NOTE

Guide to the use of this subsection (classes F01-F04).

The following notes are meant to assist in the use of this part of the classification scheme.

1. In this subsection, subclasses or groups designating "engines" or "pumps" cover methods of operating the same, unless otherwise specifically provided for.

2. In this subsection, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated:

   - "engine" means a device for continuously converting fluid energy into mechanical power. Thus, this term includes, for example, steam piston engines or steam turbines, or internal-combustion piston engines, but it excludes single-stroke devices. "Engine" also includes the fluid-motive portion of a meter unless such portion is particularly adapted for use in a meter;
   - "pump" means a device for continuously raising, forcing, compressing, or exhausting fluid by mechanical or other means.
   - Thus, this term includes fans or blowers;
   - "machine" means a device which could equally be an engine and a pump, and not a device which is restricted to an engine or one which is restricted to a pump;
   - "positive displacement" means the way the energy of a working fluid is transformed into mechanical energy, in which variations of volume created by the working fluid in a working chamber produce equivalent displacements of the mechanical member transmitting the energy, the dynamic effect of the fluid being of minor importance, and vice versa;
   - "non-positive displacement" means the way the energy of a working fluid is transformed into mechanical energy, by transformation of the energy of the working fluid into kinetic energy, and vice versa;
   - "oscillating-piston machine" means a positive-displacement machine in which a fluid-engaging work-transmitting member oscillates. This definition applies also to engines and pumps;
   - "rotary-piston machine" means a positive-displacement machine in which a fluid-engaging work-transmitting member rotates about a fixed axis or about an axis moving along a circular or similar orbit. This definition applies also to engines and pumps;
   - "rotary piston" means the work-transmitting member of a rotary-piston machine and may be of any suitable form, e.g., like a toothed gear;
   - "cooperating members" means the "oscillating piston" or "rotary piston" and another member, e.g., the working-chamber wall, which assists in the driving or pumping action;
   - "movement of the co-operating members" is to be interpreted as relative, so that one of the "co-operating members" may be stationary, even though reference may be made to its rotational axis, or both may move;
   - "teeth or tooth equivalents" include lobes, projections or abutments;
   - "internal-axis type" means that the rotational axes of the inner and outer co-operating members remain at all times within the outer member, e.g., in a similar manner to that of a pinion meshing with the internal teeth of a ring gear;
   - "free piston" means a piston of which the length of stroke is not defined by any member driven thereby;
   - cylinders" means positive-displacement working chambers in general. Thus, this term is not restricted to cylinders of circular cross-section;
   - main shaft" means the shaft which converts reciprocating piston motion into rotary motion or vice versa;
   - "plant" means an engine together with such additional apparatus as is necessary to run the engine. For example, a steam engine plant includes a steam engine and means for generating the steam;
   - "working fluid" means the driven fluid in a pump or the driving fluid in an engine. The working fluid can be in a compressible, gaseous state, called elastic fluid, e.g. steam; in a liquid state; or in a state where there is coexistence of an elastic fluid and liquid phase.
   - "steam" includes condensable vapours in general, and "special vapour" is used when steam is excluded;
   - "reaction type" as applied to non-positive-displacement machines or engines means machines or engines in which pressure/velocity transformation takes place wholly or partly in the rotor. Machines or engines with no, or only slight, pressure/velocity transformation in the rotor are called "impulse type".

3. In this subsection:

   - cyclically operating valves, lubricating, gas-flow silencers or exhaust apparatus, or cooling are classified in subclasses F01L, F01M, F01N, F01P irrespective of their stated application, unless their classifying features are peculiar to their application, in which case they are classified only in the relevant subclass of classes F01- F04;
   - lubricating, gas-flow silencers or exhaust apparatus, or cooling of machines or engines are classified in subclasses F01M, F01N, F01P except for those peculiar to steam engines which are classified in subclass F01B.

4. For use of this subsection with a good understanding, it is essential to remember, so far as subclasses F01B, F01C, F01D, F03B, and F04B, F04C, F04D, which form its skeleton, are concerned:

   - the principle which resides in their elaboration
• the classifying characteristics which they call for, and
• their complementarity

i. Principle
This concerns essentially the subclasses listed above. Other subclasses, notably those of class F02, which cover better-defined matter, are not considered here.

Each subclass covers fundamentally a genus of apparatus (engine or pump) and by extension covers equally "machines" of the same kind. Two different subjects, one having a more general character than the other, are thus covered by the same subclass.

Subclasses F01B, F03B, F04B, beyond the two subjects which they cover, have further a character of generality in relation to other subclasses concerning the different species of apparatus in the genus concerned.

This generality applies as well for the two subjects dealt with, without these always being in relation to the same subclasses.

Thus, subclass F03B, in its part dealing with "machines", should be considered as being the general class relating to subclasses F04B, F04C, and in its part dealing with "engines" as being general in relation to subclass F03C.

ii. Characteristics
a. The principal classifying characteristic of the subclass is that of genera of apparatus, of which there are three possible:
   Machines; engines; pumps.

b. As stated above, "machines" are always associated with one of the other two genera. These main genera are subdivided according to the general principles of operation of the apparatus:
   Positive displacement; non-positive displacement.

c. The positive displacement apparatus are further subdivided according to the ways of putting into effect the principle of operation, that is, to the kind of apparatus:
   Simple reciprocating piston; rotary or oscillating piston; other kind.

d. Another classifying characteristic is that of the working fluid, in respect of which three kinds of apparatus are possible, namely:
   Liquid and elastic fluid; elastic fluid; liquid.

iii. Complementarity
This resides in association of pairs of the subclasses listed above, according to the characteristics under consideration in respect of kind of apparatus or working fluid.

The subclasses concerned with the various principles, characteristics and complementarity are shown in the following table:

| Kind of displacement | positive | non-positive | Working fluid | Relations of gene-
|----------------------|----------|--------------|---------------|------------------------
| place-ment           | rotary   | tive         | liquid        | respect of kind        |
| reciprocating piston | elastic  | elastic fluid| liquid        | of displacement        |
| piston               | other    | fluid        | liquid        | placement             |

MACHINES

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ENGINES

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PUMPS
It is seen from the table that:
- For the same kind of apparatus in a given genus, the characteristic of "working fluid" associates:
  - F01B and F04B
  - F01C and F04C
  - F01D and F03B
  - F01B and F03C
  - F01C and F03C
  - F01D and F03B

- For the same kind of working fluid, the "apparatus" characteristic relates subclasses in the same way as considerations of relative generality.

**ENGINES OR PUMPS**

**F01** MACHINES OR ENGINES IN GENERAL; ENGINE PLANTS IN GENERAL; STEAM ENGINES

**F01B** MACHINES OR ENGINES, IN GENERAL OR OF POSITIVE-DISPLACEMENT TYPE, e.g. STEAM ENGINES (of rotary-piston or oscillating-piston type F01C; of non-positive-displacement type F01D; internal-combustion aspects of reciprocating-piston engines F02B 57/00, F02B 59/00; crankshafts, crossheads, connecting-rods F16C; flywheels F16F; gearings for interconverting rotary motion and reciprocating motion in general F16H; pistons, piston rods, cylinders, for engines in general F16J)

**NOTES**
1. This subclass covers, with the exception of the matter provided for in subclasses F01C - F01P:
   - engines for elastic fluids, e.g. steam engines;
   - engines for liquids and elastic fluids;
   - machines for elastic fluids;
   - machines for liquids and elastic fluids.
2. Attention is drawn to the note preceding class F01, especially as regards the definitions of "steam" and "special vapour".

**WARNING**
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

**F01C** ROTARY-PISTON OR OSCILLATING-PISTON MACHINES OR ENGINES (internal-combustion aspects F02B 53/00, F02B 55/00)

**NOTES**
1. This subclass covers:
   - rotary-piston or oscillating-piston engines for elastic fluids, e.g. steam;
   - rotary-piston or oscillating-piston engines for liquids and elastic fluids;
   - rotary-piston or oscillating-piston machines for elastic fluids;
   - rotary-piston or oscillating-piston machines for liquids and elastic fluids.
2. In this subclass, the following expression is used with the meaning indicated:
   - "rotary-piston machine" includes the German expressions "Drehkolbenmaschinen", "Kreiskolbenmaschinen" and "Umlaufkolbenmaschinen".
3. Attention is drawn to the Notes preceding class F01, especially as regards the definitions of "rotary-piston machine", "oscillating-piston machine", "rotary piston", "co-operating members", "movement of co-operating members", "teeth or tooth-equivalents" and "internal-axis".

**WARNING**
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.
F01D  NON-POSITIVE DISPLACEMENT MACHINES OR ENGINES, e.g. STEAM TURBINES (machines or engines for liquids F03; non-positive displacement pumps F04D)

NOTES
1. This subclass covers:
   • non-positive-displacement engines for elastic fluids, e.g. steam turbines;
   • non-positive-displacement engines for liquids and elastic fluids;
   • non-positive-displacement machines for elastic fluids;
   • non-positive-displacement machines for liquids and elastic fluids.
2. Attention is drawn to the Notes preceding class F01, especially as regards the definitions of "reaction type", e.g. with airfoil-like blades, and "impulse type", e.g. bucket turbines.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F01K  STEAM ENGINE PLANTS; STEAM ACCUMULATORS; ENGINE PLANTS NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR; ENGINES USING SPECIAL WORKING FLUIDS OR CYCLES (gas-turbine or jet-propulsion plants F02; nuclear power plants, engine arrangements therein G21D)

NOTE
Attention is drawn to the notes preceding class F01, especially as regards the definitions of "steam" and "special vapour".

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F01L  CYCLICALLY OPERATING VALVES FOR MACHINES OR ENGINES (valves in general F16K)

NOTES
1. Groups F01L 1/00 - F01L 13/00 cover only valve-gear or valve arrangements without provision for variable fluid distribution.
2. Valve gear or valve arrangements specially adapted for steam engines are covered by groups F01L 15/00 - F01L 35/00.
3. Valve-gear arrangements specially adapted for machines or engines with variable working-fluid distribution are covered by groups F01L 15/00 - F01L 35/00.
4. Attention is drawn to the notes preceding class F01, especially Note (3).
5. As regards the above-mentioned Note (3), attention is drawn to F01B 3/10, F01B 15/06, F01C 21/18, F02B 53/06, F03C 1/08, F04B 1/18, F04B 7/00, F04B 39/08, F04B 39/10, and F04C 15/06, F04C 29/12.

WARNINGS
1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:
   F01L 31/20 covered by F01L 31/08 - F01L 31/18
   F01L 31/22 covered by F01L 31/08 - F01L 31/18
   F01L 31/24 covered by F01L 31/08 - F01L 31/18
2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F01M  LUBRICATING OF MACHINES OR ENGINES IN GENERAL; LUBRICATING INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES; CRANKCASE VENTILATING

NOTE
Attention is drawn to the notes preceding class F01, specially as regards Note (3).

