CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

D **TEXTILES; PAPER**

TEXTILES OR FLEXIBLE MATERIALS NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR

TREATMENT OF TEXTILES OR THE LIKE; LAUNDERING; FLEXIBLE **D06** MATERIALS NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR

D06M TREATMENT, NOT PROVIDED FOR ELSEWHERE IN CLASS D06, OF FIBRES, THREADS, YARNS, FABRICS, FEATHERS OR FIBROUS GOODS MADE FROM **SUCH MATERIALS**

NOTES

- 1. In each of the groups D06M 11/00 D06M 15/00, the last place priority rule is applied, i.e. at each hierarchical level, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, a substance is classified in the last appropriate place.
- 2. In this subclass:
 - a. within each one of main groups D06M 11/00 D06M 15/00, a mixture of substances is classified at least according to the essential ingredient. If more than one ingredient is essential, the mixture is classified, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, according to the essential ingredient which belongs to the last appropriate place in the sequence of substance;
 - b. treatment by mixtures of substances covered by two or more of main groups <u>D06M 11/00</u> <u>D06M 15/00</u> is classified in each appropriate main group.
- 3. In this subclass, the treatment of textiles, not provided for elsewhere in class D06, is classified according to the following principles:
 - a. treatment of textiles characterised by the treating agent in groups <u>D06M 11/00</u> <u>D06M 16/00</u>;
 - b. treatment of textiles characterised by the process in group <u>D06M 23/00</u>.
- 4. Attention is drawn to Note (3) after the title of section C, which Note indicates to which version of the Periodic Table of chemical elements the CPC refers.

WARNING

{In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.}

7/00	{Treating fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made of other substances with subsequent freeing of the treated goods from the treating medium, e.g. swelling, e.g. polyolefins (D06M 10/00 takes precedence; treating fibres or filaments made	10/04
	of glass, mineral -, or slag wool <u>C03C</u> ; carbon fibres	10/06
	<u>D01F 11/10</u>)}	10/08
7/005	• {made of asbestos}	10/10
10/00	Physical treatment of fibres, threads, yarns,	11/00
	fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such	
	materials, e.g. ultrasonic, corona discharge,	
	irradiation, electric currents, or magnetic fields;	
	Physical treatment combined with treatment with	
10/001	chemical compounds or elements	
10/001	 {Treatment with visible light, infrared or ultraviolet, X-rays} 	
10/003	• {Treatment with radio-waves or microwaves}	
10/005	• {Laser beam treatment}	
10/006	• {Ultra-high-frequency heating}	
10/008	• {Treatment with radioactive elements or with	
	neutrons, alpha, beta or gamma rays}	
10/02	 ultrasonic or sonic; Corona discharge 	
10/025	• • {Corona discharge or low temperature plasma}	

- . Physical treatment combined with treatment with chemical compounds or elements (graft polymerisation using wave energy or particle radiation D06M 14/18 {; treatment with radioactive elements <u>D06M 10/008</u>})
- /06 . . Inorganic compounds or elements
 - . . Organic compounds
- /10. . . Macromolecular compounds

Treating fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics or fibrous goods made from such materials, with inorganic substances or complexes thereof; Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment, e.g. mercerising (<u>D06M 10/00</u> takes precedence)

NOTES

- 1. If a compound used in the treatment is characterised by its cation, it is classified in group D06M 11/00; metallisation by treatment with a metal salt, followed by reduction, is classified in group D06M 11/83.
- 2. In this group, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:
 - "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with barium sulfate can mean treatment with barium

D06M

D06M 11/00 (continued)	chloride and with sulfuric acid in two separate steps	11/49 Oxides or hydroxides of elements of Groups 8, 9,10 or 18 of the Periodic Table; Ferrates; Cobaltates; Nickelates; Ruthenates; Osmates;
11/01	 with hydrogen, water or heavy water; with hydrides of metals or complexes thereof; with boranes, diboranes, silanes, disilanes, phosphines, diphosphines, stibines, distibines, arsines, or 	Rhodates; Iridates; Palladates; Platinates 11/50 • with hydrogen peroxide or peroxides of metals; with persulfuric, permanganic, pernitric,
11/05 11/07	diarsines or complexes thereof • with water, e.g. steam; with heavy water • with halogens; with halogen acids or salts thereof;	percarbonic acids or their salts 11/51 • with sulfur, selenium, tellurium, polonium or compounds thereof (with persulfuric acids or their
11/09	with natogens, with harogen actus of saits thereof, with oxides or oxyacids of halogens or salts thereof with free halogens or interhalogen compounds	salts <u>D06M 11/50</u>) 11/52 • with selenium, tellurium, polonium or their compounds; with sulfur, dithionites or
11/11 11/13	with halogen acids or salts thereofAmmonium halides or halides of elements of	compounds containing sulfur and halogens, with or without oxygen; by sulfohalogenation with
11/155	Groups 1 or 11 of the Periodic Table Halides of elements of Groups 2 or 12 of the	chlorosulfonic acid; by sulfohalogenation with a mixture of sulfur dioxide and free halogens
11/17	Periodic Table Halides of elements of Groups 3 or 13 of the Periodic Table	 11/53 • with hydrogen sulfide or its salts; with polysulfides 11/54 • with sulfur dioxide; with sulfurous acid or its salts
11/20	Halides of elements of Groups 4 or 14 of the Periodic Table, e.g. zirconyl chloride	(D06M 11/52 takes precedence) 11/55 . with sulfur trioxide; with sulfuric acid or
11/22	• • • Halides of elements of Groups 5 or 15 of the Periodic Table	thiosulfuric acid or their salts 11/56 Sulfates or thiosulfates other than of elements
11/24	• • • Halides of elements of Groups 6 or 16 of the Periodic Table, e.g. chromyl chloride	of Groups 3 or 13 of the Periodic Table 11/57 Sulfates or thiosulfates of elements of Groups 3
11/26	Table (interhalogen compounds <u>D06M 11/09</u>)	or 13 of the Periodic Table, e.g. alums 11/58 • with nitrogen or compounds thereof, e.g. with
11/28	Halides of elements of Groups 8, 9, 10 or 18 of the Periodic Table	nitrides (with ammonium halides <u>D06M 11/13</u>) 11/59 • with ammonia; with complexes of organic amines
11/30 11/32	 with oxides of halogens, oxyacids of halogens or their salts, e.g. with perchlorates with oxygen, ozone, ozonides, oxides, hydroxides 	with inorganic substances 11/60 Ammonia as a gas or in solution
11/32	or percompounds; Salts derived from anions with an amphoteric element-oxygen bond (with water or heavy water D06M 11/05; with oxides or oxyacids of halogens D06M 11/30)	 11/61 Liquid ammonia 11/62 Complexes of metal oxides or complexes of metal salts with ammonia or with organic amines
44/04		11/63 • with hydroxylamine or hydrazine
11/34 11/36	 with oxygen, ozone or ozonides with oxides, hydroxides or mixed oxides; with salts derived from anions with an amphoteric 	11/64 • with nitrogen oxides; with oxyacids of nitrogen or their salts (with pernitric acids or their salts <u>D06M 11/50</u>)
11/20	element-oxygen bond	11/65 Salts of oxyacids of nitrogen
11/38	Oxides or hydroxides of elements of Groups 1 or 11 of the Periodic Table	11/66 • with sulfamic acid or its salts
11/385	{Saponification of cellulose-acetate}	11/67 with cyanogen or compounds thereof, e.g. with
11/40	combined with, or in absence of, mechanical tension, e.g. slack mercerising	cyanhydric acid, cyanic acid, isocyanic acid, thiocyanic acid, isothiocyanic acid or their salts, or with cyanamides; with carbamic acid or its
11/42	Oxides or hydroxides of copper, silver or gold	salts (with dicyanamides <u>D06M 13/432</u>) 11/68 • with phosphorus or compounds thereof, e.g. with
11/44	or 12 of the Periodic Table; Zincates; Cadmates	chlorophosphonic acid or salts thereof (with phosphines or diphosphines <u>D06M 11/01</u> ; with selenium or tellurium compounds <u>D06M 11/52</u> ;
11/45 11/46	 Oxides or hydroxides of elements of Groups 3 or 13 of the Periodic Table; Aluminates Oxides or hydroxides of elements of Groups 	with polyphosphazene or derivatives thereof D06M 15/673)
	4 or 14 of the Periodic Table; Titanates; Zirconates; Stannates; Plumbates	 with phosphorus; with halides or oxyhalides of phosphorus; with chlorophosphonic acid or its
11/47	 Oxides or hydroxides of elements of Groups or 15 of the Periodic Table; Vanadates; Niobates; Tantalates; Arsenates; Antimonates; Bismuthates 	salts 11/70 • with oxides of phosphorus; with hypophosphorous, phosphorous or phosphoric acids or their salts
11/48	Oxides or hydroxides of chromium, molybdenum or tungsten; Chromates;	 11/71 Salts of phosphoric acids 11/72 with metaphosphoric acids or their salts;
11/485	Dichromates; Molybdates; Tungstates {Oxides or hydroxides of manganese; Manganates (permanganates D06M 11/50)}	with polyphosphoric acids or their salts; with perphosphoric acids or their salts 11/73 • with carbon or compounds thereof (D06M 11/67)
		takes precedence)

