/.21	thereof
157.52	Hydrogen containing product
	produced
157.6	Process or preparing desired
	organic product containing at
	least one atom other than
	carbon and hydrogen
157.61	Using laser
157.62	Using sonic or ultrasonic
-	energy
157.63	Using ionizing radiation

157.64	Nitrogen, sulfur, phosphorous or silicon containing product
157.65	Carbocyclic ring containing product produced
157 67	Vitamin product produced
157 68	Carbohydrato or protoin
137.00	product produced
157.69	Heterocyclic product produced
157.7	Hetero sulfur containing
157.71	Hetero nitrogen containing
157.72	Hetero nitrogen ring
	contains at least two hetero
	atoms
157 73	Phosphorous product produced
157 74	Gilicon product produced
167 76	
157.75	Heavy metal product produced
157.76	Sulfur product produced
157.77	Nitrogen containing
157.78	Oxygen containing
157.79	Halogen containing
157.8	Halogen containing
157.81	Nitrogen product produced
157.82	Oxygen containing
157.83	Nitroso or oxime containing
157.84	Halogen containing
157.85	Carbon triple bonded to
	nitrogen containing
157.86	Halogen containing
157.87	Carboxvlic acid or derivative
	product produced
157.88	Oxygen other than as part of
137.00	a carboxylic acid or
	derivative mojety
157 89	Atom other than carbon
137.05	hydrogon or ovygon
157 0	Alashal product produced
157.9	Alconol product produced
12/.91	Fused or bridged ring
1 - 7 00	containing
157.92	Ether product produced
157.93	Aldehyde or ketone product
	produced
157.94	Halogen product produced
157.95	Carbon and halogen only in
	product
157.96	Carbocyclic ring containing
157.97	Aryl ring containing
157.98	Unsaturated product
157.99	Unsaturation in aryl ring
158.1	Carbocyclic ring containing
158.11	Two or more diverse halogen
	atoms containing
	acomo concarning

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158.12	Four or more carbon atoms
	containing
158.14	At least one carbocyclic ring
	and only carbon and hydrogen
	atoms in product produced
158.2	Processes of purifying
	materials

158.21 ... Organic material purified

Note: See subclasses 900-914 for art collections pertaining to subclasses 157.15-157.21.

164	.Electrostatic field or
165	Organic
166	Vitaming
167	Fate fatty oils ester type
107	waxes, or higher fatty acids
168	Hydrocarbons
169	Halogenated or oxidized
170	Gaseous
171	Acetylene
172	Cracking hydrocarbon oils
173	Carbon
174	Sulfur-oxygen compounds
175	Hydrogen peroxide
176	Ozone
177	Nitrogen compounds
178	Arc or spark discharge
179	Nitrogen oxides
450	Electrophoresis or electro-
	osmosis processes and
	electrolyte compositions
	therefor when not provided for
	elsewhere
451	Capillary electrophoresis
452	With detailed detection
453	With injection
454	With adjustment or alteration
-	of electro-osmotic bulk flow
455	Using gel-filled capillary
456	Gel electrophoresis
457	With programmed, cylic, or
-	time responsive control
458	Plural rapid changes in
	direction of electric field
	(at least 1,000 times total
	and at more than 1/sec) (e.g.
	pulsed field, etc.)
459	Isoelectric focusing (i.e.,
	using pH variation)

461	With analysis or detailed detection
462	With posttreatment of gel to
	purify or recover a desired component.
463	Destaining
460	Plotting
404	Droporation in unitory
405	Preparation in unitary
	etc.)
466	Using slab gel
467	Vertical or inclined
468	Electrolyte composition
469	Gel composition (other than
	simple agarose or
	polyacrylamide)
470	Including manufacture or
	preparation (e.g., molding,
	gelation, etc.)
471	Coating or forming of object
472	With control responsive to
	sensed condition
473	Temperature sensed
474	Current sensed
475	Rubber or vulcanizable gum
	used to coat or form
476	Sheet, web, wire, or filament
	of indeterminant length formed
	or coated
477	Alternating current
478	With irradiation or
	illumination (e.g., for
	curing, etc.)
479	Coating interior of object
480	With regeneration or
100	replenishment of coating bath
	(e.g., ultrafiltration, ion
	exchange, measurement followed
	by addition of concentrated
	reagent, etc.)
481	Using ion exchange material
482	Using filter or membrane
402	Earming of object
101	Diving of object
404	Fiurar coating operations
405	USING Mask
486	coating
487	With heat treatment of a
	coated laver (e.g., curing,
	sintering, etc.)
488	Organic (e.g., curing
-	thermoset resin, etc.)
489	Using bath having designated
	chemical composition (DCC)