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.
**F01N**  GAS-FLOW SILENCERS OR EXHAUST APPARATUS FOR MACHINES OR ENGINES IN GENERAL; GAS-FLOW SILENCERS OR EXHAUST APPARATUS FOR INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES  
({evacuation of fumes from the area where they are produced B08B 15/00; arrangement of exhaust or silencing apparatus on percussive tools B25D 17/12}; arrangements in connection with gas exhaust of propulsion units in vehicles B60K 13/00; on ships or other waterborne vessels B63H 21/32; on aircraft B64D 33/04; arrangement of exhaust or silencing apparatus on firearms F41A 21/30; ground installations for reducing aircraft engine or jet noise B64F 1/26; silencers specially adapted for steam engines F01B 31/16; air-intake silencers for gas turbine or jet propulsion plants F02C 7/045; jet pipe or nozzles for jet propulsion plants F02K; combustion-air intake silencers specially adapted for, or arranged on, internal-combustion engines F02M 35/00; combating noise or silencing in positive displacement machines or pumps F04B 39/0027; in rotary-piston machines or pumps F04C 29/06, in non-positive displacement pumps F04D 29/66; means in valves for absorbing noise F16K 47/02; noise absorbers in pipe system F16L 55/02; conducting smoke or fumes from various locations to the outside F23J 11/00; means for preventing or suppressing noise in air-conditioning or ventilation systems F24F 13/24; protecting against, or damping, noise in general G10K 11/16)

**NOTE**  
Attention is drawn to the notes preceding Class F01, especially as regards Note 2(b).

**WARNING**  
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

**F01P**  COOLING OF MACHINES OR ENGINES IN GENERAL; COOLING OF INTERNAL-COMBUSTION ENGINES  
(arrangements in connection with cooling of propulsion units in vehicles B60K 11/00; heat-transfer, heat-exchange or heat-storage materials C09K 5/00; {cooling of gas-turbine engines F02C 7/12}; heat exchange in general, radiators F28)

**NOTES**

1. In this subclass, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated:
   - "air" also includes other gaseous cooling fluids;
   - "liquid cooling" also includes cooling where liquid is used as the heat transferring fluid between parts to be cooled and the air, e.g. using radiators;
   - "air cooling" means direct air cooling and thus excludes indirect air cooling occurring in liquid cooling systems as explained herefore;
   - "cooling-air" includes directly or indirectly acting cooling-air.

2. Attention is drawn to the notes preceding class F01, especially as regards Note 3.

3. Cooling by lubricant is classified in subclass F01M when the lubrication aspect predominates and in subclass F01P when the cooling aspect predominates.

**WARNING**  
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

**F02**  COMBUSTION ENGINES; HOT-GAS OR COMBUSTION-PRODUCT ENGINE PLANTS
F02B  INTERNAL-COMBUSTION PISTON ENGINES; COMBUSTION ENGINES IN GENERAL (cyclically operating valves therefor F01L; lubricating internal-combustion engines F01M; gas-flow silencers or exhaust apparatus therefor F01N; cooling of internal-combustion engines F01P; internal-combustion turbines F02C; plants in which engines use combustion products F02C, F02G)

NOTES
1. In this subclass, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated:
   • “positive ignition” means ignition by a source external to the working fluid, e.g. by spark or incandescent source;
   • “charging” means forcing air or fuel-air mixture into engine cylinders and thus embraces super-charging;
   • “scavenging” means forcing the combustion residues from the cylinders other than by movement of the working pistons and thus embraces tuned exhaust systems.
2. Attention is drawn to the Notes preceding class F01, specially as regards Note (1).
3. Engines with specified cycles or number of cylinders are classified in group F02B 75/02 or F02B 75/16, unless other classifying features predominate.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F02C  GAS-TURBINE PLANTS; AIR INTAKES FOR JET-PROPULSION PLANTS; CONTROLLING FUEL SUPPLY IN AIR-BREATHING JET-PROPULSION PLANTS (construction of turbines F01D; jet-propulsion plants F02K; construction of compressors or fans F04; gas-turbine combustion chambers F23R; using gas turbines in compression refrigeration plants F25B 11/00; using gas-turbine plants in vehicles, see the relevant vehicle classes)

NOTES
1. This subclass covers:
   • combustion product or hot gas turbine plants;
   • internal combustion turbines or turbine plants;
   • turbine plants in which the working fluid is an unheated, pressurised gas.
2. This subclass does not cover:
   • steam turbine plants, which are covered by subclass F01K;
   • special vapour plants, which are covered by subclass F01K;
   • combined cycle plants, which are covered by subclass F01K 23/00
3. In this subclass, the following expression is used with the meaning indicated:
   • “gas-turbine plants” covers all the subject matter of Note (1) above and covers also features of jet-propulsion plants common to gas-turbine plants.
4. Attention is drawn to the Notes preceding class F01.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F02D  CONTROLLING COMBUSTION ENGINES (cyclically operating valves for combustion engines F01L; controlling combustion engine lubrication F01M; cooling internal-combustion engines F01P; supplying combustion engines with combustible mixtures or constituents thereof, e.g. carburettors, injection pumps F02M; starting of combustion engines F02N; controlling of ignition F02P; controlling gas-turbine plants, jet-propulsion plants, or combustion-product engine plants, see the relevant subclasses for these plants)

NOTES
1. Attention is drawn to the notes preceding class F01.
2. In this subclass, the following words are used with the meanings indicated:
   • “Fuel injection” means the introduction of a combustible substance into a space, e.g. cylinder, by means of a pressure source, e.g. a pump, continuously or cyclically acting behind the substance;
   • “Supercharging” means supplying to the working space, e.g. cylinder, combustion-air pressurised by means of a pressure source, e.g. a pump.
WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F02F CYLINDERS, PISTONS OR CASINGS, FOR COMBUSTION ENGINES; ARRANGEMENTS OF SEALINGS IN COMBUSTION ENGINES (specially adapted for rotary-piston or oscillating-piston internal-combustion engines F02B; specially adapted for gas-turbine plants F02C; specially adapted for jet-propulsion plants F02K)

NOTES
1. Attention is drawn to the notes preceding class F01.
2. In considering the relationship between class F16 and subclass F02F, class F16 will take precedence unless the subject-matter is specific to combustion engines.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F02G HOT GAS OR COMBUSTION-PRODUCT POSITIVE-DISPLACEMENT ENGINE PLANTS (steam engine plants, special vapour plants, plants operating on either hot gas or combustion-product gases together with other fluid F01K; gas-turbine plants F02C; jet-propulsion plants F02K); USE OF WASTE HEAT OF COMBUSTION ENGINES; NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR

NOTE
Attention is drawn to the notes preceding class F01.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F02K JET-PROPULSION PLANTS (arrangement or mounting of jet-propulsion plants in land vehicles or vehicles in general B60K; arrangement or mounting of jet-propulsion plants in waterborne vessels B63H; controlling aircraft attitude, flight direction or altitude by jet reaction B64C; arrangement or mounting of jet-propulsion plants in aircraft B64D; plants characterised by the power of the working fluid being divided between jet-propulsion and another form of propulsion, e.g. propeller, F02B, F02C; features of jet-propulsion plants common to gas-turbine plants, air intakes or fuel supply control of air-breathing jet-propulsion plants F02C)

NOTES
1. In this subclass, the following expression is used with the meaning indicated:
   • "jet-propulsion plants" means plants using combustion to produce a fluid stream from which a propulsive thrust on the plant is obtained on the reaction principle.
2. Attention is drawn to the notes preceding class F01.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F02M SUPPLYING COMBUSTION ENGINES IN GENERAL WITH COMBUSTIBLE MIXTURES OR CONSTITUENTS THEREOF

NOTES
1. Attention is drawn to the notes preceding class F01.
2. In this subclass the following terms are used with the meanings indicated:
   • "Carburettors" means essentially apparatus for mixing fuel with air, the fuel being brought into mixing contact with the air by lowering the air pressure, e.g. in a venturi;
   • "Fuel injection apparatus" means apparatus for introducing fuel into a space, e.g. engine cylinder, by pressurising the fuel, e.g. by a pump acting behind the fuel, and thus embraces the so-called "solid fuel injection" in which liquid fuel is introduced without any admixture of gas;
• “Low-pressure fuel injection” means fuel injection in which the fuel-air mixture containing fuel thus injected will be substantially compressed in the compression stroke of the engine;
• “Pumping element” means a single piston-cylinder unit in a reciprocating-piston fuel-injection pump or the equivalent unit in any other type of fuel-injection pump.

WARNING

{ In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme. }

F02N

STARTING OF COMBUSTION ENGINES (starting of free-piston combustion engines F02B 71/02; starting of gas-turbine plants F02C 7/26); STARTING AIDS FOR SUCH ENGINES, NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR

NOTES

1. Attention is drawn to the notes preceding class F01.
2. The starting of engines which are not explicitly stated to be combustion engines will be classified in this subclass insofar as their starting is equivalent to that of combustion engines.

WARNING

{ In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme. }

F02P

IGNITION, OTHER THAN COMPRESSION IGNITION, FOR INTERNAL-COMBUSTION ENGINES; TESTING OF IGNITION TIMING IN COMPRESSION-IGNITION ENGINES ( { anti-pollution means for internal-combustion engines F02B 17/00 ); specially adapted for rotary-piston or oscillating-piston engines F02B 53/12; { ignition of gas turbine plants F02C 7/26; ignition of jet propulsion plants F02K 9/95; starting of combustion engines F02N 9/00 ); ignition of combustion apparatus in general, glowing plugs F23Q; measuring of physical variables in general G01; controlling in general G05; data processing in general G06; electrical components in general see Section H; { ignition coils H01F 38/12); sparking plugs H01T 13/00

WARNING

{ In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme. }

F03

MACHINES OR ENGINES FOR LIQUIDS; WIND, SPRING, OR WEIGHT MOTORS; PRODUCING MECHANICAL POWER OR A REACTIVE PROPULSIVE THRUST, NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR

F03B

MACHINES OR ENGINES FOR LIQUIDS (positive-displacement engines for liquid F03C; machines for liquids and gases F01; positive-displacement machines for liquids F04, rotary fluid gearing of the hydrokinetic type F16H 41/00)

NOTES

1. Attention is drawn to the notes preceding Class F01, especially as regards the definition of "reaction type".
2. This subclass comprises:
   • engines, other than of positive-displacement type, driven by liquids;
   • machines, other than of positive-displacement type, for liquids.