11/74	• • with carbon or graphite; with carbides; with	13/137	Acetals, e.g. formals, or ketals
11/55	graphitic acids or their salts	13/144	• Alcohols; Metal alcoholates (<u>D06M 13/11</u> takes
11/75	 with phosgene; with compounds containing both carbon and sulfur, e.g. thiophosgene (with 	12/140	precedence)
	thiocyanic acid <u>D06M 11/67</u> ; with thiocarbamic	13/148	• • Polyalcohols, e.g. glycerol {or glucose}
	acid <u>D06M 13/425</u> ; with thiourea <u>D06M 13/432</u>)	13/152	having a hydroxy group bound to a carbon atom
11/76	• with carbon oxides or carbonates (D06M 11/75	10/15/	of a six-membered aromatic ring
11/70	takes precedence; with percarbonic acids or their	13/156	containing halogen atoms
	salts D06M 11/50; with urea D06M 13/432)	13/165	• Ethers (<u>D06M 13/11</u> takes precedence)
11/77	• with silicon or compounds thereof (with silanes or	13/17	Polyoxyalkyleneglycol ethers
11///	disilanes <u>D06M 11/01</u>)	13/175	• • • Unsaturated ethers, e.g. vinylethers
11/78	• • with silicon; with halides or oxyhalides of silicon;	13/184	 Carboxylic acids; Anhydrides, halides or salts
11/70	with fluorosilicates		thereof
11/79	with silicon dioxide, silicic acids or their salts	13/1845	• • • {Aromatic mono- or polycarboxylic acids}
11/80	 with boron or compounds thereof, e.g. borides (with 	13/188	Monocarboxylic acids; Anhydrides, halides
11/60	boranes or diboranes <u>D06M 11/01</u> ; with boron		or salts thereof $\{(\underline{D06M \ 13/1845} \ takes$
	carbides <u>D06M 11/74</u>)		precedence)}
11/81	• • with boron; with boron halides; with	13/192	Polycarboxylic acids; Anhydrides, halides
11/01	fluoroborates		or salts thereof {(<u>D06M 13/1845</u> takes
11/82	• • with boron oxides; with boric, meta- or perboric	10/10-	precedence)}
11/02	acids or their salts, e.g. with borax	13/196	Percarboxylic acids; Anhydrides, halides or
11/83	• with metals; with metal-generating compounds, e.g.	12/202	salts thereof
11/05	metal carbonyls; Reduction of metal compounds on	13/203	Unsaturated carboxylic acids; Anhydrides,
	textiles	12/2025	halides or salts thereof
11/84	combined with mechanical treatment (combined)	13/2035	{Aromatic acids}
	with mechanical tension, e.g. mercerising	13/207	Substituted carboxylic acids, e.g. by hydroxy
	<u>D06M 11/40</u>)		or keto groups; Anhydrides, halides or salts
4.000		12/21	thereof
13/00	Treating fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics or fibrous	13/21	Halogenated carboxylic acids; Anhydrides,
	goods made from such materials, with non-	12/212	halides or salts thereof
	macromolecular organic compounds (<u>D06M 10/00</u> , <u>D06M 14/00</u> take precedence; treatment with	13/213	Perfluoroalkyl carboxylic acids; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof
	<u>Dool 14/00</u> take precedence; treatment with		Annyundes, nandes of saits thereof
	complexes of organic amines with inorganic	13/217	Polyovyalkylanaglygol athers with a terminal
	complexes of organic amines with inorganic	13/217	Polyoxyalkyleneglycol ethers with a terminal
	substances <u>D06M 11/59</u>); Such treatment combined	13/217	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts
	substances <u>D06M 11/59</u>); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment		carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof
	substances <u>D06M 11/59</u>); Such treatment combined	13/224	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof . Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid
	substances <u>D06M 11/59</u>); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment <u>NOTE</u>	13/224 13/2243	 carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid {Mono-, di-, or triglycerides}
	substances <u>D06M 11/59</u>); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment	13/224 13/2243 13/2246	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof • Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid • • {Mono-, di-, or triglycerides} • • {Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids}
	substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: • "treatment" means, in the absence of an	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof • Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid • • {Mono-, di-, or triglycerides} • • {Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids} • • Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones
	substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated:	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid (Mono-, di-, or triglycerides) Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids) Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones Organic carbonates
	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with 	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof • Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid • {Mono-, di-, or triglycerides} • {Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids} • Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones • Organic carbonates • containing halogen atoms
	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with 	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof • Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid • {Mono-, di-, or triglycerides} • {Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids} • Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones • Organic carbonates • containing halogen atoms • Tannins, e.g. gallotannic acids
	substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: • "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof • Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid • • {Mono-, di-, or triglycerides} • • {Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids} • • Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones • • Organic carbonates • • containing halogen atoms • • Tannins, e.g. gallotannic acids • with compounds containing sulfur or phosphorus
	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with 	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244 13/248	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof • Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid • • {Mono-, di-, or triglycerides} • • {Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids} • • Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones • • Organic carbonates • • containing halogen atoms • • Tannins, e.g. gallotannic acids • with compounds containing sulfur or phosphorus • with compounds containing sulfur
13/005	substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: • "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof • Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid • • {Mono-, di-, or triglycerides} • • {Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids} • • Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones • • Organic carbonates • • containing halogen atoms • • Tannins, e.g. gallotannic acids • with compounds containing sulfur or phosphorus • with compounds containing sulfur • • Mercaptans, thiophenols, sulfides or
13/005	substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: • "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps • {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244 13/248	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof • Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid • • {Mono-, di-, or triglycerides} • • {Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids} • • Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones • • Organic carbonates • • containing halogen atoms • • Tannins, e.g. gallotannic acids • with compounds containing sulfur or phosphorus • with compounds containing sulfur • Mercaptans, thiophenols, sulfides or polysulfides, e.g. mercapto acetic acid;
	substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: • "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps • {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants}	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244 13/248 13/252	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof • Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid • • {Mono-, di-, or triglycerides} • • {Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids} • • Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones • • Organic carbonates • • containing halogen atoms • • Tannins, e.g. gallotannic acids • with compounds containing sulfur or phosphorus • with compounds containing sulfur • • Mercaptans, thiophenols, sulfides or polysulfides, e.g. mercapto acetic acid; Sulfonium compounds
13/02	substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: • "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps • {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} • with hydrocarbons	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244 13/248	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof • Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid • • {Mono-, di-, or triglycerides} • • {Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids} • • Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones • • Organic carbonates • • containing halogen atoms • • Tannins, e.g. gallotannic acids • with compounds containing sulfur or phosphorus • with compounds containing sulfur • • Mercaptans, thiophenols, sulfides or polysulfides, e.g. mercapto acetic acid; Sulfonium compounds • • Sulfonated compounds {esters thereof, e.g.
	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or 	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244 13/248 13/252	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof • Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid • • {Mono-, di-, or triglycerides} • • {Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids} • • Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones • • Organic carbonates • • containing halogen atoms • • Tannins, e.g. gallotannic acids • with compounds containing sulfur or phosphorus • with compounds containing sulfur • • Mercaptans, thiophenols, sulfides or polysulfides, e.g. mercapto acetic acid; Sulfonium compounds • • Sulfonated compounds {esters thereof, e.g. sultones}
13/02 13/03	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes 	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244 13/248 13/252	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid (Mono-, di-, or triglycerides) Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids) Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones Organic carbonates Tannins, e.g. gallotannic acids with compounds containing sulfur or phosphorus with compounds containing sulfur Mercaptans, thiophenols, sulfides or polysulfides, e.g. mercapto acetic acid; Sulfonium compounds Sulfonated compounds {esters thereof, e.g. sultones} Sulfated compounds {thiosulfates}
13/02 13/03 13/07	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes Aromatic hydrocarbons 	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244 13/248 13/252	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof • Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid • • {Mono-, di-, or triglycerides} • • {Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids} • • Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones • • Organic carbonates • • containing halogen atoms • • Tannins, e.g. gallotannic acids • with compounds containing sulfur or phosphorus • with compounds containing sulfur • • Mercaptans, thiophenols, sulfides or polysulfides, e.g. mercapto acetic acid; Sulfonium compounds • • Sulfonated compounds {esters thereof, e.g. sultones} • • • Sulfated compounds {thiosulfates} • • • containing halogen atoms
13/02 13/03 13/07 13/08	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes Aromatic hydrocarbons with halogenated hydrocarbons 	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244 13/248 13/252 13/256 13/265 13/265 13/268	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof • Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid • • {Mono-, di-, or triglycerides} • • {Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids} • • Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones • • Organic carbonates • • containing halogen atoms • • Tannins, e.g. gallotannic acids • with compounds containing sulfur or phosphorus • with compounds containing sulfur • • Mercaptans, thiophenols, sulfides or polysulfides, e.g. mercapto acetic acid; Sulfonium compounds • • Sulfonated compounds {esters thereof, e.g. sultones} • • • Sulfated compounds {thiosulfates} • • • containing halogen atoms • • Sulfones