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490	Resultant coating is solely inorganic	516	Barrier separation (e.g., using membrane, filter paper,
491	With heat treatment of		etc.)
	coating	517	Ion selective
492	Anodic processes only	518	Barrier separation (e.g., using
493	With heat treatment of		membrane, filter paper, etc.)
	coating	519	With control responsive to
494	And washing, rinsing, or		sensed condition
	drying of coating	520	Ion selective
495	With pretreatment of	521	Combined with manufacture or
	substrate or bath		pretreatment of barrier
496	Bath contains shading or	522	Using both anion and cation
	coloring agent (e.g., pigment,		selective membranes
	etc.)	523	Alternating anion and cation
497	Bath contains surface active		selective membranes
	agent (e.g., soap or	524	And using ion exchange
	detergent, wetting or		material (e.g., suspended
	emulsifying agent, etc.)		particles, etc.)
498	Bath contains carboxyl group	525	With prevention of scale
499	Cathodic processes only		buildup or fouling of membrane
500	With heat treatment of	526	Gas or vapor treated
	coating	527	Biological material
501	Bath contains epoxy or		prepared, recovered, or
	epoxide		treated (e.g., urine, etc.)
502	Bath contains epoxy or	528	Regeneration of liquid
	epoxide		electrolyte
503	And shading or coloring	529	Metal or metal salt
	agent		recovered or removed
504	And separate crosslinking	530	Organic material prepared,
	or curing agent		recovered, or treated
505	Isocyanate	531	Acid prepared, recovered,
506	Bath contains separate		or treated
	crosslinking or curing agent	532	And using nonion selective
507	With posttreatment of coating		membrane
	(e.g., heat treatment,	533	And using ion exchange
	washing, drying, etc.)		material (e.g., suspended
508	Bath contains shading or		particles, etc.)
	coloring agent, metal oxide,	534	And using bipolar membrane
	free metal, or free carbon	535	And using nonion selective
509	With heat treatment of coating		membrane
510	With pretreatment of substrate	536	And using ion exchange
	(e.g., cleaning, wetting,		material (e.g., suspended
	etc.)		particles, etc.)
511	Using liquid jet	537	Using bipolar membrane
512	Continuous movement of	538	Water splitting
	substrate through bath	539	Using anion selective
513	Hydrocarbon oil separated or		membrane
	purified	540	Biological material prepared,
514	Aqueous system		recovered, or treated (e.g.,
515	Inorganic siliceous or		urine, etc.)
	calcareous material prepared,	541	Organic material prepared,
	separated, or treated (e.g.,		recovered, or treated
	clay, earth, concrete,		
	asbestos, glass, etc.)		

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542	Combined with diverse-type
	separation (e.g., electro-
	osmotic barrier separation
	separation etc.)
543	Biological material prepared.
515	recovered, or treated (e.g.,
	urine, etc.)
544	Organic material prepared,
-	recovered, or treated
545	With use of nonelectrical field
	or force to separate (e.g.,
	magnetic, centrifugal, etc.)
546	Absorbent strip electrophoresis
	(e.g., using cellulose acetate
	or paper strip, etc.)
547	Dielectrophoresis (i.e., using
	nonuniform electric field)
548	Isoelectric focusing (i.e.,
	using pH variation)
549	Isotachophoresis (i.e.,
	displacement electrophoresis)
	or measurement of ion or
	particle mobility
550	Ionophoresis
551	Solid sorption or desorption
553	Bulk separation of solids and
	liquids (e.g., dewatering
	solids, clarifying water,
	etc.)
554	.Electrical (including
	magnetic) constation or
	purification of liquid or
	magnetic treatment of liquid
	(other than separation)
555	With control responsive to
	sensed condition
556	With measuring, testing, or
	sensing
557	Using magnetic field
558	With simultaneous use of
	liquid-liquid extraction
	solvent
559	Predominantly hydrocarbon
560	Removing solids
561	With addition of agent to
	facilitate removal
562	Using cohesive filter or
	solid packing
563	Resolving emulsion or
	dispersion
564	Using interrupted or pulsed
	direct current field

565	Using modified alternating current (other than standard 50 Hz or 60 Hz sine wave) field		
567	Using modifying agent		
568			
569	Dielectric liquid		
570	Water		
570	Demonstrate and ida		
571			
572	Using cohesive filter or solid		
E72	packing Decelsion emulation on		
575	disporsion		
102 1	Costing forming or stabing by		
192.1	sputtering		
192 11	Ion host couttor deposition		
192.11	Cleve discharge aputtor		
192.12			
	deposition (e.g., cathode		
192 13	Moasuring or tosting (o g of		
172.13	operating parameters property		
	operating parameters, property		
100 14	Or article, etc.)		
192.14	Coating inorganic material		
100 15	onto polymeric material		
192.15	or use		
192 16	Wear or abrasion resistant		
192.10	Floctrical contact material		
102.17	Diegoologtrig		
102.10			
192.2	Ferromagnetic		
192.21	Resistor		
192.22	Insulator or dielectric		
192.23	Silicon containing		
192.24	Superconductor		
192.25	Semiconductor		
192.26	Optical or photoactive		
192.27	Reflective		
192.28	Absorptive		
192.29	Transparent conductor		
192.3	With sputter etching		
192.32	Sputter etching		
192.33	Measuring or testing (e.g., of		
	operating parameters, end		
	point determination, etc.)		
192.34	Ion beam etching (e.g., ion		
	milling, etc.)		
192.35	Etching specified material		
192.36	Organic		
192.37	Silicon containing		
192.38	Vacuum arc discharge coating		
193			
194	Flectrolytic		
100	Analyzis and tosting		
±00 /∩1	Analysis and testing		
4U1	rault testing of sensor or		
	component		