WARNING

{ In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme. }
F03C  **POSITIVE-DISPLACEMENT ENGINES DRIVEN BY LIQUIDS**  (positive- displacement engines for liquids and elastic fluids **F01**; positive- displacement machines for liquids **F04**; fluid-pressure actuators **F15B**; fluid gearing **F16H**)

**NOTE**

Attention is drawn to the notes preceding class **F01**, especially as regards the meanings of "positive displacement", "rotary-piston machines", "oscillating-piston machines", "rotary-piston", "co-operating members", "movement of co-operating members", "teeth or tooth-equivalents", and "internal axis".

**WARNINGS**

1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:

   - F03C 1/253 covered by F03C 1/06
   - F03C 1/28 covered by F03C 1/0406, F03C 1/0605
   - F03C 1/30 covered by F03C 1/0409, F03C 1/0631, F03C 1/0668
   - F03C 1/32 covered by F03C 1/0415, F03C 1/0626, F03C 1/0652
   - F03C 1/34 covered by F03C 1/0435, F03C 1/0615, F03C 1/0655
   - F03C 1/36 covered by F03C 1/0435, F03C 1/0615, F03C 1/0655
   - F03C 1/38 covered by F03C 1/0435, F03C 1/0615, F03C 1/0655
   - F03C 1/40 covered by F03C 1/0447, F03C 1/0678

2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F03D  **WIND MOTORS**

**NOTES**

1. This subclass covers wind motors, i.e. mechanisms for converting the energy of wind into useful mechanical power, and the transmission of such power to its point of use.

2. This subclass does not cover electrical power generation or distribution aspects of wind-power plants, which are covered by section **H**, e.g. **H02J** or **H02P**.

3. In this subclass, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated:
   - "rotor" means the wind-engaging parts of the wind motor and the rotary member carrying them;
   - "rotation axis" means the axis of rotation of the rotor.

F03G  **SPRING, WEIGHT, INERTIA OR LIKE MOTORS; MECHANICAL-POWER PRODUCING DEVICES OR MECHANISMS, NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR OR USING ENERGY SOURCES NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR**  (arrangements in connection with power supply in vehicles from force of nature **B60K 16/00**; electric propulsion with power supply in vehicles from force of nature **B60L 8/00**)

**NOTE**

In this subclass, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:

- "motors" means mechanisms for producing mechanical power from potential energy of solid bodies.

**WARNINGS**

1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:

   - F03G 4/00 covered by F03G 7/04
   - F03G 4/02 covered by F03G 7/04
   - F03G 4/04 covered by F03G 7/04
   - F03G 4/06 covered by F03G 7/04

2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F03H  **PRODUCING A REACTIVE PROPULSIVE THRUST, NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR**  (from combustion products **F02K**)

**WARNING**

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.
F04  POSITIVE - DISPLACEMENT MACHINES FOR LIQUIDS; PUMPS FOR LIQUIDS OR ELASTIC FLUIDS

NOTE
Combinations of positive-displacement and non-positive displacement pumps are classified in subclass F04B as a general subclass for pumps and in subclasses F04C, F04D in respect of matter specific to these subclasses.

F04B  POSITIVE DISPLACEMENT MACHINES FOR LIQUIDS; PUMPS (machines for liquids, or pumps, of rotary piston or oscillating piston type F04C; non-positive displacement pumps F04D; pumping of fluid by direct contact of another fluid or by using inertia of fluid to be pumped F04F; crankshafts, crossheads, connecting-rods F16C; flywheels F16E; gearings for interconverting rotary motion and reciprocating motion in general F16H; pistons, piston-rods, cylinders, in general F16J)

NOTES
1. In this subclass, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:
   - “piston” also covers a plunger.
2. Attention is drawn to the notes preceding class F01, especially as regards the definitions of "machines", "pumps", and "positive-displacement".

WARNINGS
1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:
   - F04B 35/02 covered by F04B 9/08
2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F04C  ROTARY-PISTON, OR OSCILLATING-PISTON, POSITIVE-DISPLACEMENT MACHINES FOR LIQUIDS (engines F03C); ROTARY-PISTON, OR OSCILLATING-PISTON, POSITIVE-DISPLACEMENT PUMPS

NOTE
Attention is drawn to the notes preceding class F01, especially as regards the definitions of "machines", "pumps", "positive displacement", "rotary-piston machines", "oscillating-piston machines", "rotary piston", "co-operating members", "movement of co-operating members", "teeth or tooth-equivalents" and "internal axis".

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F04D  NON-POSITIVE-DISPLACEMENT PUMPS (engine fuel-injection pumps F02M; ion pumps H01J 41/12; electrodynamic pumps H02K 44/02)

NOTES
1. This subclass covers non-positive-displacement pumps for liquids, for elastic fluids, or for liquids and elastic fluids whether rotary or not having pure rotation.
2. This subclass does not cover combinations of non-positive-displacement pumps with other pumps, which are covered by subclass F04B, except that the use of such other pumps for priming or boosting non-positive-displacement is covered by this subclass.
3. Attention is drawn to the Notes preceding class F01, especially as regards the definition of "pump".

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.
F04F  PUMPING OF FLUID BY DIRECT CONTACT OF ANOTHER FLUID OR BY USING INERTIA OF FLUID TO BE PUMPED  
\{(evacuating by sorption F04B)\}; SIPHONS  
\{(conveying materials in bulk by flows of gas, liquid of foam B65G 53/00)\}

NOTES
1. Attention is drawn to the notes preceding class F01.
2. Combinations of pumps belonging to this subclass with other pumps are only classified in this subclass if such other pumps are fore pumps of diffusion pumps.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F05  INDEXING SCHEMES RELATING TO ENGINES OR PUMPS IN VARIOUS SUBCLASSES OF CLASSES F01-F04

F05B  INDEXING SCHEME RELATING TO MACHINES OR ENGINES OTHER THAN NON-POSITIVE-DISPLACEMENT MACHINES OR ENGINES, TO WIND MOTORS, TO NON-POSITIVE DISPLACEMENT PUMPS, AND TO GENERATING COMBUSTION PRODUCTS OF HIGH PRESSURE OR HIGH VELOCITY

NOTE
This subclass constitutes an internal scheme for indexing only.

F05C  INDEXING SCHEME RELATING TO MATERIALS, MATERIAL PROPERTIES OR MATERIAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR MACHINES, ENGINES OR PUMPS OTHER THAN NON-POSITIVE-DISPLACEMENT MACHINES OR ENGINES

NOTE
This subclass constitutes an internal scheme for indexing only.

F05D  INDEXING SCHEME FOR ASPECTS RELATING TO NON-POSITIVE-DISPLACEMENT MACHINES OR ENGINES, GAS-TURBINES OR JET-PROPULSION PLANTS

ENGINEERING IN GENERAL

F15  FLUID-PRESSURE ACTUATORS; HYDRAULICS OR PNEUMATICS IN GENERAL

F15B  SYSTEMS ACTING BY MEANS OF FLUIDS IN GENERAL; FLUID-PRESSURE ACTUATORS, e.g. SERVOMOTORS; DETAILS OF FLUID-PRESSURE SYSTEMS, NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR

NOTE
In this subclass, the following terms are used with the meaning stated:
- “Telemotor” means a system or device in which a substantially constant amount of fluid is trapped between an input member and an output member to act as a fluid link;
- “Servomotor” means a fluid-pressure actuator, e.g. a piston and cylinder, directly controlled by a valve or other device which is responsive to operation of an initial controlling member; “Servomotor” does not cover a telemotor. The initial controlling member may be adjacent to the servomotor or at a distance, and may be, for example a hand lever.
**F15C** FLUID-CIRCUIT ELEMENTS PREDOMINANTLY USED FOR COMPUTING OR CONTROL PURPOSES (transducers F15B 5/00, {F15B 21/00}; fluid dynamics in general F15D; computer comprising fluid elements G06D, G06G; {electric control by means of electro-hydraulic or electro-pneumatic amplifiers G05B 7/02})

**WARNING**

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

**F15D** FLUID DYNAMICS, i.e. METHODS OR MEANS FOR INFLUENCING THE FLOW OF GASES OR LIQUIDS (nozzles, spray heads B05B; devices to decrease friction or resistance or to increase speed of ships B63B; ship rudders B63H 25/38; influencing the flow or the viscosity of fluids with chemical additives C09K 3/00, C10M; hydraulic engineering E02B; fluid circuit elements F15C; {one-way check valves F16K 15/00})

**NOTE**

This subclass comprises boundary-layer control and other arrangements and methods, not provided for in other classes, for influencing the flow of fluids relative to constraining surfaces and after leaving these surfaces, e.g. producing or removing turbulence, deflecting jets, guiding flow through bends in conduits, affecting distribution of fluid in a conduit, reducing fluid friction.

**WARNING**

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

**F16** ENGINEERING ELEMENTS AND UNITS; GENERAL MEASURES FOR PRODUCING AND MAINTAINING EFFECTIVE FUNCTIONING OF MACHINES OR INSTALLATIONS; THERMAL INSULATION IN GENERAL

**F16B** DEVICES FOR FASTENING OR SECURING CONSTRUCTIONAL ELEMENTS OR MACHINE PARTS TOGETHER, e.g. NAILS, BOLTS, CIRCLIPS, CLAMPS, CLIPS, WEDGES, JOINTS OR JOINTING (couplings for transmitting rotation F16D)

**NOTES**

1. Attention is drawn to:
   a. the Note following group E04B 1/38;
   b. the following places:
      
      A44B  Buckles, slide fasteners
      A47G 3/00  Ornamental heads for nails, screws, or the like
      B42F 3/00  Means, not using staples, for attaching sheets temporarily together
      {C14B 17/08}  {Fastening devices, e.g. clips for leather-stretching used in apparatus or machines for manufacturing or treating skins, hides, leathers or furs}
      E01B 9/10  Screws or bolts for railway sleepers
      E01B 11/00  Rail joints
      E04  Connections for building
      E04D 13/08  Clamping means for down pipes for roof drainage
      E04G 5/04  Fastening scaffolds against buildings
      E04G 7/00  Scaffolding couplings
      E05C  Bolts for fasteners for wings, specially for doors or windows
      F16C 29/10  Locking bearings for parts moving only linearly
      F16G 17/00  Hooks as integral parts of chains
      F16L  Pipe joints
      F16L 3/00  Supports for pipes, cables or protective tubing, e.g. hangers, holders, clamps, cleats, clips, brackets
      F16L 33/02  Clips for connecting hoses to rigid members
      H01F 7/00  Magnetic holding devices
      H02N 13/00  Electrostatic holding devices.