13/02 13/03 13/07 13/08 13/085	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes Aromatic hydrocarbons with halogenated hydrocarbons {cycloaliphatic} 	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244 13/248 13/252	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof • Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid • • {Mono-, di-, or triglycerides} • • {Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids} • • Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones • • Organic carbonates • • containing halogen atoms • • Tannins, e.g. gallotannic acids • with compounds containing sulfur or phosphorus • with compounds containing sulfur • • Mercaptans, thiophenols, sulfides or polysulfides, e.g. mercapto acetic acid; Sulfonium compounds • • Sulfonated compounds {esters thereof, e.g. sultones} • • • Sulfated compounds {thiosulfates} • • containing halogen atoms • • Sulfones • • Unsaturated compounds containing sulfur
13/02 13/03 13/07 13/08 13/085 13/10	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes Aromatic hydrocarbons with halogenated hydrocarbons {cycloaliphatic} with compounds containing oxygen 	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244 13/248 13/252 13/256 13/262 13/265 13/268 13/272	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof • Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid • • {Mono-, di-, or triglycerides} • • {Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids} • • Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones • • Organic carbonates • • containing halogen atoms • • Tannins, e.g. gallotannic acids • with compounds containing sulfur or phosphorus • with compounds containing sulfur • • Mercaptans, thiophenols, sulfides or polysulfides, e.g. mercapto acetic acid; Sulfonium compounds • • Sulfonated compounds {esters thereof, e.g. sultones} • • • Sulfated compounds {thiosulfates} • • • containing halogen atoms • • Sulfones • • Unsaturated compounds containing sulfur atoms
13/02 13/03 13/07 13/08 13/085	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes Aromatic hydrocarbons with halogenated hydrocarbons {cycloaliphatic} with compounds containing oxygen Compounds containing epoxy groups or 	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244 13/248 13/252 13/256 13/262 13/265 13/268 13/272	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid (Mono-, di-, or triglycerides) Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids) Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones Corganic carbonates Tannins, e.g. gallotannic acids with compounds containing sulfur or phosphorus with compounds containing sulfur Mercaptans, thiophenols, sulfides or polysulfides, e.g. mercapto acetic acid; Sulfonium compounds Sulfonated compounds {esters thereof, e.g. sultones} Sulfated compounds {thiosulfates} containing halogen atoms Sulfones Unsaturated compounds containing sulfur atoms Vinylthioethers
13/02 13/03 13/07 13/08 13/085 13/10 13/11	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes Aromatic hydrocarbons with halogenated hydrocarbons (cycloaliphatic) with compounds containing epoxy groups or precursors thereof 	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244 13/248 13/252 13/256 13/262 13/265 13/268 13/272	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid (Mono-, di-, or triglycerides) Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids) Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones Organic carbonates Tannins, e.g. gallotannic acids with compounds containing sulfur or phosphorus with compounds containing sulfur or phosphorus Mercaptans, thiophenols, sulfides or polysulfides, e.g. mercapto acetic acid; Sulfonium compounds Sulfonated compounds {esters thereof, e.g. sultones} Sulfated compounds {thiosulfates} containing halogen atoms Sulfones Unsaturated compounds containing sulfur atoms Vinylthioethers Vinylsulfonium compounds; Vinylsulfone or
13/02 13/03 13/07 13/08 13/085 13/10 13/11	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes Aromatic hydrocarbons with halogenated hydrocarbons with compounds containing oxygen Compounds containing epoxy groups or precursors thereof Aldehydes; Ketones 	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244 13/252 13/256 13/262 13/265 13/265 13/272 13/275 13/278	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid (Mono-, di-, or triglycerides) Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids) Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones Organic carbonates Tannins, e.g. gallotannic acids with compounds containing sulfur or phosphorus with compounds containing sulfur Mercaptans, thiophenols, sulfides or polysulfides, e.g. mercapto acetic acid; Sulfonium compounds Sulfonated compounds {esters thereof, e.g. sultones} Sulfated compounds {thiosulfates} Containing halogen atoms Sulfones Unsaturated compounds containing sulfur atoms Vinylthioethers Vinylsulfonium compounds; Vinylsulfone or vinylsulfoxide compounds
13/02 13/03 13/07 13/08 13/085 13/10 13/11 13/12 13/123	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes Aromatic hydrocarbons with halogenated hydrocarbons {cycloaliphatic} with compounds containing oxygen Compounds containing epoxy groups or precursors thereof Aldehydes; Ketones Polyaldehydes; Polyketones 	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244 13/248 13/252 13/256 13/262 13/265 13/265 13/275 13/278	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid (Mono-, di-, or triglycerides) Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids) Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones Organic carbonates Tannins, e.g. gallotannic acids with compounds containing sulfur or phosphorus with compounds containing sulfur Mercaptans, thiophenols, sulfides or polysulfides, e.g. mercapto acetic acid; Sulfonium compounds Sulfonated compounds {esters thereof, e.g. sultones} Sulfated compounds {thiosulfates} containing halogen atoms Sulfones Unsaturated compounds containing sulfur atoms Vinylthioethers Vinylsulfonium compounds; Vinylsulfone or vinylsulfoxide compounds with compounds containing phosphorus
13/02 13/03 13/07 13/08 13/085 13/10 13/11	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} with hydrocarbons with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes Aromatic hydrocarbons with halogenated hydrocarbons {cycloaliphatic} with compounds containing oxygen Compounds containing epoxy groups or precursors thereof Aldehydes; Ketones Polyaldehydes; Polyketones Mono-aldehydes, e.g. formaldehyde; 	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244 13/252 13/256 13/262 13/265 13/265 13/272 13/275 13/278	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid (Mono-, di-, or triglycerides) (Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids) (Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones (Organic carbonates (Organic carboxylic acids) (Organic carbonates (Organic carboxylic acids) (Organic acids) (Organic acids) (
13/02 13/03 13/07 13/08 13/085 13/10 13/11 13/12 13/123 13/127	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: • "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps • {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} • with hydrocarbons • with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes • • Aromatic hydrocarbons • with halogenated hydrocarbons • {cycloaliphatic} • with compounds containing oxygen • Compounds containing epoxy groups or precursors thereof • Aldehydes; Ketones • Polyaldehydes, e.g. formaldehyde; Monoketones 	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244 13/248 13/252 13/256 13/262 13/265 13/265 13/275 13/278	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid (Mono-, di-, or triglycerides) Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids) Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones Tannins, e.g. gallotannic acids with compounds containing sulfur or phosphorus Mercaptans, thiophenols, sulfides or polysulfides, e.g. mercapto acetic acid; Sulfonium compounds Sulfonium compounds {esters thereof, e.g. sultones} Sulfated compounds {thiosulfates} Containing halogen atoms Sulfones Unsaturated compounds containing sulfur atoms Vinylthioethers Vinylthioethers Vinylsulfonium compounds with compounds containing phosphorus Phosphines; Phosphine oxides; Phosphine sulfides; Phosphinic or phosphinous acids or
13/02 13/03 13/07 13/08 13/085 13/10 13/11 13/12 13/123	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: • "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps • {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} • with hydrocarbons • with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes • • Aromatic hydrocarbons • with halogenated hydrocarbons • {cycloaliphatic} • with compounds containing oxygen • Compounds containing epoxy groups or precursors thereof • Aldehydes; Ketones • Polyaldehydes; Polyketones • Mono-aldehydes, e.g. formaldehyde; Monoketones • Unsaturated aldehydes, e.g. acrolein; 	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244 13/248 13/252 13/265 13/265 13/268 13/272 13/275 13/278	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid (Mono-, di-, or triglycerides) (Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids) (Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones (Organic carbonates (Organic carboxylic acids) (Organic carbonates (Organic carboxylic acids) (Organic acids) (Organic carboxylic acids) (Organic ac
13/02 13/03 13/07 13/08 13/085 13/10 13/11 13/12 13/123 13/127	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: • "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps • {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} • with hydrocarbons • with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes • • Aromatic hydrocarbons • with halogenated hydrocarbons • {cycloaliphatic} • with compounds containing oxygen • Compounds containing epoxy groups or precursors thereof • Aldehydes; Ketones • Polyaldehydes; Polyketones • Mono-aldehydes, e.g. formaldehyde; Monoketones • Unsaturated aldehydes, e.g. acrolein; Unsaturated ketones; Ketenes {; Diketenes} 	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244 13/248 13/252 13/256 13/262 13/265 13/265 13/275 13/278	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid (Mono-, di-, or triglycerides) (Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids) (Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones (Organic carbonates (Organic carboxylic acids) (Organic acids) (Organi
13/02 13/03 13/07 13/08 13/085 13/10 13/11 13/12 13/123 13/127	 substances D06M 11/59); Such treatment combined with mechanical treatment NOTE In this group the following term is used with the meaning indicated: • "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which leads to the end product, e.g. treatment with chloroacetic acid can mean treatment with chloroacetylchloride and saponification in two separate steps • {Compositions containing perfumes; Compositions containing deodorants} • with hydrocarbons • with unsaturated hydrocarbons, e.g. alkenes, or alkynes • • Aromatic hydrocarbons • with halogenated hydrocarbons • {cycloaliphatic} • with compounds containing oxygen • Compounds containing epoxy groups or precursors thereof • Aldehydes; Ketones • Polyaldehydes; Polyketones • Mono-aldehydes, e.g. formaldehyde; Monoketones • Unsaturated aldehydes, e.g. acrolein; 	13/224 13/2243 13/2246 13/228 13/232 13/236 13/238 13/244 13/248 13/252 13/265 13/265 13/268 13/272 13/275 13/278	carboxyl group; Anhydrides, halides or salts thereof Esters of carboxylic acids; Esters of carbonic acid (Mono-, di-, or triglycerides) (Esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids) (Cyclic esters, e.g. lactones (Organic carbonates (Organic carboxylic acids) (Organic carbonates (Organic carboxylic acids) (Organic acids) (Organic carboxylic acids) (Organic ac