402	Regeneration or activation	418	Organic membrane
403.01	Biological material (e.g.,	419	Inorganic membrane
	microbe, enzyme, antigen,	420	Glass ion-selective membrane
	etc.) analyzed, tested, or	421	Solid electrolyte
	included in apparatus	422	Liquid sample sensor
403.02	Disposable apparatus or	423	With fugitive protective
	apparatus having removable		element
	section (e.g., removable	424	Gas sample sensor
	cartridge, etc.)	425	With impressed current means
403.03	Plural measuring sections or	426	Planar electrode surface
	zones	420	With gas reference material
403.04	Enzyme included in apparatus	428	With protoctive element
403.05	With semipermeable membrane	420	Drotostivo olement is o
403.06	With semipermeable membrane	429	lavor
403.07	For blocking passage of	120	Maiatura abaarbing alaatraluta
	macromolecules (molecular	430	Moisture absorbing electrolyte
	weight greater than or equal	431	Gas sensing electrode
	to 8,000)	432	With gas diffusion electrode
403.08	Lipid included in apparatus	433	Measuring carbon or pH
403 09	Enzyme included in	434	Involving plating, coating or
103.05	annaratus		stripping
103 1	Enzyme included in apparatus	435	Standard reference electrode
403.1	Chaogo oridago	196.01	Object protection
403.11	With discourse on the one	196.02	With control means responsive
403.12	With diverse enzyme or		to sensed condition
	catalyst (e.g., blenzyme or	196.03	And programmed, cyclic, or
	ovidage with Dt gatalwat		time responsive control means
	ota)	196.04	Internal battery
102 12	Nrd migraelectrode (i.e. et	196.05	With programmed, cyclic, or
403.13	And microelectrode (i.e., at		time responsive control means
	is loss than 500 migrons)	196.06	With measuring, testing, or
402 14	Is less chail 500 microns)		sensing means
403.14	Enzyme included in apparatus	196.07	Internal battery
403.15	Electrode containing free	196.08	With gas or vapor removing or
101	carbon		treating means
404	Corrosion	196.09	Plural cells used or protected
405	Titration	196.1	Internal batterv
406	With significant electrical	196.11	Resistor or impedance in
	circuitry or nominal computer		series between anode and
	device		object.
407	With significant display or	196.12	With fluid filter
	analytical device	196.13	With bypass means
408	With means for temperature or	196 14	Anode moving relative to
	pressure compensation	1)0.14	object
409	With means providing	106 15	With fluid inlot or outlot
	specified-flow condition or	190.13	With fluid fillet of outlet
	flow-path	106 16	Realis used of protected
410	Solid electrolyte means	190.10	Dielectric coating, casing,
411	Three or more electrodes	106 17	Divid analy with windd
412	Three or more electrodes	196.17	Rigid anode with rigid
413	Liquid electrode, e.g., Hg,	106 10	Support
	Na, etc.	ΤΆρ.ΤΩ	More than half of anode is
414	Gel electrolyte		or has coating, covering, or
415	Selectively permeable membrane	106 10	sniela
416	Ion-sensitive electrode	190.19	Dielectric coating,
417	Liquid ion-exchanger		covering, or shield

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196.2	Flexible cable, chain, or wire anode or support	214	Swinging or tilting receptacles
196.21	Earth grounded object or	215	With base treatment
	protection means	216	Stripping
196.22	Copper and zinc electrically	217	Mechanical working
	coupled or alloyed into one or	218	With current control
	more electrodes	219	Liquid electrode
196.23	Anode contains aluminum	220	With electrode recirculation
196.24	And magnesium		means
196.25	And zinc	221	With oscillator, reciprocator
196.26	Resistor or impedance in		or agitator
	series between power supply	222	Electrode oscillator,
	and object		reciprocator or agitator
196.27	Alternative energy supply	223	With current control
	(e.g., solar panel,	224 R	Localized area applicators
	thermoelectric or	224 M	Electrochemical machining
	piezoelectric power supply,	225	Electrode feeding or
	etc.)		withdrawal means
196.28	Rotating electrode	226	With base treatment
196.29	Magnetic mounting means	227	Cells with base treatment means
196.3	Rigid anode with rigid support	228.1	With current, voltage, or power
196.31	Threaded coupling for rigid		control means responsive to
	anode or rigid support		sensed condition
196.32	Dielectric thread	228.2	Fluid level sensing means
196.33	Flexible cable, chain, or wire	228.3	Fluid flow sensing means
	anode or support	228.4	Fluid pressure sensing means
196.34	Plural anode sections on	228.5	Gaseous fluid
	single cable, chain, or wire	228.6	Electrolyte property sensing
196.35	Helically wound		means (e.g., temperature,
196.36	Earth grounded object or		concentration, pH,
	protection means		conductivity, etc.)
196.37	Vessel protected (e.g., steam	228.7	Workpiece property sensing
	boiler, etc.)		means (e.g., mass, coating
196.38	Anode contains precious metal		thickness, etc.)
	or free carbon	228.8	Workpiece presence, position,
100	With movable electrode means		or movement sensing means
198	Work conveyer	228.9	Having auxiliary electrode
199	Rotary	229.1	Reference electrode as or
200	With base treatment		with auxiliary electrode
201	Loose article	229.2	And programmed, cyclic, or
202	Endless		time responsive control means
203	With base treatment	229.3	For controlling waveform
204	With current control		supplied to working electrode
205	With current control	229.4	With programmed, cyclic, or
206	Continuous strip or filament		time responsive current,
	electrode		voltage, or power control
207	With base treatment	000 F	means
208	Stripping	229.5	For controlling waveform
209	Mechanical working	220 6	supplied to working electrode
210	Heat treatment means	229.6	For simultaneously reversing
211	With current control		polarity of working and
212	Rotary	220 7	Counter electrodes
213	Barrels and rotary	223.1	detaila
	receptacles		UELALIS