2. Groups F16B 2/00 - F16B 47/00 take precedence over group F16B 1/00.

3. {In this main group, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of F16B 2200/00}
WARNING

1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following
   CPC groups:
   - F16B 7/08 covered by F16B 5/12, F16B 7/04, F16L 3/00
   - F16B 7/12 covered by F16B 7/105
   - F16B 7/16 covered by F16B 7/14, F16B 2007/16
   - F16B 13/10 covered by F16B 13/08, F16B 2013/10
   - F16B 13/13 covered by F16B 13/002, F16B 13/12
   - F16B 21/14 covered by F16B 21/12, F16B 2014/14
   - F16B 25/02 covered by F16B 25/103
   - F16B 25/04 covered by F16B 25/00, F16B 25/106
   - F16B 25/06 covered by F16B 25/00, F16B 25/106
   - F16B 25/08 covered by F16B 25/00, F16B 25/106
   - F16B 33/04 covered by F16B 33/02, F16B 2033/04
   - F16B 37/10 covered by F16B 37/0842, F16B 37/0871

2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the
   scheme.

F16C SHAFTS; FLEXIBLE SHAFTS; ELEMENTS OR CRANKSHAFT MECHANISMS;
   ROTARY BODIES OTHER THAN GEARING ELEMENTS; BEARINGS

NOTES

1. In this subclass the following expression is used with the meaning indicated:
   - “rotary bodies other than gearing elements” covers any element which rotates so far as its features are affected only by the
     fact that it rotates.

2. Attention is drawn to the following places:
   - A01B 7/04 Bearings for agricultural machines
   - B21B 31/07 Adaptation of roll bearings for metal-rolling mills
   - B61C 17/10 Connecting-rods, bearings for driving wheels of railway locomotives
   - B61F 15/00 Axle-boxes for railway vehicles
   - B62K 21/06 Bearings for steering heads
   - E06B 9/174, E06B 9/50 Bearings specially adapted for roller shutters or for roller blinds
   - F01C 21/02 Arrangement of bearings in rotary-piston machines or engines
   - F01D 25/16 Arrangement of bearings in non-positive displacement machines or engines
   - F02C 7/06 Arrangement of bearings in gas-turbine plants
   - G01C 19/16 Bearings for gyroscopes
   - G01D 11/02 Bearings or suspensions for moving parts of measuring instruments
   - G01G 21/02 Arrangements of bearings in weighing apparatus
   - G01R 1/10 Arrangements of bearings in instruments for measuring electric variables
   - G01R 11/12 Arrangements of bearings for apparatus for measuring time integral of electric power or current
   - G02C 5/22 Hinges for spectacles
   - G04B 31/00 Bearings for clockwork
   - H02N 15/00 Magnetic levitation devices.

WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the
scheme.

F16D COUPLINGS FOR TRANSMITTING ROTATION; CLUTCHES; BRAKES

NOTE

Attention is drawn to the following places:
   - A001D 69/08, A01D 69/10 Clutches or brakes of harvesting machines for grass or cereals;
   - A61C 1/18 Clutches in dental machines for boring or cutting;
   - B21B 35/14 Drive couplings for metal-rolling mills;
   - B30B 15/10 Brakes specially adapted for presses;
   - B30B 15/12 Clutches specially adapted for presses;
   - B41J 33/52 Braking devices for ribbon-feed devices in selective printing mechanisms;
   - B60K 17/00 Arrangement or location of clutches in vehicles;
   - B61H Brakes peculiar to rail vehicles;
   - B62B 9/04 Braking mechanisms for children’s carriages or perambulators;
   - B62C 7/00 Braking mechanisms for animal-drawn vehicles;
F16D (continued)  

**B62L**  Cycle brakes;  

**B66D 5/00**  Braking devices for lifting or hoisting gear;  

**E21B 17/02**  Couplings for drilling rods;  

**H02P 3/04**  Brakes for electric motors, generators, dynamo-electric converters;  

**H04L 13/04**  Clutches for apparatus for transmission of coded digital information.

**WARNINGS**

1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:  
   - F16D 3/19 covered by F16D 3/50;  
   - F16D 3/27 covered by F16D 3/265;  
   - F16D 27/07 covered by F16D 27/06, F16D 27/14;  
   - F16D 48/12 covered by B60K 23/0808.

2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

**F16F SPRINGS; SHOCK-ABSORBERS; MEANS FOR DAMPING VIBRATION**

**NOTES**

1. This subclass covers:  
   - springs, shock-absorbers or vibration-dampers;  
   - their arrangement in, or adaptation for, particular apparatus if not provided for in the subclasses covering said apparatus.

2. This subclass does not cover inventions concerning the arrangement or adaptation of springs, shock-absorbers or vibration-dampers in, or for, particular apparatus, if provided for in the subclasses concerning the said apparatus, e.g.  
   - Spring mattresses [A47C 23/00]  
   - Vibration dampers in skis [A63C 5/075]  
   - Mounting of bumpers on vehicles [B60R 19/24]  
   - Rail vehicle suspensions [B61F]  
   - Buffers for railway or tramway vehicles [B61G 11/00]  
   - Vehicle chassis frames having impact absorbing means [B62D 21/15]  
   - Resiliently mounted saddles on cycles [B62J 1/02]  
   - Steering dampers [B62K 21/08]  
   - Anti-vibration mounting of marine propulsion plant in ships [B63H 21/30]  
   - Arrangement of shock-absorbers or springs in aeroplane alighting gear [B64C 25/58]  
   - Containers, packing elements or packages with shock-absorbing means [B65D 81/02]  
   - Resilient mountings in washing machines [D06F 37/20]  
   - Resilient mountings in domestic spin-dryers [D06F 49/06]  
   - [E04B 1/98] (Protection of buildings against vibrations or shocks)  
   - Braking devices structurally combined with hinges [E05D 7/086]  
   - Spring motors [F16L 3/07]  
   - Resilient mounting of lighting devices [F23V 15/04]  
   - Gun cradles to permit recoil [F41A 25/00]  
   - Vibration dampers for archery bows [F41B 5/1426]  
   - Indicating or recording in connection with measuring [G01D 11/00]  
   - Weighing apparatus, e.g. arrangement of shock-absorbers in weighing apparatus [G01G 21/10]  
   - Clocks, watches [G04B]  
   - Damping of movements in instruments [G12B 3/08]  
   - Disposition of shock-absorbing devices for displaceable control elements in nuclear reactors [G21C 7/20]  
   - [H02G 7/14] (Arrangements or devices for damping mechanical oscillations of power lines)

3. Mention of “steel” or “metal” in groups F16F, unless specific mention is made otherwise, should be seen in the light of the title of group F16F 1/00, i.e. material having low internal friction. This normally includes composite materials such as fibre-reinforced plastics.

4. Mention of “rubber” or “plastics” in group F16F, unless specific mention is made otherwise, should be seen in the light of the title of group F16F 1/36, i.e. material having high internal friction. This normally does not include composite materials such as fibre-reinforced plastics except in the case of groups F16F 1/366, F16F 1/3686 and F16F 15/305.

**WARNINGS**

1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:  
   - F16F 3/07 covered by F16F 13/00  
   - F16F 9/24 covered by F16F 9/22  
   - F16F 9/40 covered by F16F 9/00 - F16F 9/50  
   - F16F 9/508 covered by F16F 9/512

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2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F16G  BELTS, CABLES, OR ROPES, PREDOMINANTLY USED FOR DRIVING PURPOSES; CHAINS; FITTINGS PREDOMINANTLY USED THEREFOR

NOTE

Attention is drawn to the following places:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B63B</td>
<td>Fastening equipment for chains, ropes or the like for ships</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B63B</td>
<td>Adaptations of chains, ropes or the like for ships</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B65G</td>
<td>Endless conveyor belts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B65G</td>
<td>Traction chains for conveyors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F16H</td>
<td>Gearings using flexible members</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F16H</td>
<td>Chains specially adapted for gearings with variable ratio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H05F</td>
<td>Preventing or carrying-off electrostatic charges</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F16H  GEARING

NOTES

1. Combinations including mechanical gearings are classified in groups F16H 37/00 or F16H 47/00, unless they are provided for in groups F16H 1/00 - F16H 35/00.

2. In this subclass, sets of rigidly-connected members are regarded as single members.

3. In this subclass, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated:
   - "toothed gearing" includes worm gearing and other gearing involving at least one wheel or sector provided with teeth or the equivalent, EXCEPT gearing with chains or toothed belts, which is treated as friction gearing;
   - "conveying motion" includes transmitting energy, and means that the applied and resultant motions are of the same kind, though they may differ in, e.g. speed, direction extent;
   - "rotary" implies that the motion may continue indefinitely;
   - "oscillating" means moving about an axis to an extent which is limited by the construction of the gearing, and which may exceed one revolution, the movement being alternately forwards and backwards during continued operation of the gearing;
   - "reciprocating" means moving substantially in a straight line, the movement being alternately forwards and backwards during continued operation of the gearing;
   - "reversing" or "reversal" means that an applied movement in one direction may produce a resultant movement in either of two opposed directions at will;
   - "central gears" includes any gears whose axis is the main axis of the gearing.

4. Attention is drawn to the following places:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A01D</td>
<td>Gearings in harvesting machines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A63H</td>
<td>Gearing for toys</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B21J</td>
<td>Toothed-wheel gearing for metal-rolling mills</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B6K</td>
<td>Arrangement of transmissions in vehicles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B61C</td>
<td>Transmissions for railway locomotives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B62D</td>
<td>Vehicle steering gears</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B62M</td>
<td>Transmissions for cycles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B63H</td>
<td>Transmissions for marine propulsions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B64C</td>
<td>Marine steering gears</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F01I</td>
<td>Machines, engines, pumps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F15B</td>
<td>Gearings associated with fluid-actuated devices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G01D</td>
<td>Gearings used in indicating or recording apparatus in connection with measuring devices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H03L</td>
<td>Driving arrangements for tuning resonant circuits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H04L</td>
<td>Driving mechanisms for apparatus for transmission of coded digital information</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.
**F16J** **PISTONS** (specially adapted for dampers F16F 9/32)); **CYLINDERS; SEALINGS**

**NOTE**

Attention is drawn to the following places:

- A47J 27/08 Pressure cookers
- E04B 1/68 Sealing building joints
- E05C 9/00 Multi-point fastening of wings in general
- F01B Machines or engines in general or of reciprocating type, e.g. cylinders peculiar to steam engines
- F01B 31/28
- F02F 1/00 Cylinders for combustion engines
- F02F 3/00 Pistons for combustion engines
- F04D 29/08 Sealings of non-positive displacement pumps
- F17B 1/04 Sealing devices for sliding parts of gas holders of variable capacity
- F28F 9/04 Arrangements for sealing elements into header boxes or end plates of heat-exchangers.