CPC - 2024.01 3

	Mana di antriantana di alcantania an	12/44	
13/292	 Mono-, di- or triesters of phosphoric or phosphorous acids; Salts thereof 	13/44	containing nitrogen and phosphorus
13/295	• • • containing polyglycol moieties; containing	13/447	 Phosphonates or phosphinates containing nitrogen atoms
13/293	neopentyl moieties	13/453	Phosphates or phosphites containing nitrogen
13/298	containing halogen atoms	13/433	atoms
13/313	Unsaturated compounds containing phosphorus	13/46	Compounds containing quaternary nitrogen
	atoms, e.g. vinylphosphonium compounds	13/40	atoms (hydrazinium compounds <u>D06M 13/338</u> ; betaines, sulfo-betaines <u>D06M 13/342</u>)
13/322	• with compounds containing nitrogen	13/461	• • • Quaternised amin-amides from polyamines or
13/325 13/3255	. Amines	13/401	heterocyclic compounds or polyamino-acids}
13/328	 {Vinylamine; Allylamine} the amino group being bound to an acyclic or	13/463	• • • derived from monoamines
13/326	cycloaliphatic carbon atom	13/467	derived from polyamines
13/33	containing halogen atoms	13/47	derived from heterocyclic compounds
13/332	Di- or polyamines	13/473	having five-membered heterocyclic rings
13/335	having an amino group bound to a carbon atom	13/477	having six-membered heterocyclic rings
10,000	of a six-membered aromatic ring	13/48	• containing the ethylene imine ring
13/338	Organic hydrazines; Hydrazinium compounds	13/487	Aziridinylphosphines; Aziridinylphosphine-
13/342	Amino-carboxylic acids; Betaines;		oxides or sulfides; Carbonylaziridinyl
	Aminosulfonic acids; Sulfo-betaines		or carbonylbisaziridinyl compounds;
13/345	Nitriles		Sulfonylaziridinyl or sulfonylbisaziridinyl
13/348	unsaturated, e.g. acrylonitrile		compounds
13/35	Heterocyclic compounds	13/493	perfluorinated
13/352	having five-membered heterocyclic rings	13/50	 with organometallic compounds; with organic
13/355	having six-membered heterocyclic rings		compounds containing boron, silicon, selenium or
13/358	Triazines	10/500	tellurium atoms
13/364	Cyanuric acid; Isocyanuric acid;	13/503	• without bond between a carbon atom and a metal
	Derivatives thereof	12/507	or a boron, silicon, selenium or tellurium atom
13/368	 Hydroxyalkylamines; Derivatives thereof, e.g. Kritchevsky bases 	13/507	• • Organic silicon compounds without carbon- silicon bond
13/372	containing etherified or esterified hydroxy groups	13/51	Compounds with at least one carbon-metal or
	{; Polyethers of low molecular weight}		carbon-boron, carbon-silicon, carbon-selenium, or carbon-tellurium bond
13/376	Oximes	13/513	with at least one carbon-silicon bond
13/382	Aminoaldehydes		
13/382 13/385	Aminoaldehydescontaining epoxy groups	13/5135	• • • {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon
		13/5135	• • • {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms}
13/385	• containing epoxy groups	13/5135 13/517	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds
13/385 13/388	containing epoxy groupsAmine oxides	13/5135 13/517 13/52	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment
13/385 13/388 13/392	 containing epoxy groups Amine oxides Nitroso compounds; Nitro compounds Isocyanates containing fluorine atoms 	13/5135 13/517 13/52 13/522	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment . {Fulling}
13/385 13/388 13/392 13/395	containing epoxy groupsAmine oxidesNitroso compounds; Nitro compoundsIsocyanates	13/5135 13/517 13/52 13/522 13/525	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment . {Fulling} . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing
13/385 13/388 13/392 13/395 13/398	 containing epoxy groups Amine oxides Nitroso compounds; Nitro compounds Isocyanates containing fluorine atoms Amides {imides, sulfamic acids} Acylated polyalkylene polyamines 	13/5135 13/517 13/52 13/522	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment . {Fulling} . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised
13/385 13/388 13/392 13/395 13/398 13/402	 containing epoxy groups Amine oxides Nitroso compounds; Nitro compounds Isocyanates containing fluorine atoms Amides {imides, sulfamic acids} 	13/5135 13/517 13/52 13/522 13/525	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment . {Fulling} . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing
13/385 13/388 13/392 13/395 13/398 13/402 13/405	 containing epoxy groups Amine oxides Nitroso compounds; Nitro compounds Isocyanates containing fluorine atoms Amides {imides, sulfamic acids} Acylated polyalkylene polyamines Acylated amines containing fluorine atoms; 	13/5135 13/517 13/52 13/522 13/525 13/53	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment . {Fulling} . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Graft polymerisation of monomers containing
13/385 13/388 13/392 13/395 13/402 13/405 13/408	 containing epoxy groups Amine oxides Nitroso compounds; Nitro compounds Isocyanates containing fluorine atoms Amides {imides, sulfamic acids} Acylated polyalkylene polyamines Acylated amines containing fluorine atoms; Amides of perfluoro carboxylic acids Amides derived from unsaturated carboxylic acids, e.g. acrylamide 	13/5135 13/517 13/52 13/522 13/525 13/53 13/535	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment . {Fulling} . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Graft polymerisation of monomers containing carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds on to fibres,
13/385 13/388 13/392 13/395 13/402 13/405 13/408	 containing epoxy groups Amine oxides Nitroso compounds; Nitro compounds Isocyanates containing fluorine atoms Amides {imides, sulfamic acids} Acylated polyalkylene polyamines Acylated amines containing fluorine atoms; Amides of perfluoro carboxylic acids Amides derived from unsaturated carboxylic acids, e.g. acrylamide N-methylolacrylamides 	13/5135 13/517 13/52 13/522 13/525 13/53 13/535	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment . {Fulling} . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Graft polymerisation of monomers containing carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds on to fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made
13/385 13/388 13/392 13/395 13/402 13/405 13/408	 containing epoxy groups Amine oxides Nitroso compounds; Nitro compounds Isocyanates containing fluorine atoms Amides {imides, sulfamic acids} Acylated polyalkylene polyamines Acylated amines containing fluorine atoms; Amides of perfluoro carboxylic acids Amides derived from unsaturated carboxylic acids, e.g. acrylamide 	13/5135 13/517 13/52 13/522 13/525 13/535 14/00	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment . {Fulling} . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Graft polymerisation of monomers containing carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds on to fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials (on to unshaped polymers C08F 251/00 - C08F 292/00)
13/385 13/388 13/392 13/395 13/398 13/402 13/405 13/408	 containing epoxy groups Amine oxides Nitroso compounds; Nitro compounds Isocyanates containing fluorine atoms Amides {imides, sulfamic acids} Acylated polyalkylene polyamines Acylated amines containing fluorine atoms; Amides of perfluoro carboxylic acids Amides derived from unsaturated carboxylic acids, e.g. acrylamide N-methylolacrylamides Amides of aromatic carboxylic acids; Acylated 	13/5135 13/517 13/52 13/522 13/525 13/535 14/00	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment . {Fulling} . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Graft polymerisation of monomers containing carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds on to fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials (on to unshaped polymers C08F 251/00 - C08F 292/00) . on to materials of natural origin (D06M 14/18 takes precedence)