229.8	With means for measuring, testing, or sensing current,	257	<pre>With feeding and/or withdrawal means</pre>
	voltage, or power	258	Gas
229.9	Having auxiliary electrode	259	Basket-type electrode
230.1	Reference electrode as or with auxiliary electrode	260	Concentrically arranged electrodes
230.2	With current, voltage, or power	261	With agitator
	control means	262	With heater or cooler
230.3	Mechanical	263	With feeding and/or
230.4	For inhibiting short circuits	200	withdrawal means
230.5		264	And filter
230.6	For controlling waveform	265	Cas feeding
230.7	Having auxiliary electrode	265	Gag withdrawal
230.8	Having specified circuit	267	
230.0	details	267	Pipelar electrode
222	Colls with clostrolyto	200	Bipolar electrode
272	trootmont moong	209	With leeding and/or
223	Loophor diggolyer or	270	withdrawai means
200	ovtractor	270	
224		271	Portable
234	Recifculation	272	Concentrically arranged
233	With litter	0.50	electrodes
230	With heater or cooler	273	With agitator
237	Recirculation	274	With heater or cooler
238	With filter	275.1	With feeding and/or withdrawal
239	With heater or cooler		means
240	With filter	[Coo th	o Soorah Notos for EOP Colloctions
241	With heater or cooler	associa	ted with this subclass or its
242	Cells	indents	(if there are indents)]
243.1	Fused bath	Indenes	(II there are maches).]
244	Plural cells		
245	With feeding and/or		
	withdrawal means		
246	Gas feeding	276	And filter
247	Gas withdrawal	277	Gas feeding
247.1	With magnetic field effect	278	Gas withdrawal
247 2	compensating means	278.5	Parallel plate type
247.2	With means for cleaning	270	electrodes
047 0	electrode element	279	Elements
247.3	Refractory hard material	280	Electrodes
045 4	(RHM) containing electrode	281	Electroforming molds or
247.4	With cell lining or coating		strips plates
247.5	Thermal effect compensating	282	With diaphragm
	means	283	Perforated or foraminous
248	Internal battery		electrode
249	Filter or loose electrode	284 285	Perforated or foraminous
250	Liquid electrode	286 1	With electrode supporting
251	Diaphragm type	200.1	means
252	Diaphragm type		incurio
252	Plural colle	[See th	e Search Notes for FOR Collections
251	Bipolar cloctrodo	associa	ted with this subclass or its
254 255	With fooding and/or	indents	(if there are indents).]
	withdrawal means		
256			
2 J U			

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287	Work container
288	Electrodes with lateral
	extensions
288.1	And dielectric gasket or
	spacer
288.2	And additional electrical
	conductor of diverse material
288.3	Including resilient means
	(e.g., spring, etc.)
288.4	Including threaded connector
288.5	Having wedge or tapered
	tightening means
288.6	Hook or loop
289	With lateral extensions
290.01	Laminated or coated (i.e.,
	composite having two or more
	layers)

[See	the	Sea	arch	No	tes	for	FOR	Col	lections
assoc	iate	ed v	vith	th	is :	subcl	Lass	or	its
inden	ts ((if	the	ce	are	inde	ents).1	

290.02	Actinide series element
	(i.e., Ac, Th, Pa, U, Np, Pu,
	Am, Cm, Bk, Cf, Es, Fm, Md, No,
	or Lr) or compound containing
290.03	Having three or more layers
290.04	Rare earth metal (i.e., Sc,
	Y, La, Ce, Pr, Nd, Pm, Sm, Eu,
	Gd, Tb, Dy, Ho, Er, Tm, Yb, or
	Lu) or compound containing
290.05	Organic compound containing
290.06	And noble metal (i.e., Ru,
	Rh, Pd, Os, Ir, Pt, Ag, or Au)
	or compound containing
290.07	And free carbon containing
290.08	Noble metal (i.e., Ru, Rh,
	Pd, Os, Ir, Pt, Ag, or Au) or
	compound containing
290.09	Plural metal oxides
	containing
290.1	Rare earth metal (i.e., Sc,
	Y, La, Ce, Pr, Nd, Pm, Sm, Eu,
	Gd, Tb, Dy, Ho, Er, Tm, Yb, or
	Lu) or compound containing
290.11	Organic compound containing
290.12	Refractory metal (i.e., Ti,
	V, Cr, Zr, Nb or Cb, Mo, Hf,
	Ta, or W) or compound
	containing
290.13	Surface layer contains
	electrolytically exposed
	refractory metal or compound
	rerraceery meetar or compound

290.14	Noble metal (i.e., Ru, Rh,
	Pd, Os, Ir, Pt, Ag, or Au) or
	compound containing
290.15	Free carbon containing
291	Composition
292	Metallic
293	Alloys
294	Carbon containing
295	Diaphragms
296	Organic
297.01	Electrode support or work
	holder

[See the Search Notes for FOR Collections associated with this subclass or its indents)if there are indents).]

297.02	Magnetic support
297.03	Vacuum support
297.04	Float or buoyant support
297.05	Mask for workpiece
297.06	Workpiece rack
297.07	Adjustable
297.08	Mechanized
297.09	Including resilient means
	(e.g., spring, etc.)
297.1	Including resilient means
	(e.g., spring, etc.)
297.11	Porous enclosure
297.12	Grid or grating
297.13	Including threaded connector
297.14	Including resilient means
	(e.g., spring, etc.)
297.15	Including threaded connector
297.16	Hook or loop
298.01	.Coating, forming or etching by
	sputtering
298.02	Coating
298.03	Measuring, analyzing or
	testing
298.04	Ion beam sputter deposition
298.05	Ion plating
298.06	Triode, tetrode, auxiliary
	electrode or biased workpiece
298.07	Specified gas feed or
~~~ ~~	withdrawal
298.08	Specified power supply or
~~~ ~~	matching network
298.09	Specified cooling or heating
298.11	Specified mask, shield or
000 10	snutter
298.12	Specified target particulars