**WARNINGS**

1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:
   - F16J 15/53 covered by F16J 15/43
2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

**F16K** **VALVES; TAPS; COCKS; ACTUATING-FLOATS; DEVICES FOR VENTING OR AERATING** (devices for emptying and evacuating the excess liquid in valves or conduits F16L 55/07)

**NOTE**

Attention is drawn to the following places:

- A47J 27/09 Safety devices for pressure cookers
- A47J 31/46 Dispensing spouts, drain valves or like beverage-making apparatus
- A61B 5/0235 Valves specially adapted for measuring pressure in heart or blood vessels
- A61F 2/24 Heart valves
- A61M 16/20 Valves specially adapted for medical respiratory devices
- A61M 39/00 Tube connectors, tube couplings, valves or branch units specially adapted for medical use in general
- A62B 9/02 Valves for respiratory apparatus
- A62B 18/10 Valves for breathing masks or helmets
- A62C Fire extinguishers
- B01D 35/04 Plug, tap, or cock filters
- B05B Nozzles, spray heads or other discharge apparatus for spraying or atomising
- B60C 29/00 Arrangements of tyre-inflating valves relative to tyres or wheel rims; Connection of valves to wheel rims, tyres or other inflatable elastic bodies
- B60G 17/048 Valves specially adapted for adjusting vehicle fluid-spring characteristics
- B60T Valves specially adapted for vehicle brake control systems
- B62D 5/08 Vehicle power-assisted steering characterised by the type of valve used
- B63B 7/00, B63C 9/00 Arrangement of inflating valves for floatable life-saving equipment
- B65D 47/04 Container closures with discharging valves
- B65D 90/32 Safety valves for large containers
- B65D 90/54 Gates or closures on large containers
- B67C 3/28 Flow control devices for bottling liquids
- B67D Dispensing, delivering or transferring liquids
- C21B 9/12 [Hot-blast valves for blast furnaces]
- E02B 8/00 Details, e.g. valves, of barrages or weirs
- E02B 13/02 Closures for irrigation conduits
- E03C 1/04 [Water-basin installations specially adapted for wash-basins or baths]
- E03C 1/05 [Arrangements on wash-basins for the remote control of taps]
- E03D Flushing valves for water-closets or urinals
- E03F 7/04 [Valves for preventing return flow in sewer systems]
- E05F 3/12 Valve arrangements in door closers
- F21B 21/10 Valve arrangements in drilling-fluid circulation systems
- F21B 34/00 Valve arrangements for boreholes or wells
- E21D 15/51 [Arrangement of relief valves in hydraulic mine props]
- F01B 25/10 Working-fluid valves for controlling machines or engines in general or of positive-displacement type
ENGINEERING IN GENERAL

F16K  (continued)

F01D 17/10  Final actuators for controlling non-positive displacement machines or engines
F01L  Cyclically operated valves for machines or engines
F02D 9/08  Throttle valves for controlling combustion engines
F02K 9/58  Propellant feed valves for rocket-engines
F02M  Carburetors, fuel injection
F02M 59/46  Valves for fuel injection pumps
F04  Pumps
F16F 9/34  Valves for shock absorbers
F16L 29/00, F16L 37/28  Pipe joints or quick-acting couplings with fluid cut-off means
F16L 55/00  Valves specially adapted to prevent or minimise the effect of water hammer
F16L 55/46  Launching devices for pigs or moles
F16N 23/00  Check valves for lubrication systems
[F16T]  (Draining-off liquids from steam traps)
F17C 13/04  Arrangement of valves in pressure vessels
F22B 37/44  Arrangement of safety valves on steam boilers
F22D 5/34  Application of valves to automatic water-feed in boiler
F23L 13/00  Valves for air supply control to burners
{F23Q 2/16}  (Valves for lighters with gaseous fuel and adjustable flame)
F24C 3/12, F24C 5/16  Arrangement of valves on stoves or ranges
F24F  Air conditioning; Ventilation
F25B 41/04  Disposition of fluid circulation valves in refrigeration machines
G05D  Controlling non-electric variables
G10B 3/06  Valves for organs
G10D 9/04  Valves for other wind-actuated musical instruments
{G21C 9/06}  (Safety valves structurally associated with nuclear reactors)
{H01M 2/12}  (Vent plugs in batteries or cells)

WARNINGS

1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:

F16K 31/11  covered by  F16K 31/06, F16K 31/08, F16K 31/10
F16K 31/64  covered by  F16K 31/002, G05D 23/00
F16K 31/66  covered by  F16K 31/06, G05D 23/00
F16K 31/68  covered by  F16K 31/001, G05D 23/00
F16K 31/70  covered by  F16K 31/002, G05D 23/08
F16K 31/72  covered by  F16K 31/00

2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F16L  PIPES; JOINTS OR FITTINGS FOR PIPES; SUPPORTS FOR PIPES, CABLES OR PROTECTIVE TUBING; MEANS FOR THERMAL INSULATION IN GENERAL

NOTES

1. In this subclass, the following terms are used with the meanings indicated:
   • “pipe” means a conduit of closed cross-section, which is specially adapted to convey fluids, materials or objects;
   • “hose” means a pipe, as defined above, which has flexibility as an essential characteristic.

2. Attention is drawn to the following places:

A61M 39/00  Tube connectors, tube couplings or branch units, specially adapted for medical use
B05B 1/20  Perforated pipes
{B66T 17/04}  (Arrangement of piping or air hoses in brake systems)
B66T 35/03  Pipe-laying vessels
B64D 39/04  Adaptation of hose constructions for refuelling aircraft during flight
{B65G 51/00}  (Conveying articles through pipes or tubes by fluid flow or pressure)
{B65G 53/00}  (Conveying materials in bulk through pipes or tubes)
B67D 7/38  Arrangements of hoses in apparatus for transferring liquids, e.g. fuel, from bulk to vehicles or portable containers
E01D 19/10  Fastening of pipes or cables to bridges
E03B  Water supply installations
E03D 11/17  Means for connecting water-closet bowls to the flushing pipe
E03D 11/18  Siphons for water-closets
E03F 3/04  Pipes or fittings specially adapted to sewers
E04D 13/08  Down pipes for roof drainage; Clamping means therefor
E04F 17/00  Vertical ducts, channels in buildings, e.g. chimneys
E21F 1/04  Air ducts for ventilation of mines or tunnels; Connections therefor
E21F 17/02  Suspension devices for tubes or the like in mines or tunnels
**F16L**

(continued)

**F01N** Gas flow silencers or exhaust apparatus for machines or engines

**[F16B 7/00]** [Connections of rods or tubes]

**F16N 21/00** Conduits, junctions for lubrication systems

**F17C 3/02** Thermal insulation of vessels not under pressure for storing liquefied or solidified gases, e.g. Dewar flask

**[F17D]** [Pipe-line systems, pipe-lines]

**F22B 37/10** Water tubes of steam boilers

**F23J 13/04** Joints, connections for chimneys or flues

**F23H 9/12** Connecting circulation pipes to heaters

**F26F 9/04** Arrangements for sealing elements into header boxes or end plates of heat-exchangers

**C21C 15/22** Structural association of coolant tubes with headers or other pipes in nuclear reactors

**H02G 3/04** Protective tubing or conduits for electric cables

**H02G 3/26** Installations of electric cables or lines, or protective tubing on or in walls, ceilings or floors.

**WARNINGS**

1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:

   - F16L 19/03 covered by F16L 19/0212
   - F16L 59/05 covered by F16L 59/021
   - F16L 101/14 covered by F16L 2101/10

2. [In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.]

**F16M**

FRAMES, CASINGS, OR BEDS OF ENGINES OR OTHER MACHINES OR APPARATUS NOT SPECIFIC TO AN ENGINE, MACHINE, OR APPARATUS PROVIDED FOR ELSEWHERE; STANDS OR SUPPORTS

**NOTE**

Attention is drawn to the following places:

- **B21B 31/02** Metal-rolling stand frames
- **G01D 11/30** Supports specially adapted for indicating or recording instruments.

**WARNING**

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

**F16N**

LUBRICATING

**NOTE**

Attention is drawn to the following places:

- **A01D 69/12** Lubrication of harvesters;
- **B21J 34/00** Lubricating during forging or pressing;
- **B25D 17/26** Lubricating of portable power-driven percussive tools;
- **B60R 17/00** Arrangements or adaptations of lubricating; systems or devices in vehicles;
- **B61C 17/08** Lubrication systems for railway locomotives;
- **B62D 55/092** Vehicle endless-track units with lubrication means;
- **D04B 35/28** Devices for lubricating knitting machine parts;
- **E05B 17/08** Lubricating devices for locks;
- **E05D 11/02** Lubricating arrangements for hinges;
- **E21B 10/22** Lubricating details of roller drill bits for earth; drilling.

**WARNING**

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

**F16P**

SAFETY DEVICES IN GENERAL; {SAFETY DEVICES FOR PRESSES}

**NOTE**

Attention is drawn to the following places:

- **A01D 75/18** Harvesting machines
- **A01F 21/00** Threshing machines or baling presses
- **B02C 23/04** Crushing or disintegrating machines
- **B21B 33/00** Rolling of metal
- **B21D 55/00** Working sheet metal or tubes, rods or profiles without essentially removing material
- **B23B 25/04** Turning-machines

**CPC - 2019.08**
F16P (continued)   
B23Q 11/00  Machine tools  
B24B 55/00  Grinding or polishing machines  
B25J 19/06  Manipulators  
B26D 7/22  Cutting machines  
B27G 19/00  Wood saws  
B65B 57/00  Packaging machines or apparatus  
B65G 43/00  Conveyors  
B65H 26/00  Web-advancing mechanisms  
B65H 63/00  Handling or winding of thin or filamentary material  
D01G 31/00  Treatment of fibres  
D01H 13/14  Spinning or twisting  
D05B 83/00  Sewing machines  
F21V 25/00  Lighting devices.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F16S CONSTRUCTIONAL ELEMENTS IN GENERAL; STRUCTURES BUILT-UP FROM SUCH ELEMENTS, IN GENERAL

NOTE
This subclass does not cover similar elements and structures, restricted to use in the building art, which are covered by subclass E04C.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F16T STEAM TRAPS OR LIKE APPARATUS FOR DRAINING-OFF LIQUIDS FROM ENCLOSURES PREDOMINANTLY CONTAINING GASES OR VAPOURS