13/385 13/388 13/392 13/395 13/398 13/402 13/405 13/408 13/41 13/412 13/415	 containing epoxy groups Amine oxides Nitroso compounds; Nitro compounds Isocyanates containing fluorine atoms Amides {imides, sulfamic acids} Acylated polyalkylene polyamines Acylated amines containing fluorine atoms; Amides of perfluoro carboxylic acids Amides derived from unsaturated carboxylic acids, e.g. acrylamide N-methylolacrylamides N-methylolacrylamides Cyclic amides, e.g. lactams; Amides of oxalic acid Amides having nitrogen atoms of amide groups 	13/5135 13/517 13/52 13/522 13/525 13/535 14/00	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment . {Fulling} . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Graft polymerisation of monomers containing carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds on to fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials (on to unshaped polymers C08F 251/00 - C08F 292/00) . on to materials of natural origin (D06M 14/18 takes)
13/385 13/388 13/392 13/395 13/402 13/405 13/408 13/41 13/412 13/415	 containing epoxy groups Amine oxides Nitroso compounds; Nitro compounds Isocyanates containing fluorine atoms Amides {imides, sulfamic acids} Acylated polyalkylene polyamines Acylated amines containing fluorine atoms; Amides of perfluoro carboxylic acids Amides derived from unsaturated carboxylic acids, e.g. acrylamide N-methylolacrylamides Amides of aromatic carboxylic acids; Acylated aromatic amines Cyclic amides, e.g. lactams; Amides of oxalic acid 	13/5135 13/517 13/52 13/522 13/525 13/535 14/00 14/02 14/04 14/04	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment . {Fulling} . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Graft polymerisation of monomers containing carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds on to fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials (on to unshaped polymers C08F 251/00 - C08F 292/00) . on to materials of natural origin (D06M 14/18 takes precedence) . of vegetal origin, e.g. cellulose or derivatives thereof . of animal origin, e.g. wool or silk
13/385 13/388 13/392 13/395 13/402 13/405 13/408 13/41 13/412 13/415	 containing epoxy groups Amine oxides Nitroso compounds; Nitro compounds Isocyanates containing fluorine atoms Amides {imides, sulfamic acids} Acylated polyalkylene polyamines Acylated amines containing fluorine atoms; Amides of perfluoro carboxylic acids Amides derived from unsaturated carboxylic acids, e.g. acrylamide N-methylolacrylamides Amides of aromatic carboxylic acids; Acylated aromatic amines Cyclic amides, e.g. lactams; Amides of oxalic acid Amides having nitrogen atoms of amide groups substituted by hydroxyalkyl or by etherified or 	13/5135 13/517 13/52 13/522 13/525 13/535 14/00 14/02 14/04	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment . {Fulling} . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Graft polymerisation of monomers containing carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds on to fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials (on to unshaped polymers C08F 251/00 - C08F 292/00) . on to materials of natural origin (D06M 14/18 takes precedence) . of vegetal origin, e.g. cellulose or derivatives thereof . of animal origin, e.g. wool or silk . on to materials of synthetic origin (D06M 14/18
13/385 13/388 13/392 13/395 13/402 13/405 13/408 13/41 13/412 13/415 13/418	 containing epoxy groups Amine oxides Nitroso compounds; Nitro compounds Isocyanates containing fluorine atoms Amides {imides, sulfamic acids} Acylated polyalkylene polyamines Acylated amines containing fluorine atoms; Amides of perfluoro carboxylic acids Amides derived from unsaturated carboxylic acids, e.g. acrylamide N-methylolacrylamides Amides of aromatic carboxylic acids; Acylated aromatic amines Cyclic amides, e.g. lactams; Amides of oxalic acid Amides having nitrogen atoms of amide groups substituted by hydroxyalkyl or by etherified or esterified hydroxyalkyl groups Hydrazides Carbamic or thiocarbamic acids or derivatives 	13/5135 13/517 13/52 13/522 13/525 13/535 14/00 14/02 14/04 14/06 14/08	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment . {Fulling} . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Graft polymerisation of monomers containing carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds on to fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials (on to unshaped polymers C08F 251/00 - C08F 292/00) . on to materials of natural origin (D06M 14/18 takes precedence) . of vegetal origin, e.g. cellulose or derivatives thereof . of animal origin, e.g. wool or silk . on to materials of synthetic origin (D06M 14/18 takes precedence)
13/385 13/388 13/392 13/395 13/402 13/405 13/408 13/41 13/412 13/415 13/418 13/419	 containing epoxy groups Amine oxides Nitroso compounds; Nitro compounds Isocyanates containing fluorine atoms Amides {imides, sulfamic acids} Acylated polyalkylene polyamines Acylated amines containing fluorine atoms; Amides of perfluoro carboxylic acids Amides derived from unsaturated carboxylic acids, e.g. acrylamide N-methylolacrylamides Amides of aromatic carboxylic acids; Acylated aromatic amines Cyclic amides, e.g. lactams; Amides of oxalic acid Amides having nitrogen atoms of amide groups substituted by hydroxyalkyl or by etherified or esterified hydroxyalkyl groups Hydrazides 	13/5135 13/517 13/52 13/522 13/525 13/535 14/00 14/02 14/04 14/04	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment . {Fulling} . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Graft polymerisation of monomers containing carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds on to fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials (on to unshaped polymers C08F 251/00 - C08F 292/00) . on to materials of natural origin (D06M 14/18 takes precedence) . of vegetal origin, e.g. cellulose or derivatives thereof . of animal origin, e.g. wool or silk . on to materials of synthetic origin (D06M 14/18 takes precedence) . of macromolecular compounds obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon
13/385 13/388 13/392 13/395 13/398 13/402 13/405 13/408 13/41 13/412 13/415 13/418 13/419 13/422 13/425	 containing epoxy groups Amine oxides Nitroso compounds; Nitro compounds Isocyanates containing fluorine atoms Amides {imides, sulfamic acids} Acylated polyalkylene polyamines Acylated amines containing fluorine atoms; Amides of perfluoro carboxylic acids Amides derived from unsaturated carboxylic acids, e.g. acrylamide N-methylolacrylamides Amides of aromatic carboxylic acids; Acylated aromatic amines Cyclic amides, e.g. lactams; Amides of oxalic acid Amides having nitrogen atoms of amide groups substituted by hydroxyalkyl or by etherified or esterified hydroxyalkyl groups Hydrazides Carbamic or thiocarbamic acids or derivatives thereof, e.g. urethanes (unsubstituted carbamic acid D06M 11/67) containing fluorine atoms 	13/5135 13/517 13/52 13/522 13/525 13/535 14/00 14/02 14/04 14/06 14/08 14/10	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment . {Fulling} . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Graft polymerisation of monomers containing carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds on to fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials (on to unshaped polymers C08F 251/00 - C08F 292/00) . on to materials of natural origin (D06M 14/18 takes precedence) . of vegetal origin, e.g. cellulose or derivatives thereof . of animal origin, e.g. wool or silk . on to materials of synthetic origin (D06M 14/18 takes precedence) . of macromolecular compounds obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds
13/385 13/388 13/392 13/395 13/398 13/402 13/405 13/408 13/41 13/412 13/415 13/418 13/419	 containing epoxy groups Amine oxides Nitroso compounds; Nitro compounds Isocyanates containing fluorine atoms Amides {imides, sulfamic acids} Acylated polyalkylene polyamines Acylated amines containing fluorine atoms; Amides of perfluoro carboxylic acids Amides derived from unsaturated carboxylic acids, e.g. acrylamide N-methylolacrylamides Amides of aromatic carboxylic acids; Acylated aromatic amines Cyclic amides, e.g. lactams; Amides of oxalic acid Amides having nitrogen atoms of amide groups substituted by hydroxyalkyl or by etherified or esterified hydroxyalkyl groups Hydrazides Carbamic or thiocarbamic acids or derivatives thereof, e.g. urethanes (unsubstituted carbamic acid D06M 11/67) containing fluorine atoms Urea, thiourea or derivatives thereof, 	13/5135 13/517 13/52 13/522 13/525 13/535 14/00 14/02 14/04 14/06 14/08	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment . {Fulling} . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Graft polymerisation of monomers containing carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds on to fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials (on to unshaped polymers C08F 251/00 - C08F 292/00) . on to materials of natural origin (D06M 14/18 takes precedence) . of vegetal origin, e.g. cellulose or derivatives thereof . of animal origin, e.g. wool or silk . on to materials of synthetic origin (D06M 14/18 takes precedence) . of macromolecular compounds obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds . of macromolecular compounds obtained
13/385 13/388 13/392 13/395 13/398 13/402 13/405 13/408 13/41 13/412 13/415 13/418 13/419 13/422 13/425	 containing epoxy groups Amine oxides Nitroso compounds; Nitro compounds Isocyanates containing fluorine atoms Amides {imides, sulfamic acids} Acylated polyalkylene polyamines Acylated amines containing fluorine atoms; Amides of perfluoro carboxylic acids Amides derived from unsaturated carboxylic acids, e.g. acrylamide N-methylolacrylamides Amides of aromatic carboxylic acids; Acylated aromatic amines Cyclic amides, e.g. lactams; Amides of oxalic acid Amides having nitrogen atoms of amide groups substituted by hydroxyalkyl or by etherified or esterified hydroxyalkyl groups Hydrazides Carbamic or thiocarbamic acids or derivatives thereof, e.g. urethanes (unsubstituted carbamic acid D06M 11/67) containing fluorine atoms Urea, thiourea or derivatives thereof, e.g. biurets; Urea-inclusion compounds; 	13/5135 13/517 13/52 13/522 13/525 13/535 14/00 14/02 14/04 14/06 14/08 14/10	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment . {Fulling} . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Graft polymerisation of monomers containing carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds on to fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials (on to unshaped polymers C08F 251/00 - C08F 292/00) . on to materials of natural origin (D06M 14/18 takes precedence) . of vegetal origin, e.g. cellulose or derivatives thereof . of animal origin, e.g. wool or silk . on to materials of synthetic origin (D06M 14/18 takes precedence) . of macromolecular compounds obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds . of macromolecular compounds obtained otherwise than by reactions only involving
13/385 13/388 13/392 13/395 13/398 13/402 13/405 13/408 13/41 13/412 13/415 13/418 13/419 13/422 13/425	 containing epoxy groups Amine oxides Nitroso compounds; Nitro compounds Isocyanates containing fluorine atoms Amides {imides, sulfamic acids} Acylated polyalkylene polyamines Acylated amines containing fluorine atoms; Amides of perfluoro carboxylic acids Amides derived from unsaturated carboxylic acids, e.g. acrylamide N-methylolacrylamides Amides of aromatic carboxylic acids; Acylated aromatic amines Cyclic amides, e.g. lactams; Amides of oxalic acid Amides having nitrogen atoms of amide groups substituted by hydroxyalkyl or by etherified or esterified hydroxyalkyl groups Hydrazides Carbamic or thiocarbamic acids or derivatives thereof, e.g. urethanes (unsubstituted carbamic acid D06M 11/67) containing fluorine atoms Urea, thiourea or derivatives thereof, e.g. biurets; Urea-inclusion compounds; Dicyanamides; {Carbodiimides;} Guanidines, 	13/5135 13/517 13/52 13/522 13/525 13/53 13/535 14/00 14/02 14/04 14/06 14/08 14/10 14/12	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment . {Fulling} . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Graft polymerisation of monomers containing carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds on to fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials (on to unshaped polymers C08F 251/00 - C08F 292/00) . on to materials of natural origin (D06M 14/18 takes precedence) . of vegetal origin, e.g. cellulose or derivatives thereof . of animal origin, e.g. wool or silk . on to materials of synthetic origin (D06M 14/18 takes precedence) . of macromolecular compounds obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds . of macromolecular compounds obtained otherwise than by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds
13/385 13/388 13/392 13/395 13/398 13/402 13/405 13/408 13/41 13/412 13/415 13/418 13/419 13/422 13/425	 containing epoxy groups Amine oxides Nitroso compounds; Nitro compounds Isocyanates containing fluorine atoms Amides {imides, sulfamic acids} Acylated polyalkylene polyamines Acylated amines containing fluorine atoms; Amides of perfluoro carboxylic acids Amides derived from unsaturated carboxylic acids, e.g. acrylamide N-methylolacrylamides Amides of aromatic carboxylic acids; Acylated aromatic amines Cyclic amides, e.g. lactams; Amides of oxalic acid Amides having nitrogen atoms of amide groups substituted by hydroxyalkyl or by etherified or esterified hydroxyalkyl groups Hydrazides Carbamic or thiocarbamic acids or derivatives thereof, e.g. urethanes (unsubstituted carbamic acid D06M 11/67) containing fluorine atoms Urea, thiourea or derivatives thereof, e.g. biurets; Urea-inclusion compounds; Dicyanamides; {Carbodiimides;} Guanidines, e.g. dicyandiamides 	13/5135 13/517 13/52 13/522 13/525 13/53 13/535 14/00 14/02 14/04 14/06 14/08 14/10 14/12	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment . {Fulling} . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Graft polymerisation of monomers containing carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds on to fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials (on to unshaped polymers C08F 251/00 - C08F 292/00) . on to materials of natural origin (D06M 14/18 takes precedence) . of vegetal origin, e.g. cellulose or derivatives thereof . of animal origin, e.g. wool or silk . on to materials of synthetic origin (D06M 14/18 takes precedence) . of macromolecular compounds obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds . of macromolecular compounds obtained otherwise than by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds . Polyesters
13/385 13/388 13/392 13/395 13/398 13/402 13/405 13/408 13/41 13/412 13/415 13/418 13/419 13/422 13/425	 containing epoxy groups Amine oxides Nitroso compounds; Nitro compounds Isocyanates containing fluorine atoms Amides {imides, sulfamic acids} Acylated polyalkylene polyamines Acylated amines containing fluorine atoms; Amides of perfluoro carboxylic acids Amides derived from unsaturated carboxylic acids, e.g. acrylamide N-methylolacrylamides Amides of aromatic carboxylic acids; Acylated aromatic amines Cyclic amides, e.g. lactams; Amides of oxalic acid Amides having nitrogen atoms of amide groups substituted by hydroxyalkyl or by etherified or esterified hydroxyalkyl groups Hydrazides Carbamic or thiocarbamic acids or derivatives thereof, e.g. urethanes (unsubstituted carbamic acid D06M 11/67) containing fluorine atoms Urea, thiourea or derivatives thereof, e.g. biurets; Urea-inclusion compounds; Dicyanamides; {Carbodiimides;} Guanidines, 	13/5135 13/517 13/52 13/522 13/525 13/53 13/535 14/00 14/02 14/04 14/06 14/08 14/10 14/12	 {Unsaturated compounds containing silicon atoms} containing silicon-halogen bonds . combined with mechanical treatment . {Fulling} . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Graft polymerisation of monomers containing carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds on to fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials (on to unshaped polymers C08F 251/00 - C08F 292/00) . on to materials of natural origin (D06M 14/18 takes precedence) . of vegetal origin, e.g. cellulose or derivatives thereof . of animal origin, e.g. wool or silk . on to materials of synthetic origin (D06M 14/18 takes precedence) . of macromolecular compounds obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds . of macromolecular compounds obtained otherwise than by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds

14/20	• on to materials of natural origin	15/248 containing chlorine
14/22	of vegetal origin, e.g. cellulose or derivatives	15/252 containing bromine
1.4/0.4	thereof	15/256 containing fluorine
14/24 14/26	. of animal origin, e.g. wool or silk. on to materials of synthetic origin	15/263 of unsaturated carboxylic acids; Salts or esters thereof
14/28	of macromolecular compounds obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon	15/267 of unsaturated carboxylic esters having amino or quaternary ammonium groups
14/30	unsaturated bonds of macromolecular compounds obtained	15/27 of alkylpolyalkylene glycol esters of unsaturated carboxylic acids
1 1/30	otherwise than by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds	15/273 of unsaturated carboxylic esters having epoxy groups
14/32	· · · · Polyesters	15/2735 {of unsaturated carboxylic esters having
14/34	· · · · Polyamides	mercapto groups}
14/36	on to carbon fibres	15/277 containing fluorine
1.5/0.0		15/285 of unsaturated carboxylic acid amides or imides
15/00	Treating fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or	15/29 containing a N-methylol group or an
	fibrous goods made from such materials, with macromolecular compounds; Such treatment	etherified N-methylol group; containing a
	combined with mechanical treatment (D06M 10/00,	N-aminomethylene group; containing a N-
	D06M 14/00 take precedence; {treatment with	sulfidomethylene group
	inorganic polyphosphates <u>D06M 11/72</u> })	15/295 containing fluorine
	NOTE	15/31 of unsaturated nitriles
		15/327 of unsaturated alcohols or esters thereof
	In this group, the following term is used with the	15/33 Esters containing fluorine
	meaning indicated:	15/333 of vinyl acetate; Polyvinylalcohol
	 "treatment" means, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, the treatment which 	15/3335 {fluorinated}
	leads to the end product, e.g.	15/347 of unsaturated ethers, acetals, hemiacetals,
	a. treatment with polyvinylalcohol can	ketones or aldehydes
	mean treatment with polyvinylacetate and	15/353 containing fluorine
	subsequent saponification in a separate step	15/356 of other unsaturated compounds containing nitrogen, sulfur, silicon or phosphorus atoms
	b. treatment with aminoplast can mean the	
	delayed cure process or the treatment with	15/3562 {containing nitrogen} 15/3564 {containing phosphorus}
	precondensation products, or with e.g. urea	15/3566 {containing phosphorus}
	and with formaldehyde in two separate steps	15/3568 {containing surfur}
15/01	. with natural macromolecular compounds or	15/37
13/01	derivatives thereof (with natural rubber or derivatives thereof <u>D06M 15/693</u>)	than by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds
15/03	Polysaccharides or derivatives thereof	15/39 Aldehyde resins; Ketone resins; Polyacetals
15/035	{Polymeric alcohol xanthates}	15/41 Phenol-aldehyde or phenol-ketone resins
15/05	Cellulose or derivatives thereof	15/412 {sulfonated}
15/055	• • • • with the residual liquors derived of the sulfatic process for the preparation of	15/415 modified by compounds containing phosphorus
	cellulose	15/423 Amino-aldehyde resins
15/07	Cellulose esters	15/427 modified by alkoxylated compounds or
15/09	Cellulose ethers	alkylene oxides
15/11	Starch or derivatives thereof	15/429 modified by compounds containing sulfur
15/13	Alginic acid or derivatives thereof	15/43 modified by phosphorus compounds
15/15	Proteins or derivatives thereof	15/431 by phosphines or phosphine oxides;
15/155	• • • {Treatment in the presence of salts derived from amphoteric metal hydroxides}	by oxides or salts of the phosphonium radical
15/17	 Natural resins, resinous alcohols, resinous acids, or derivatives thereof 	15/432 by phosphonic acids or derivatives thereof
15/19	• with synthetic macromolecular compounds (with	15/433 by phosphoric acids
	synthetic rubber D06M 15/693)	15/437 containing fluorine
15/195	• • {sulfated or sulfonated}	15/45 Use of special catalysts
15/21	Macromolecular compounds obtained by	15/507 Polyesters
	reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon	15/5075 {containing sulfonic groups}
	unsaturated bonds	15/51 Unsaturated polymerisable polyesters
15/227	• • • of hydrocarbons, or reaction products thereof,	15/513 Polycarbonates
	e.g. afterhalogenated or sulfochlorinated	15/53 Polyethers (polyacetals <u>D06M 15/39</u>)
15/233	aromatic, e.g. styrene	15/55 Epoxy resins
15/244	of halogenated hydrocarbons (afterhalogenated	15/555 modified by compounds containing
	hydrocarbons D06M 15/227)	phosphorus