298.13	Target composition	603	With detailed detection system
298.14	Specified anode particulars		(e.g., including a light
298.15	Specified work holder		source and a camera, etc.)
298.16	Magnetically enhanced	604	With injector
298.17	Flux passes through target	605	Gel filled
	surface	606	Gel electrophoresis type
298.18	Focusing target (e.g.,	607	With control means responsive
290.10	conical target, plural		to sensed condition
	inclined targets, etc.)	608	With programmed, cyclic, or
298 19	Planar magnetron	000	time responsive control means
200.10	Mouing magnetic field or	609	Plural rapid changes in
290.2	target	005	direction of electric field
200 21	Culindrical or surrod		(at least 1 000 times total
290.21	Cylindrical of curved		and at more than 1/sec) (e.g.
200 22	Magnetron target		pulsed field etc.)
298.22	Moving magnetic field or	610	Igoologtrig foguging (i o
	target	010	Isoelectric locusing (i.e.,
298.23	Moving workpiece or target	C1 0	uses privariación)
298.24	Indeterminate length moving	612	With detailed detection system
	workpiece		(e.g., including a light
298.25	Multi-chamber (e.g.,	61.2	source and a camera, etc.)
	including air lock, load/	613	With means for posttreatment
	unload chamber, etc.)		of gel to purify or recover a
298.26	Plural diverse treatment		desired component
	stations, zones, or coating	614	Blotter (e.g., membrane,
	material source within single		etc.)
	chamber	615	Unitary preparation apparatus
298.27	Plural modes of movement		(e.g., preparative means,
	(e.g., planetary, epicyclic,		etc.)
	etc.)	616	Slab gel
298.28	Rotational movement	617	Curved
298.29	Oscillatory movement	618	Vertical or inclined
298.31	Etching	619	With gel shaping or molding
298.32	Measuring, analyzing or		means (e.g., comb, ribbed
	testing		insert, gel injectors, etc.)
298.33	Specified gas feed or	620	With gel shaping or molding
	withdrawal		means (e.g., comb, ribbed
298 34	Auxiliary electrode bias		insert, gel injectors, etc.)
200.04	means or specified nower	621	With liquid heat exchange
	supply		means to cool gel slab during
298 35	Multi-chamber load/unload		electrophoresis
290.99	means or moving workpiece	622	Coating or forming means
200 26	Ream or directed flux stabing	623	With moving or movable
290.30	Beam or directed liux etching	020	electrode
000 07	(e.g., Ion beam, etc.)	624	And means for posttreatment
298.37	Magnetically enhanced	024	of coating (e.g. drying
298.38	Microwave excitation		heating curing etc.)
298.39	Plural parallel plates (e.g.,	625	Coating interior of object or
	desmearing reactor, etc.)	025	article (o g water main
298.41	.Vacuum arc discharge coating		alticle (e.g., water main,
600	.Electrophoretic or electro-	626	With moong for regeneration or
	osmotic apparatus	020	replanishment of costing both
601	Capillary electrophoresis type		or electrolyte
602	With control means responsive	627	Di electionyte
	to sensed condition	021	
			electrodialyzer, etc.)