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F17 STORING OR DISTRIBUTING GASES OR LIQUIDS

F17B GAS-HOLDERS OF VARIABLE CAPACITY (self-acting gas cut-off devices A47J 27/62, G05D; flame traps A62C 4/00; gas mixers B01F, F16K 11/00, G05D 11/00; construction or assembling of bulk storage containers employing civil-engineering techniques E04H 7/00, gas compressors F04; valves F16K; damping pulsations in valves or pipes F16K, F16L; pipes F16L; stopping devices for gas mains F16L 55/10; vessels adapted for storing compressed, liquefied, or solidified gases F17C; gas distribution systems F17D 1/04; detecting leakage F17D 5/02, G01M; supervising or alarm devices F17D 5/02, G08B; control of combustion in burners F23N; gas flow or pressure regulators G05D)

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.
ENGINEERING IN GENERAL

F17C  VEESPELS FOR CONTAINING OR STORING COMPRESSED, LIQUEIFIED OR SOLIDIFIED GASES; FIXED-CAPACITY GAS-HOLDERS; FILLING VESSELS WITH, OR DISCHARGING FROM VESSELS, COMPRESSED, LIQUEIFIED, OR SOLIDIFIED GASES (storing fluids in natural or artificial cavities or chambers in the earth B65G 5/00: construction or assembling of bulk storage containers employing civil-engineering techniques E04H 7/00: variable-capacity gas-holders F17B; liquefaction or refrigeration machines, plants, or systems F25)

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F17D  PIPE-LINE SYSTEMS; PIPE-LINES (pumps or compressors F04; fluid dynamics F15D; valves or the like F16K; pipes, laying pipes, supports, joints, branches, repairing, work on the entire line, accessories F16L; steam traps or the like F16T; fluid-pressure electric cables H01B 9/06)

NOTE
In this subclass, pipe-line systems are interpreted as systems described in flow sheets as well as arrangements of co-operating elements, the elements per se being covered in the relevant subclasses.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

LIGHTING; HEATING

F21  LIGHTING

NOTE
In this class, the following terms are used with the meanings indicated:
• "Portable" means "intended to be carried personally"
• "Non-portable" means "not intended to be carried personally, even if capable of being moved from place to place"

F21H  INCANDESCENT MANTLES; OTHER INCANDESCENT BODIES HEATED BY COMBUSTION

F21K  NON-ELECTRIC LIGHT SOURCES USING LUMINESCENCE; LIGHT SOURCES USING ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE; LIGHT SOURCES USING CHARGES OF COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL; LIGHT SOURCES USING SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES AS LIGHT-GENERATING ELEMENTS; LIGHT SOURCES NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR

NOTE
In this subclass, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of subclasses F21W and F21Y.

WARNING
The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IPC Group</th>
<th>Coverage</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F21K 5/04</td>
<td>covered by G03B 15/0457;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F21K 5/06</td>
<td>covered by G03B 15/0442;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F21K 5/08</td>
<td>covered by F21K 5/02, G03B 15/0442;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F21K 5/10</td>
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<td>covered by F21K 5/02;</td>
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<tr>
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<td>covered by F21K 5/026, G03B 15/0489;</td>
</tr>
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<td>F21K 5/16</td>
<td>covered by G03B 15/0452;</td>
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<tr>
<td>F21K 5/18</td>
<td>covered by G03B 15/0452;</td>
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<tr>
<td>F21K 5/20</td>
<td>covered by G03B 15/0447;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F21K 5/22</td>
<td>covered by G03B 15/0442;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
F21L  LIGHTING DEVICES OR SYSTEMS THEREOF, BEING PORTABLE OR SPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR TRANSPORTATION

NOTES
1. This subclass covers devices or systems designed or specially adapted to be carried, e.g. by hand, or otherwise transported from place to place, e.g. on wheeled supports, in order to provide illumination as and where required.
2. This subclass does not cover devices or systems intended for fixed installation, e.g. vehicle lighting, or for use essentially at a permanent location, which are covered by subclass F21S.
3. Non-electric lighting devices are classified in groups F21L 17/00-F21L 26/00 only if a special adaptation related to the use of a non-electric light source is of interest.

F21S  NON-PORTABLE LIGHTING DEVICES; SYSTEMS THEREOF; VEHICLE LIGHTING DEVICES SPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR VEHICLE EXTERIORS

NOTES
1. This subclass covers:
   • devices or systems intended for fixed installation or for use at a permanent location, e.g. free-standing floor- or table-lamps.
   • aspects related to the optical, mechanical, thermal or electrical arrangement of elements in vehicle illuminating devices specially adapted for vehicle exterior, e.g. headlamps.
   • aspects related to the optical, mechanical, thermal or electrical arrangement of elements in vehicle light signalling devices specially adapted for vehicle exterior, e.g. brake lamps or direction indicator lights.
2. This subclass does not cover:
   • devices or systems specially adapted for transportation, which are covered by subclass F21L.
   • aspects related to the vehicles in which lighting devices are arranged, e.g. the arrangement or operation of lighting devices on vehicles, which are covered by B60Q.
   • control of vehicle lighting devices in relation to the vehicle as a whole, e.g. for levelling, swivelling or aiming. Such arrangements are covered by group B60Q 1/06, even if the movement of the lighting device occurs inside the lamp housing.
3. Non-electric lighting devices or systems are classified in groups F21S 11/00 - F21S 15/00 only if a special adaptation related to the use of a non-electric light source is of interest.
4. In this subclass, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of subclasses F21W and F21Y.

F21V  FUNCTIONAL FEATURES OR DETAILS OF LIGHTING DEVICES OR SYSTEMS THEREOF; STRUCTURAL COMBINATIONS OF LIGHTING DEVICES WITH OTHER ARTICLES, NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR

NOTES
1. Groups F21V 1/00-F21V 14/00 cover aspects related to light emission or distribution. Groups F21V 15/00-F21V 31/00 cover aspects not related to light emission or distribution.
2. Details of non-electric lighting devices or systems are classified in groups F21V 35/00-F21V 37/00 only if a special adaptation related to the use of a non-electric light source is of interest.
3. In this subclass, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of subclasses F21W and F21Y.

WARNING
The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:
F21V 8/00 covered by G02B 6/00

F21W  INDEXING SCHEME ASSOCIATED WITH SUBCLASSES F21K, F21L, F21S and F21V, RELATING TO USES OR APPLICATIONS OF LIGHTING DEVICES OR SYSTEMS

NOTE
This subclass constitutes an indexing scheme associated with subclasses F21K, F21L, F21S and F21V, relating to uses or applications of lighting devices or systems.

NOTE
This subclass constitutes an indexing scheme associated with subclasses F21K, F21L, F21S and F21V, relating to the form or the kind of the light sources, or of the colour of the light emitted.

STEAM GENERATION

NOTE
In this class the following term is used with the meaning indicated:
• “steam” covers also other condensable vapours, e.g. mercury, diphenyl, diphenyl oxide.

METHODS OF STEAM GENERATION; STEAM BOILERS (steam engine plants where engine aspects predominate F01K; domestic central-heating systems using steam F24D; heat exchange or heat transfer in general F28; generation of vapour in the cores of nuclear reactors G21)

NOTE
This subclass covers only methods of, or apparatus for, the generation of steam under pressure for heating or power purposes.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

PREHEATING, OR ACCUMULATING PREHEATED, FEED-WATER FOR STEAM GENERATION; FEED-WATER SUPPLY FOR STEAM GENERATION; CONTROLLING WATER LEVEL FOR STEAM GENERATION; AUXILIARY DEVICES FOR PROMOTING WATER CIRCULATION WITHIN STEAM BOILERS

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

SUPERHEATING OF STEAM (steam separating arrangements in boilers F22B 37/26)

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

COMBUSTION APPARATUS; COMBUSTION PROCESSES

NOTE
In this class, the following terms are used with the meanings indicated:
• “combustion” means a heat-producing sequence of chemical reactions between a burnable substance and molecular oxygen, e.g. in air, in most cases generating light in the form of flames or a glow;
• “combustion chamber” means a chamber in which fuel is burned to establish a self-supporting fire or flame and which surrounds that fire or flame;
• “burner” means a device by which fluent fuel is passed to a combustion space where it burns to produce a self-supporting flame;
• “air” means a mixture of gases containing free oxygen and able to promote or support combustion.
F23B METHODS OR APPARATUS FOR COMBUSTION USING ONLY SOLID FUEL (for combustion of fuels that are solid at room temperatures, but burned in melted form, e.g. candle wax, C11C 5/00, F23C, F23D; using solid fuel suspended in air F23C, F23D 1/00; using solid fuel suspended in liquids F23C, F23D 11/00; using solid fuel and fluent fuel simultaneously or alternately F23C, F23D 17/00; burning of low grade fuel F23G; grates F23H; feeding solid fuel to combustion apparatus F23K; combustion chambers, not otherwise provided for F23M; domestic apparatus F24; central heating boilers F24D; package boilers F24H)

NOTES
1. This subclass only covers combustion wherein the main body of fuel is either essentially stationary during combustion or mechanically transported, as opposed to pneumatically transported or suspended in air, during combustion.
2. In this subclass, the first place priority rule is applied, i.e. at each hierarchical level, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the first appropriate place.
3. In this subclass, methods are classified in the groups that cover the apparatus used. Methods that are not related to a particular type of apparatus are classified in group F23B 90/00.
4. In this subclass, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups F23B 2101/00 - F23B 2900/00.

F23C METHODS OR APPARATUS FOR COMBUSTION USING FLUID FUEL OR SOLID FUEL SUSPENDED IN { A CARRIER GAS OR } AIR (burners F23D)

NOTE
In this subclass, methods are classified in the groups that cover the apparatus used.