204 - 10 CLASS 204 CHEMISTRY: ELECTRICAL AND WAVE ENERGY

628	With control means responsive to sensed condition	660	.Apparatus for electrical (including simultaneous
629	With moving or movable		electrical and magnetic)
	electrode		separation or purification of
630	Ion selective		liquid or magnetic treatment
631	With bipolar membrane		of liquid (other than
632	And ion exchange material		separation)
052	(e.g. suspended ion exchange	661	With control means responsive
	resin particles, etc.)		to sensed condition
633	Both anion and cation	662	Liquid level sensing means
000	selective membranes	663	With programmed, cyclic, or
634	Alternating anion and cation		time responsive control means
001	selective membranes	664	
635	Torthous nath-type frame or	665	With filter (e.g.,
055	mombrano spacor		electrostatic filter, etc.)
626	With forming or	666	Plural separate treatment
030		000	chambers or zones
	spacer (o g scroop	667	Probe type
	porforated plate fabric	668	With moving or movable
	ota)	000	electrode
637	And nonion gologtive membrane	669	Potating or rotatable
620	With foremineur or perforeted	670	Concentria electrodea
030	With forallinous of periorated	671	Culindrical or appular
	inemprane support of spacer	672	Cylindrical of annular
	(e.g., screen, periorated	672	Parallel place-type electrodes
620	With foremineus or perforeted	673	Vertical flat plates
039	With foraminous or perforated	674	Porous, perforated, or grid
	membrane support or spacer		electrode
	le a garoon nerfereted		
	(e.g., screen, perforated		
640	(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.)		
640	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter membrane etc.)</pre>		
640	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.)Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) </pre>	CROSS-R	EFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS
640 641	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., collulose acetate paper</pre>	CROSS-R	EFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS
640 641	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip_otc.) type</pre>	<u>CROSS-R</u> 900	EFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS EFFECTING A CHANGE IN
640 641	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Mouble strip</pre>	<u>CROSS-R</u> 900	EFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY
640 641 642	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Movable strip Dielectropheretia (i.e. uses</pre>	CROSS-R 900 901	EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY EFFECTING A COLOR CHANGE BY WAVE
640 641 642 643	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Movable strip Dielectrophoretic (i.e., uses provide the strip of the stri</pre>	CROSS-R 900 901	EFFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY EFFECTING A COLOR CHANGE BY WAVE ENERGY
640 641 642 643	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Movable strip Dielectrophoretic (i.e., uses nonuniform electric field) Techostrip (i.e.)</pre>	CROSS-F 900 901 902	EFFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY EFFECTING A COLOR CHANGE BY WAVE ENERGY PRODUCTION OF DESIRED COMPOUND BY
640 641 642 643 644	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Movable strip Dielectrophoretic (i.e., uses nonuniform electric field) Isoelectric focusing (i.e., were pure entry of the strip)</pre>	CROSS-F 900 901 902	EFFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY EFFECTING A COLOR CHANGE BY WAVE ENERGY PRODUCTION OF DESIRED COMPOUND BY WAVE ENERGY IN PRESENCE OF A
640 641 642 643 644	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Movable strip Dielectrophoretic (i.e., uses nonuniform electric field) Isoelectric focusing (i.e., uses pH variation) Testerburbaretic (i.e.</pre>	CROSS-F 900 901 902	EFFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY EFFECTING A COLOR CHANGE BY WAVE ENERGY PRODUCTION OF DESIRED COMPOUND BY WAVE ENERGY IN PRESENCE OF A CHEMICALLY DESIGNATED
640 641 642 643 644 645	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Movable strip Dielectrophoretic (i.e., uses nonuniform electric field) Isoelectric focusing (i.e., uses pH variation) Isotachophoretic (i.e.,</pre>	CROSS-F 900 901 902	REFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY EFFECTING A COLOR CHANGE BY WAVE ENERGY PRODUCTION OF DESIRED COMPOUND BY WAVE ENERGY IN PRESENCE OF A CHEMICALLY DESIGNATED NONREACTANT CHEMICAL TREATING
640 641 642 643 644 645	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Movable strip Dielectrophoretic (i.e., uses nonuniform electric field) Isoelectric focusing (i.e., uses pH variation) Isotachophoretic (i.e., displacement electrophoretic)</pre>	CROSS-F 900 901 902	REFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY EFFECTING A COLOR CHANGE BY WAVE ENERGY PRODUCTION OF DESIRED COMPOUND BY WAVE ENERGY IN PRESENCE OF A CHEMICALLY DESIGNATED NONREACTANT CHEMICAL TREATING AGENT (EXCLUDING WATER,
640 641 642 643 644 645	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Movable strip Dielectrophoretic (i.e., uses nonuniform electric field) Isoelectric focusing (i.e., uses pH variation) Isotachophoretic (i.e., displacement electrophoretic) or means to measure ion or partiale mehility</pre>	CROSS-R 900 901 902	EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY EFFECTING A COLOR CHANGE BY WAVE ENERGY PRODUCTION OF DESIRED COMPOUND BY WAVE ENERGY IN PRESENCE OF A CHEMICALLY DESIGNATED NONREACTANT CHEMICAL TREATING AGENT (EXCLUDING WATER, CHLOROFORM, CARBON
640 641 642 643 644 645	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Movable strip Dielectrophoretic (i.e., uses nonuniform electric field) Isoelectric focusing (i.e., uses pH variation) Isotachophoretic (i.e., displacement electrophoretic) or means to measure ion or particle mobility</pre>	CROSS-R 900 901 902	XEFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY EFFECTING A COLOR CHANGE BY WAVE ENERGY PRODUCTION OF DESIRED COMPOUND BY WAVE ENERGY IN PRESENCE OF A CHEMICALLY DESIGNATED NONREACTANT CHEMICAL TREATING AGENT (EXCLUDING WATER, CHLOROFORM, CARBON TETRACHLORIDE, METHYLENE
640 641 642 643 644 645	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Movable strip Dielectrophoretic (i.e., uses nonuniform electric field) .Isoelectric focusing (i.e., uses pH variation) .Isotachophoretic (i.e., displacement electrophoretic) or means to measure ion or particle mobility Particle bed separator (e.g., inext metricles ion comparents)</pre>	CROSS-R 900 901 902	EFFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY EFFECTING A COLOR CHANGE BY WAVE ENERGY PRODUCTION OF DESIRED COMPOUND BY WAVE ENERGY IN PRESENCE OF A CHEMICALLY DESIGNATED NONREACTANT CHEMICAL TREATING AGENT (EXCLUDING WATER, CHLOROFORM, CARBON TETRACHLORIDE, METHYLENE CHLORIDE OR BENZENE)
640 641 642 643 644 645	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Movable strip Dielectrophoretic (i.e., uses nonuniform electric field) Isoelectric focusing (i.e., uses pH variation) Isotachophoretic (i.e., displacement electrophoretic) or means to measure ion or particle mobility Particle bed separator (e.g., inert particles, ion exchange baseds attal</pre>	CROSS-F 900 901 902 903	 EFFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY EFFECTING A COLOR CHANGE BY WAVE ENERGY PRODUCTION OF DESIRED COMPOUND BY WAVE ENERGY IN PRESENCE OF A CHEMICALLY DESIGNATED NONREACTANT CHEMICAL TREATING AGENT (EXCLUDING WATER, CHLOROFORM, CARBON TETRACHLORIDE, METHYLENE CHLORIDE OR BENZENE) .Inorganic chemical treating
640 641 642 643 644 645 647	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Movable strip Dielectrophoretic (i.e., uses nonuniform electric field) Isoelectric focusing (i.e., uses pH variation) Isotachophoretic (i.e., displacement electrophoretic) or means to measure ion or particle mobility Particle bed separator (e.g., inert particles, ion exchange beads, etc.)</pre>	CROSS-F 900 901 902 903	 EFFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY EFFECTING A COLOR CHANGE BY WAVE ENERGY PRODUCTION OF DESIRED COMPOUND BY WAVE ENERGY IN PRESENCE OF A CHEMICALLY DESIGNATED NONREACTANT CHEMICAL TREATING AGENT (EXCLUDING WATER, CHLOROFORM, CARBON TETRACHLORIDE, METHYLENE CHLORIDE OR BENZENE) Inorganic chemical treating agent
640 641 642 643 644 645 647 648	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Movable strip Dielectrophoretic (i.e., uses nonuniform electric field) Isoelectric focusing (i.e., uses pH variation) Isotachophoretic (i.e., displacement electrophoretic) or means to measure ion or particle mobility Particle bed separator (e.g., inert particles, ion exchange beads, etc.) Bulk separator for solids and particle in the separator (e.g., inert particle in the separator is the separator in the sector Bulk separator for solids and</pre>	CROSS-R 900 901 902 903 904	<pre>EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY EFFECTING A COLOR CHANGE BY WAVE ENERGY PRODUCTION OF DESIRED COMPOUND BY WAVE ENERGY IN PRESENCE OF A CHEMICALLY DESIGNATED NONREACTANT CHEMICAL TREATING AGENT (EXCLUDING WATER, CHLOROFORM, CARBON TETRACHLORIDE, METHYLENE CHLORIDE OR BENZENE)</pre> .Inorganic chemical treating agent Metal treating agent
640 641 642 643 644 645 647 648	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Movable strip Dielectrophoretic (i.e., uses nonuniform electric field) Isoelectric focusing (i.e., uses pH variation) Isotachophoretic (i.e., displacement electrophoretic) or means to measure ion or particle mobility Particle bed separator (e.g., inert particles, ion exchange beads, etc.) Bulk separator for solids and liquids (e.g., to dewater colida clorify water etc.)</pre>	CROSS-F 900 901 902 903 904 905	<pre>EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY EFFECTING A COLOR CHANGE BY WAVE ENERGY PRODUCTION OF DESIRED COMPOUND BY WAVE ENERGY IN PRESENCE OF A CHEMICALLY DESIGNATED NONREACTANT CHEMICAL TREATING AGENT (EXCLUDING WATER, CHLOROFORM, CARBON TETRACHLORIDE, METHYLENE CHLORIDE OR BENZENE)</pre> .Inorganic chemical treating agent Metal treating agent Heavy metal agent
 640 641 642 643 644 645 647 648 649 	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Movable strip Dielectrophoretic (i.e., uses nonuniform electric field) Isoelectric focusing (i.e., uses pH variation) Isotachophoretic (i.e., displacement electrophoretic) or means to measure ion or particle mobility Particle bed separator (e.g., inert particles, ion exchange beads, etc.) Bulk separator for solids and liquids (e.g., to dewater solids, clarify water, etc.)</pre>	CROSS-F 900 901 902 903 904 905 907	<pre>REFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY EFFECTING A COLOR CHANGE BY WAVE ENERGY PRODUCTION OF DESIRED COMPOUND BY WAVE ENERGY IN PRESENCE OF A CHEMICALLY DESIGNATED NONREACTANT CHEMICAL TREATING AGENT (EXCLUDING WATER, CHLOROFORM, CARBON TETRACHLORIDE, METHYLENE CHLORIDE OR BENZENE) .Inorganic chemical treating agentMetal treating agentHeavy metal agent .Silicon or boron treating agent</pre>
640 641 642 643 644 645 647 648 649	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Movable strip Dielectrophoretic (i.e., uses nonuniform electric field) Isoelectric focusing (i.e., uses pH variation) Isotachophoretic (i.e., displacement electrophoretic) or means to measure ion or particle mobility Particle bed separator (e.g., inert particles, ion exchange beads, etc.) Bulk separator for solids and liquids (e.g., to dewater solids, clarify water, etc.) With moving or movable electroted</pre>	CROSS-F 900 901 902 903 904 905 907 908	REFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY EFFECTING A COLOR CHANGE BY WAVE ENERGY PRODUCTION OF DESIRED COMPOUND BY WAVE ENERGY IN PRESENCE OF A CHEMICALLY DESIGNATED NONREACTANT CHEMICAL TREATING AGENT (EXCLUDING WATER, CHLOROFORM, CARBON TETRACHLORIDE, METHYLENE CHLORIDE OR BENZENE) .Inorganic chemical treating agent Heavy metal agent .Silicon or boron treating agent .Phosphorus treating agent
640 641 642 643 644 645 647 648 649	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Movable strip Dielectrophoretic (i.e., uses nonuniform electric field) Isoelectric focusing (i.e., uses pH variation) Isotachophoretic (i.e., displacement electrophoretic) or means to measure ion or particle mobility Particle bed separator (e.g., inert particles, ion exchange beads, etc.) Bulk separator for solids and liquids (e.g., to dewater solids, clarify water, etc.) With moving or movable electrode</pre>	CROSS-R 900 901 902 903 904 905 907 908 909	<pre>REFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY EFFECTING A COLOR CHANGE BY WAVE ENERGY PRODUCTION OF DESIRED COMPOUND BY WAVE ENERGY IN PRESENCE OF A CHEMICALLY DESIGNATED NONREACTANT CHEMICAL TREATING AGENT (EXCLUDING WATER, CHLOROFORM, CARBON TETRACHLORIDE, METHYLENE CHLORIDE OR BENZENE) .Inorganic chemical treating agentHeavy metal agent .Phosphorus treating agent .Heavy metal treating agent</pre>
640 641 642 643 644 645 647 648 649 650	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Movable strip Dielectrophoretic (i.e., uses nonuniform electric field) Isoelectric focusing (i.e., uses pH variation) Isotachophoretic (i.e., displacement electrophoretic) or means to measure ion or particle mobility Particle bed separator (e.g., inert particles, ion exchange beads, etc.) Bulk separator for solids and liquids (e.g., to dewater solids, clarify water, etc.) With moving or movable electrode With moving or movable</pre>	CROSS-R 900 901 902 903 904 905 907 908 909 910	REFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY EFFECTING A COLOR CHANGE BY WAVE ENERGY PRODUCTION OF DESIRED COMPOUND BY WAVE ENERGY IN PRESENCE OF A CHEMICALLY DESIGNATED NONREACTANT CHEMICAL TREATING AGENT (EXCLUDING WATER, CHLOROFORM, CARBON TETRACHLORIDE, METHYLENE CHLORIDE OR BENZENE) .Inorganic chemical treating agent Heavy metal agent Heavy metal agent .Fhosphorus treating agent .Heavy metal treating agent .Heavy metal treating agent .Sulfur treating agent
640 641 642 643 644 645 647 648 649 650	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Movable strip Dielectrophoretic (i.e., uses nonuniform electric field) Isoelectric focusing (i.e., uses pH variation) Isotachophoretic (i.e., displacement electrophoretic) or means to measure ion or particle mobility Particle bed separator (e.g., inert particles, ion exchange beads, etc.) Bulk separator for solids and liquids (e.g., to dewater solids, clarify water, etc.) With moving or movable electrode With moving or movable electrode</pre>	CROSS-R 900 901 902 903 903 904 905 907 908 909 910 911	<pre>REFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY EFFECTING A COLOR CHANGE BY WAVE ENERGY PRODUCTION OF DESIRED COMPOUND BY WAVE ENERGY IN PRESENCE OF A CHEMICALLY DESIGNATED NONREACTANT CHEMICAL TREATING AGENT (EXCLUDING WATER, CHLOROFORM, CARBON TETRACHLORIDE, METHYLENE CHLORIDE OR BENZENE) .Inorganic chemical treating agentMetal treating agentHeavy metal agent .Phosphorus treating agent .Sulfur treating agent .Nitrogen treating agent .Nitrogen treating agent</pre>
640 641 642 643 644 645 647 648 649 650	<pre>(e.g., screen, perforated plate, fabric, etc.) Cylindrical barrier (e.g., filter, membrane, etc.) Absorbent strip (e.g., cellulose acetate, paper strip, etc.) type Movable strip Dielectrophoretic (i.e., uses nonuniform electric field) Isoelectric focusing (i.e., uses pH variation) Isotachophoretic (i.e., displacement electrophoretic) or means to measure ion or particle mobility Particle bed separator (e.g., inert particles, ion exchange beads, etc.) Bulk separator for solids and liquids (e.g., to dewater solids, clarify water, etc.) With moving or movable electrode With moving or movable electrode</pre>	CROSS-R 900 901 902 903 903 904 905 907 908 909 910 911 912	<pre>REFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS EFFECTING A CHANGE IN ISOMERIZATION BY WAVE ENERGY EFFECTING A COLOR CHANGE BY WAVE ENERGY PRODUCTION OF DESIRED COMPOUND BY WAVE ENERGY IN PRESENCE OF A CHEMICALLY DESIGNATED NONREACTANT CHEMICAL TREATING AGENT (EXCLUDING WATER, CHLOROFORM, CARBON TETRACHLORIDE, METHYLENE CHLORIDE OR BENZENE) .Inorganic chemical treating agentHeavy metal agentHeavy metal agentHeavy metal treating agentNitrogen treating agentNitrogen treating agent</pre>