WARNINGS
1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:
   F23C 101/00 covered by F23C 2206/101
2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F23D BURNERS (generating combustion products of high pressure or high velocity F23R)

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F23G CREMATION FURNACES; CONSUMING WASTE PRODUCTS BY COMBUSTION

NOTE
This subclass covers also the burning of low-grade fuel of solid, liquid, or gaseous nature.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F23H GRATES (inlets for fluidisation air for fluidised bed combustion apparatus F23C 10/20); CLEANING OR RAKING GRATES

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F23J REMOVAL OR TREATMENT OF COMBUSTION PRODUCTS OR COMBUSTION RESIDUES {(from fluidised-bed combustion apparatus F23C 10/24)}; FLUES (precipitating dust from flue gases B01D; composition of fuel C10; combustion apparatus for consuming smoke or fumes, e.g. exhaust gases, F23G 7/06)

NOTE
This subclass covers the cleaning of external surfaces of water tubes of boilers
WARNING In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F23K FEEDING FUEL TO COMBUSTION APPARATUS (fuel feeders specially adapted for fluidised-bed combustion apparatus F23C 10/22; regulating or controlling combustion F23N)

WARNING In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F23L SUPPLYING AIR OR NON-COMBUSTIBLE LIQUIDS OR GASES TO COMBUSTION APPARATUS IN GENERAL (air-supply arrangements for fluent fuels F23C; firebridges with means for feeding air or steam F23M 3/04; baffles or shields with air supply passages F23M 9/04; VALVES OR DAMPERS SPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR CONTROLLING AIR SUPPLY OR DRAUGHT IN COMBUSTION APPARATUS (dampers and throat restrictors for open fire-places F24; air inlet valves for open fire fronts F24); INDUCING DRAUGHT IN COMBUSTION APPARATUS; TOPS FOR CHIMNEYS OR VENTILATING SHAFTS; TERMINALS FOR FLUES)

WARNING In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F23M CASINGS, LININGS, WALLS OR DOORS SPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR COMBUSTION CHAMBERS, e.g. FIREBRIDGES; DEVICES FOR DEFLECTING AIR, FLAMES OR COMBUSTION PRODUCTS IN COMBUSTION CHAMBERS; SAFETY ARRANGEMENTS SPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR COMBUSTION APPARATUS; DETAILS OF COMBUSTION CHAMBERS, NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR

WARNING In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F23N REGULATING OR CONTROLLING COMBUSTION (control devices specially adapted for fluidised-bed combustion apparatus F23C 10/28; condition responsive controls for regulating combustion in domestic stoves with open fires for solid fuel F24B 1/187)

WARNING In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F23Q IGNITION (devices or installations peculiar to internal-combustion engines F02P; of cigarettes or tobacco A24F; compositions therefor, chemical igniters C06C); EXTINGUISHING-DEVICES

WARNING In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F23R GENERATING COMBUSTION PRODUCTS OF HIGH PRESSURE OR HIGH VELOCITY, e.g. GAS-TURBINE COMBUSTION CHAMBERS (fluidised bed combustion apparatus specially adapted for operation at superatmospheric pressures F23C 10/16)

WARNING In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.
F24  HEATING; RANGES; VENTILATING

NOTE
In this class, the following terms are used with the meanings indicated:
• "stove" includes apparatus which may have an open fire, e.g. fireplace;
• "range" means an apparatus for cooking having elements that perform different cooking operations or cooking and heating operations.

F24B  DOMESTIC STOVES OR RANGES FOR SOLID FUELS

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F24C  OTHER DOMESTIC STOVES OR RANGES; DETAILS OF DOMESTIC STOVES OR RANGES, OF GENERAL APPLICATION (radiator stoves of the fluid-circulating type F24H)

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F24D  DOMESTIC- OR SPACE-HEATING SYSTEMS, e.g. CENTRAL HEATING SYSTEMS; DOMESTIC HOT-WATER SUPPLY SYSTEMS; ELEMENTS OR COMPONENTS THEREFOR (preventing corrosion C23F; water supply in general E03; using steam or condensate extracted or exhausted from steam engine plants for heating purposes F01K 17/02; steam traps F16T; domestic stoves or ranges F24B, F24C; water or air heaters having heat generating means F24H; combined heating and refrigeration systems F25B; heat exchange apparatus or elements F28; removing furring F28G)

NOTE
In this subclass, the following expression is used with the meaning indicated:
• "Central heating system" means a system in which heat is generated or stored at central sources and is distributed by means of a transfer fluid to the spaces or areas to be heated.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F24F  AIR-CONDITIONING; AIR-HUMIDIFICATION; VENTILATION; USE OF AIR CURRENTS FOR SCREENING (removing dirt or fumes from areas where they are produced B08B 15/00; vertical ducts for carrying away waste gases from buildings E04F 17/02; tops for chimneys or ventilating shafts, terminals for flues F23L 17/02)

NOTES
1. In this subclass:
   • air-humidification as auxiliary treatment in air-conditioning, i.e. in units wherein the air is also either cooled or heated, is covered by groups F24F 1/00 or F24F 3/14;
   • air-humidification per se, e.g. "room humidifiers", is covered by group F24F 6/00.
2. In this subclass, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated:
   • "air-conditioning" means the supply of air to or the treatment of air in rooms or spaces by means of cooling or a combination of cooling and a further kind of air treatment, e.g. humidification, heating or air purification;
   • "ventilation" means the supply of air to, or its extraction from, rooms or spaces, and systems for circulating air within rooms or spaces, but does not cover the mere treatment of air being supplied to, extracted from, or circulated within, rooms or spaces.
3. In this subclass, control or safety arrangements are classified in F24F 11/00. In order to indicate the type of air-treatment system in which these arrangements are used, further classification may be made in main groups F24F 1/00 - F24F 9/00.
F24F (continued) **WARNING**

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

**F24H** **FLUID HEATERS, e.g. WATER OR AIR HEATERS, HAVING HEAT GENERATING MEANS, IN GENERAL** (heat-transfer, heat-exchange or heat-storage materials C09K 5/00; tube furnaces for thermal non-catalytic cracking C10G 9/20; devices, e.g. valves, for venting and aerating enclosures F16K 24/00; steam traps or like apparatus F16T; steam generation F22; combustion apparatus F23; domestic stoves or ranges F24B, F24C; domestic- or space-heating systems F24D; furnaces, kilns, ovens, retorts F27; heat-exchangers F28; electric heating elements or arrangements H05B)

**NOTES**

1. The distinguishing feature of the air heaters covered by this subclass is that the heat is predominantly released to the air by convection, mostly by forced circulation of the air. The domestic stoves or ranges covered by subclasses F24B, F24C may also be fired or electric air heaters but they release their heat to a considerable extent by radiation and only to some extent by natural convection.

2. In this subclass the following terms are used with the meanings indicated:
   - “Water” includes other liquids;
   - “air” includes other gases or gas mixtures;
   - “water” and “air” always mean, respectively, the liquid and gas to be heated;
   - “Furnace tubes” mean tubes inside the heater wherein combustion is performed;
   - “Fire tubes” mean tubes inside the heater through which flue-gases flow from a combustion chamber located outside the tubes;
   - “Heater” means apparatus including both heat generating means and means for transferring the generated heat to water or air.

3. All storage heaters are classified in group F24H 7/00.

**WARNING**

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

**F24S** **SOLAR HEAT COLLECTORS; SOLAR HEAT SYSTEMS** (for producing mechanical power from solar energy F03G 6/00)

**NOTE**

In this subclass, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated:
   - “solar heat collector modules”, often referred to simply as “modules”, covers:
     - a. whole solar heat collectors
     - b. elements of solar heat collectors, e.g. reflectors, lenses or heat storage elements.
   - “absorbing elements” covers elements for absorbing solar-rays and converting it into heat.
   - “solar heat systems” covers systems having solar heat collectors as their components and using the collected heat

**F24T** **GEOTHERMAL COLLECTORS; GEOTHERMAL SYSTEMS**

**F24V** **COLLECTION, PRODUCTION OR USE OF HEAT NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR**

**F25** **REFRIGERATION OR COOLING; COMBINED HEATING AND REFRIERATION SYSTEMS; HEAT PUMP SYSTEMS; MANUFACTURE OR STORAGE OF ICE; LIQUEFACTION SOLIDIFICATION OF GASES**
F25B  REFRIGERATION MACHINES, PLANTS OR SYSTEMS; COMBINED HEATING AND REFRIGERATION SYSTEMS; HEAT-PUMP SYSTEMS ({evaporation or evaporation apparatus for physical or chemical purposes, e.g. evaporation of liquids for gas phase reactions B01B 1/005}; heat-transfer, heat-exchange or heat-storage materials, e.g. refrigerants, or materials for the production of heat or cold by chemical reactions other than by combustion C09K 5/00; pumps, compressors F04; use of heat-pumps for domestic- or space-heating or for domestic hot-water supply F24D; air-conditioning, air-humidification F24F; fluid heaters using heat pumps F24H)

NOTES
1. Attention is drawn to Note (2) following the title of subclass F24F.
2. When classifying heat pump circuits or systems, groups F25B 1/00 - F25B 25/00 and F25B 29/00 take precedence over group F25B 30/00.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F25C  PRODUCING, WORKING OR HANDLING ICE

NOTE
In this subclass, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:
• "ice" means any frozen liquid and also covers frozen semiliquids or pasty substances.

F25D  REFRIGERATORS; COLD ROOMS; ICE-BOXES; COOLING OR FREEZING APPARATUS NOT COVERED BY ANY OTHER SUBCLASS (refrigerated show cases A47F 3/04; thermally-insulated vessels for domestic use A47J 41/00; refrigerated vehicles, see the appropriate subclasses of classes B60 - B64; containers with thermal insulation in general B65D 81/38; heat-transfer, heat-exchange or heat-storage materials, e.g. refrigerants, or materials for the production of heat or cold by chemical reactions other than by combustion C09K 5/00; thermally-insulated vessels for liquefied or solidified gases F17C; air-conditioning or air-humidification F24F; refrigeration machines, plants or systems F25B; cooling of instruments and comparable apparatus without refrigeration G12B; cooling of engines or pumps, see the relevant classes)

NOTES
1. In this subclass, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:
• "device" means an enclosed space to be cooled; such devices being associated either with refrigerating machinery, e.g. in a refrigerator, or with other cold sources, e.g. in an ice-box.
2. Attention is drawn to Note (2) following the title of subclass F24F.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F25J  LIQUEFACTION, SOLIDIFICATION OR SEPARATION OF GASES OR GASEOUS MIXTURES BY PRESSURE AND COLD TREATMENT (OR BY BRINGING THEM INTO THE SUPERCritical STATE (cryogenic pumps F04B 37/08; gas storage vessels, gas holders F17; filing vessels with, or discharging from vessels, compressed, liquefied or solidified gases F17C; refrigeration machines, plants, or systems F25B))

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.
F26  DRYING

F26B  DRYING SOLID MATERIALS OR OBJECTS BY REMOVING LIQUID THEREFROM
(racks for drying fruit and vegetables A01F 25/12; drying foodstuffs A23; drying hair A45D 20/00; body-drying implements A47K 10/00; drying household articles A47L, {e.g. drying footwear A47L 23/20;} drying gases and vapours B01D; chemical and physical processes for dewatering or like separating liquids from solids B01D 43/00; centrifugal apparatus B04; drying ceramics C04B 33/30; drying yarns and fabrics in association with some other form of treatment D06C; drying frames for laundry without heating or positive air circulation, domestic and like spin-dryers, wringing and hot pressing laundry D06F; furnaces, kilns, ovens F27; {treatment including a drying step of semiconductor substrates, e.g. wafers, H01L 21/67028})

WARNINGS
1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:
   - F26B 11/06 covered by F26B 11/0486
   - F26B 13/02 covered by F26B 13/10
   - F26B 13/04 covered by F26B 13/10
   - F26B 13/20 covered by F26B 13/104
   - F26B 23/08 covered by F26B 3/343, F26B 3/347
2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F27  FURNACES; KILNS; OVENS; RETORTS

NOTES
1. This class deals with furnaces, kilns, ovens, retorts, open sintering apparatus, and details or accessories therefor, in general. It includes the arrangement of electrical heating elements in or on furnaces, but not the elements themselves. It is not concerned with the processes carried on within the furnaces.
2. In this class, where appropriate, the term “furnaces” is to be understood as covering kilns, ovens, or retorts.

F27B  FURNACES, KILNS, OVENS, OR RETORTS IN GENERAL; OPEN SINTERING OR LIKE APPARATUS

NOTE
Attention is drawn to the references and notes following the title of class F27 and the note (par. III) following the Contents of Section H.

WARNINGS
1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:
   - F27B 1/09 covered by F27B 1/08
   - F27B 5/05 covered by F27B 5/04
   - F27B 14/16, F27B 14/18 covered by F27B 14/0806
   - F27B 21/08 - F27B 21/14 covered by F27D 3/00, F27D 21/00
2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F27D  DETAILS OR ACCESSORIES OF FURNACES, KILNS, OVENS, OR RETORTS, IN SO FAR AS THEY ARE OF KINDS OCCURRING IN MORE THAN ONE KIND OF FURNACE (combustion apparatus F23)

NOTE
Attention is drawn to the references and Notes following the title of class F27 and the Note III following the Contents of Section H.
WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

INDEXING SCHEME RELATING TO ASPECTS OF THE CHARGES OR FURNACES, KILNS, OVENS OR RETORTS

NOTE

This subclass constitutes an internal scheme for indexing only.

HEAT EXCHANGE IN GENERAL

NOTES

1. Apparatus using heat exchange or heat transfer (as defined below) for specific purposes is classified either in subclass F28B or in the appropriate subclasses of, for example, classes F22, F24, F25, F26; if no such other subclass is appropriate, such apparatus is to be classified in F28C or F28D.

2. In this class the following terms are used with the meanings indicated:
   • “Heat exchange” means the heating or cooling of a fluid or fluent solid by direct or indirect contact with a heated or cooled fluid or fluent solid;
   • “Heat transfer” means the heating or cooling of a fluid or fluent solid by direct contact with a heated or cooled surface or body.

STEAM OR VAPOUR CONDENSERS (condensation of vapours B01D 5/00; steam engine plants having condensers F01K; liquefaction of gases F25J; details of heat-exchange and heat-transfer arrangements of general application F28F)

WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

HEAT-EXCHANGE APPARATUS, NOT PROVIDED FOR IN ANOTHER SUBCLASS, IN WHICH THE HEAT-EXCHANGE MEDIA COME INTO DIRECT CONTACT WITHOUT CHEMICAL INTERACTION (safety devices in general F16P; fluid heaters having heat generating means F24H; with an intermediate heat-transfer medium coming into direct contact with heat-exchange media F28D 15/00 - F28D 19/00; details of heat-exchange apparatus of general application F28F)

WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

HEAT-EXCHANGE APPARATUS, NOT PROVIDED FOR IN ANOTHER SUBCLASS, IN WHICH THE HEAT-EXCHANGE MEDIA DO NOT COME INTO DIRECT CONTACT (fluid heaters having heat generating means and heat transferring means F24H; furnaces F27; details of heat-exchange apparatus of general)

WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

DETAILS OF HEAT-EXCHANGE AND HEAT-TRANSFER APPARATUS, OF GENERAL APPLICATION (water and air traps, air venting F16)

WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.
F28G  CLEANING OF INTERNAL OR EXTERNAL SURFACES OF HEAT-EXCHANGE OR HEAT-TRANSFER CONDUITS, e.g. WATER TUBES OR BOILERS (cleaning pipes or tubes in general B08B 9/02; devices or arrangements for removing water, minerals, or sludge from boilers while the boiler is in operation, or which remain in position while the boiler is in operation, or are specifically adapted to boilers without any other utility F22B 37/48; removal or treatment of combustion products or combustion residues F23J; removing ice from heat-exchange apparatus F28F 17/00)

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

WEAPONS; BLASTING

F41  WEAPONS

NOTES
1. This class covers also means for practice and training which may have aspects of simulation, e.g. in apparatus for so-called "military games", although simulators are generally covered by class G09.
2. In this class, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated:
   • "smallarm" means a firearm which is generally held with one or both hands for firing, but this term also includes a light machine-gun which may be supported on a tripod or the like during firing;
   • "gun" means any weapon having a barrel and a trigger or firing mechanism for projecting a missile; it may be a piece of ordnance or a smallarm. It may use combustible or explosive propellant charges, air pressure, electromagnetism or other propulsive forces;
   • "revolver-type gun" means a gun having a revolving drum magazine, the chambers of which are used successively as firing chamber;
   • "revolver" means a revolver-type pistol;
   • "semi-automatic firearm" means a firearm from which one shot is fired after actuation of the trigger and which then returns to a condition for firing a subsequent shot upon renewed actuation of the trigger;
   • "automatic gun" means a gun which will continue firing so long as the initial firing pressure is maintained on the trigger;
   • "sighting" means bringing into visual coincidence a direction of a target;
   • "aiming" means bringing a weapon to a direction differing from the sighting direction by corrections in order that the projectile may hit the target;
   • "laying" means setting a weapon in the correct position for hitting a mark.
3. Attention is drawn to the definitions of "projectile", "missile" and "rocket" given in Note 2 following the title of class F42.

F41A  FUNCTIONAL FEATURES OR DETAILS COMMON TO BOTH SMALLARMS AND ORDNANCE, e.g. CANNONS; MOUNTINGS FOR SMALLARMS OR ORDNANCE

NOTES
1. This subclass covers those features or details which are considered to be of a kind generally applicable to, or to be concerned with intrinsic functions common to, both smallarms and ordnance.
2. Such features or details are classified in this subclass, even if they are stated to be applied only to smallarms or only to ordnance.
3. Attention is drawn to the definitions given in Note (2) following the title of class F41.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.
F41B  WEAPONS FOR PROJECTING MISSILES WITHOUT USE OF EXPLOSIVE OR COMBUSTIBLE PROPELLANT CHARGE; WEAPONS NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR (projectiles for fishing, e.g. fish-spears, A01K 81/00; sports implements for throwing A63B 65/00, e.g. boomerangs A63B 65/08; stationary apparatus for projecting sports balls, e.g. tennis balls, A63B 69/40; throwing or slinging toys A63H 33/18; knives, axes B26B; projectiles or missiles other than those incorporating springs as projecting means F42B 6/00)

WARNINGS
1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:
   - F41B 5/16 covered by F41B 5/1473
   - F41B 5/18 covered by F41B 5/1469
   - F41B 5/20 covered by F41B 5/1426
   - F41B 5/22 covered by F41B 5/143
2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F41C  SMALLARMS, e.g. PISTOLS, RIFLES (functional features or details common to both smallarms and ordnance, mountings therefor F41A; projecting missiles without use of explosive or combustible propellant charge F41B; ACCESSORIES THEREFOR

NOTE
Attention is drawn to the definitions in Note (2) following the title of class F41.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F41F  APPARATUS FOR LAUNCHING PROJECTILES OR MISSILES FROM BARRELS, e.g. CANNONS (smallarms F41C); LAUNCHERS FOR ROCKETS OR TORPEDOES; HARPOON GUNS (functional features or details common to both smallarms and ordnance, mountings therefor F41A; projecting missiles without use of explosive or combustible propellant charge F41B)

NOTE
This subclass does not cover the arrangement of armaments, adaptation of mountings therefor, or arrangements of ammunition handlers on ships or aircraft, if they present a shipbuilding or aircraft-building aspect, which are covered by subclass B63G or B64D.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F41G  WEAPON SIGHTS; AIMING (optical aspects thereof G02B)

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F41H  ARMOUR; ARMoured TURRETS; ARMoured OR armed VEHICLES; MEANS OF ATTACK OR DEFENCE, e.g. CAMOUFLAGE, IN GENERAL

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.
F41J  TARGETS; TARGET RANGES; BULLET CATCHERS {targets for shooting or hurling games A63F 9/0204}

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F42  AMMUNITION; BLASTING

NOTES
1. This class covers also means for practice or training which may have aspects of simulation, although simulators are generally covered by class G09.
2. In this class, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated:
   • “primer” effects the first explosive step in the sequence of explosion;
   • “percussion cap” means a primer which is struck to explode;
   • “igniter” effects the first spark-producing or heat-producing step but may not be explosive;
   • “firing-means” or “initiator” (used respectively in the arts of weaponry and blasting) means a device acting directly on the primer, which device may or may not form part of the fuze;
   • “detonator” or “detonator charge” means a charge used to amplify the explosion of the primer;
   • “fuze” means an assembly or mechanism which incorporates safety and arming means in order that the explosion can only take place under certain conditions; this assembly or mechanism determines also the moment (instantaneous or delayed) or the manner, e.g. impact, proximity, hydrostatic pressure, of the firing;
   • “ammunition” covers propulsive charge and projectile whether or not forming a single body, unless otherwise made clear;
   • “projectile”, “missile” or “projectile or missile” means any body which is projected or propelled;
   • “guided missile” means projectile or missile which is guided during at least part of its trajectory;
   • “rocket” means projectile or missile which is self-propelled, during at least part of its trajectory, by a rocket engine, i.e. by a jet-propulsion engine carrying both fuel and oxidant therefor;
   • “fuse” or “fuse cord” means a continuous train of explosive enclosed in a usually flexible cord or cable for setting-off an explosive charge in the art of blasting.

F42B  EXPLOSIVE CHARGES, e.g. FOR BLASTING, FIREWORKS, AMMUNITION
(explosive compositions C06B; fuzes F42C; blasting F42D)

WARNINGS
1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:
   F42B 5/14  covered by F42B 12/40, A01K 11/00
2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F42C  AMMUNITION FUZES (blasting cartridge initiators F42B 3/10; chemical aspects C06C);
ARMING OR SAFETY MEANS THEREFOR (filling fuzes F42B 33/02; fitting or extracting primers in or from fuzes F42B 33/04; containers for fuzes F42B 39/30)

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F42D  BLASTING (fuses, e.g. fuse cords, C06C 5/00; for obtaining fluid from wells E21B 43/00; for mining or quarrying E21C 37/00; for making tunnels or galleries E21D 9/006; cartridges F42B 3/00)

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

F99  SUBJECT MATTER NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SECTION
F99Z  SUBJECT MATTER NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SECTION

NOTE

This subclass covers subject matter that:

a. Is not provided for, but is most closely related to, the subject matter covered by the subclasses of this section, and
b. Is not explicitly covered by any subclass of another section.