914 atom in treating agent

FOREIGN ART COLLECTIONS

FOR 000 CLASS-RELATED FOREIGN DOCUMENTS

Any foreign patents or non-patent literature from subclasses that have been reclassified have been transferred directly to FOR Collections listed below. These Collections contain ONLY foreign patents or non-patent literature. The parenthetical references in the Collection titles refer to the abolished subclasses from which these Collections were derived.

FOR	920	ELECTROLYTIC OBJECT PROTECTION
		APPARATUS (204/196)
FOR	921	.Internal battery (204/197)
FOR	922	ELECTROLYTIC CELLS WITH CURRENT
		CONTROL MEANS (204/228)
FOR	923	.With fluid pressure, flow, or
		level intercontrol (204/229)
FOR	924	Gaseous fluid (204/230)
FOR	925	.Auxiliary electrode (204/231)
FOR	926	ELECTROLYTIC FUSED BATH CELLS
		(204/243 R)
FOR	927	.Bath current distribution,
		magnetic field control (204/ 243 M)
FOR	930	ELECTROLYTIC CELLS WITH FEEDING
		AND/OR WITHDRAWAL MEANS (204/
		275)
FOR	931	ELECTROLYTIC ELECTRODE ELEMENTS
		WITH SUPPORTING MEANS (204/
		286)
FOR	932	LAMINATED OR COATED ELECTROLYTIC
		ELECTRODE ELEMENTS (204/290 R)
FOR	933	.Dielectric film-forming metal
		base, insoluble conductive
	024	Coating (204/290 F)
FOR	934	ELECTROLYTIC ELECTRODE SUPPORTS
ΠOD	025	AND WORK HOLDERS (204/297 R)
FOR	933	.workpiece held by magnetism or
₽∩₽	036	Markei age rack (204/297 M)
POR	950	ADDADAMING (204/29/ W)
		Electrolytic (204/193)
		Apalycic and tocting (204/400)

.Only carbon, hydrogen or halogen FOR 937 ...Biological, e.g., microbe, enzyme, antigen, etc. (204/ 403)

DIGESTS

- DIG 3 AUXILIARY INTERNALLY GENERATED ELECTRICAL ENERGY
- DIG 4 ELECTROLYSIS CELL COMBINED WITH FUEL CELL
- DIG 5 MAGNETIC PLUS ELECTROLYTIC
- DIG 6 UNUSUAL NON-204 USES OF ELECTROLYSIS
- DIG 7 CURRENT DISTRIBUTION WITHIN THE BATH
- DIG 8 AC PLUS DC
- DIG 9 WAVE FORMS
- DIG 12 ELECTROCHEMICAL MACHINING
- DIG 13 PURIFICATION AND TREATMENT OF ELECTROPLATING BATHS AND PLATING WASTES

204 - 12 CLASS 204 CHEMISTRY: ELECTRICAL AND WAVE ENERGY