15/564	Polyureas, polyurethanes or other	23/02	• Processes in which the treating agent is releasably
	polymers having ureide or urethane links;		affixed or incorporated into a dispensing means
15/560	Precondensation products forming them	23/04	• Processes in which the treating agent is applied in
15/568	Reaction products of isocyanates with	22/04	the form of a foam
15/570	polyethers Reaction products of isocyanates with	23/06	 Processes in which the treating agent is dispersed in a gas, e.g. aerosols (aerosol compositions
15/572	polyesters or polyesteramides		C09K 3/30)
15/576	containing fluorine	23/08	• Processes in which the treating agent is applied in
15/579	modified by compounds containing	23/00	powder or granular form (adhesives for multi-layer
13/3/7	phosphorus		textile fabrics D06M 17/00)
15/59	Polyamides; Polyimides	23/10	• Processes in which the treating agent is dissolved
15/592	made from polymerised unsaturated fatty		or dispersed in organic solvents; Processes for the
	acids and polyamines		recovery of organic solvents thereof
15/595	Derivatives obtained by substitution of a	23/105	• • {Processes in which the solvent is in a
	hydrogen atom of the carboxamide radical		supercritical state}
15/598	• • • modified by compounds containing	23/12	• Processes in which the treating agent is incorporated
	phosphorus		in microcapsules (making microcapsules
15/61	Polyamines {polyimines}	22/14	B01J 13/02)
15/63	containing sulfur in the main chain, e.g.	23/14	Processes for the fixation or treatment of textile materials in three-dimensional forms
4 = 1 = 10	polysulfones	23/16	Processes for the non-uniform application
15/643	containing silicon in the main chain	23/10	of treating agents, e.g. one-sided treatment;
15/6433	{containing carboxylic groups}		Differential treatment
15/6436	• • • {containing amino groups}	23/18	for the chemical treatment of borders of fabrics or
15/647	containing polyether sequences		knittings; for the thermal or chemical fixation of
15/65 15/651	containing epoxy groups		cuttings, seams or fibre ends
15/652	 {comprising carboxylic groups} {comprising amino groups}	2101/00	
15/653	modified by isocyanate compounds	2101/00	Chemical constitution of the fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics or fibrous goods made from such materials,
15/657	containing fluorine		to be treated
15/667	containing phosphorus in the main chain		
	{(inorganic polyphosphates <u>D06M 11/72</u>)}		NOTES
15/673	containing phosphorus and nitrogen in the		This subclass constitutes an internal scheme for indexing only.
	main chain		indexing only.
15/673 15/687	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus,		indexing only.The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated
	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in		indexing only.The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups <u>D06M 11/00</u>,
15/687	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain		indexing only.The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated
	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives		indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00 , D06M 13/00 , D06M 15/00 , <a 00"="" 11="" d06m="" href="D06M</td></tr><tr><td>15/687
15/693</td><td>main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof</td><td></td><td>indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00 , D06M 15/00 , D06M 15/00 , D06M 23/00 and D06M 23/00
15/687 15/693 15/70	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment		indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in
15/687 15/693 15/70 15/705	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing		indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06
15/687 15/693 15/70	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment		indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of cellulose with amines is
15/687 15/693 15/70 15/705	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised		indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of cellulose with amines is classified and indexed in D06M 13/325 //
15/687 15/693 15/70 15/705 15/71 15/715	 main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof combined with mechanical treatment Embossing; Calendering; Pressing Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing 		indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of cellulose with amines is classified and indexed in D06M 13/325 // D06M 2101/06
15/687 15/693 15/70 15/705 15/71	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Biochemical treatment of fibres, threads, yarns,		indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of cellulose with amines is classified and indexed in D06M 13/325 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of polyester fibres with polyester
15/687 15/693 15/70 15/705 15/71 15/715	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Biochemical treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such		indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of cellulose with amines is classified and indexed in D06M 13/325 // D06M 2101/06
15/687 15/693 15/70 15/705 15/71 15/715 16/00	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Biochemical treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials, e.g. enzymatic		indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of cellulose with amines is classified and indexed in D06M 13/325 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of polyester fibres with polyester is classified and indexed in D06M 15/507 //
15/687 15/693 15/70 15/705 15/71 15/715 16/00	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Biochemical treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials, e.g. enzymatic . {with enzymes or microorganisms}		indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of cellulose with amines is classified and indexed in D06M 13/325 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of polyester fibres with polyester is classified and indexed in D06M 15/507 // D06M 2101/32
15/687 15/693 15/70 15/705 15/71 15/715 16/00	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Biochemical treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials, e.g. enzymatic		indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of cellulose with amines is classified and indexed in D06M 13/325 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of polyester fibres with polyester is classified and indexed in D06M 15/507 // D06M 2101/32 • the treatment of wool with pepsin is classified and indexed in D06M 16/00 // D06M 2101/12 • the treatment of cellulose with silicon
15/687 15/693 15/70 15/705 15/71 15/715 16/00 16/003 16/006	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Biochemical treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials, e.g. enzymatic . {with enzymes or microorganisms} . {with wool-protecting agents; with anti-moth agents}		indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of cellulose with amines is classified and indexed in D06M 13/325 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of polyester fibres with polyester is classified and indexed in D06M 15/507 // D06M 2101/32 • the treatment of wool with pepsin is classified and indexed in D06M 16/00 // D06M 2101/12 • the treatment of cellulose with silicon tetrachloride in the form of a foam is classified
15/687 15/693 15/70 15/705 15/71 15/715 16/00 16/003 16/006	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Biochemical treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials, e.g. enzymatic . {with enzymes or microorganisms} . {with wool-protecting agents; with anti-moth agents} Producing multi-layer textile fabrics		indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of cellulose with amines is classified and indexed in D06M 13/325 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of polyester fibres with polyester is classified and indexed in D06M 15/507 // D06M 2101/32 • the treatment of wool with pepsin is classified and indexed in D06M 16/00 // D06M 2101/12 • the treatment of cellulose with silicon tetrachloride in the form of a foam is classified and indexed in D06M 11/78, D06M 23/04 //
15/687 15/693 15/70 15/705 15/71 15/715 16/00 16/003 16/006 17/00 17/02	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Biochemical treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials, e.g. enzymatic . {with enzymes or microorganisms} . {with wool-protecting agents; with anti-moth agents} Producing multi-layer textile fabrics . by applying cellulose derivatives as adhesives		indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of cellulose with amines is classified and indexed in D06M 13/325 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of polyester fibres with polyester is classified and indexed in D06M 15/507 // D06M 2101/32 • the treatment of wool with pepsin is classified and indexed in D06M 16/00 // D06M 2101/12 • the treatment of cellulose with silicon tetrachloride in the form of a foam is classified
15/687 15/693 15/70 15/705 15/71 15/715 16/00 16/003 16/006 17/00 17/02 17/04	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Biochemical treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials, e.g. enzymatic . {with enzymes or microorganisms} . {with wool-protecting agents; with anti-moth agents} Producing multi-layer textile fabrics . by applying cellulose derivatives as adhesives . by applying synthetic resins as adhesives	2101/005	indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of cellulose with amines is classified and indexed in D06M 13/325 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of polyester fibres with polyester is classified and indexed in D06M 15/507 // D06M 2101/32 • the treatment of wool with pepsin is classified and indexed in D06M 16/00 // D06M 2101/12 • the treatment of cellulose with silicon tetrachloride in the form of a foam is classified and indexed in D06M 11/78, D06M 23/04 //
15/687 15/693 15/70 15/705 15/71 15/715 16/00 16/003 16/006 17/00 17/02 17/04 17/06	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Biochemical treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials, e.g. enzymatic . {with enzymes or microorganisms} . {with wool-protecting agents; with anti-moth agents} Producing multi-layer textile fabrics . by applying cellulose derivatives as adhesives . Polymers of vinyl compounds	2101/005	indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of cellulose with amines is classified and indexed in D06M 13/325 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of polyester fibres with polyester is classified and indexed in D06M 15/507 // D06M 2101/32 • the treatment of wool with pepsin is classified and indexed in D06M 16/00 // D06M 2101/12 • the treatment of cellulose with silicon tetrachloride in the form of a foam is classified and indexed in D06M 11/78, D06M 23/04 // D06M 2101/06.
15/687 15/693 15/70 15/705 15/71 15/715 16/00 16/003 16/006 17/00 17/02 17/04 17/06 17/08	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Biochemical treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials, e.g. enzymatic . {with enzymes or microorganisms} . {with wool-protecting agents; with anti-moth agents} Producing multi-layer textile fabrics . by applying cellulose derivatives as adhesives . by applying synthetic resins as adhesives . Polymers of vinyl compounds . Polyamides {polyimides}	2101/005	indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of cellulose with amines is classified and indexed in D06M 13/325 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of polyester fibres with polyester is classified and indexed in D06M 15/507 // D06M 2101/32 • the treatment of wool with pepsin is classified and indexed in D06M 16/00 // D06M 2101/12 • the treatment of cellulose with silicon tetrachloride in the form of a foam is classified and indexed in D06M 11/78, D06M 23/04 // D06M 2101/06. • {Asbestos fibres} NOTE
15/687 15/693 15/70 15/705 15/71 15/715 16/00 16/003 16/006 17/00 17/02 17/04 17/06 17/08 17/10	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Biochemical treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials, e.g. enzymatic . {with enzymes or microorganisms} . {with wool-protecting agents; with anti-moth agents} Producing multi-layer textile fabrics . by applying cellulose derivatives as adhesives . by applying synthetic resins as adhesives . Polymers of vinyl compounds . Polyamides {polyimides} . Polyurethanes {polyurea}	2101/005	indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of cellulose with amines is classified and indexed in D06M 13/325 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of polyester fibres with polyester is classified and indexed in D06M 15/507 // D06M 2101/32 • the treatment of wool with pepsin is classified and indexed in D06M 16/00 // D06M 2101/12 • the treatment of cellulose with silicon tetrachloride in the form of a foam is classified and indexed in D06M 11/78, D06M 23/04 // D06M 2101/06. • {Asbestos fibres} NOTE Blends of fibres are indexed according to each
15/687 15/693 15/70 15/705 15/71 15/715 16/00 16/003 16/006 17/00 17/02 17/04 17/06 17/08	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Biochemical treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials, e.g. enzymatic . {with enzymes or microorganisms} . {with wool-protecting agents; with anti-moth agents} Producing multi-layer textile fabrics . by applying cellulose derivatives as adhesives . by applying synthetic resins as adhesives . Polymers of vinyl compounds . Polyamides {polyimides}		 indexing only. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06 the treatment of cellulose with amines is classified and indexed in D06M 13/325 // D06M 2101/06 the treatment of polyester fibres with polyester is classified and indexed in D06M 15/507 // D06M 2101/32 the treatment of wool with pepsin is classified and indexed in D06M 16/00 // D06M 2101/12 the treatment of cellulose with silicon tetrachloride in the form of a foam is classified and indexed in D06M 11/78, D06M 23/04 // D06M 2101/06. {Asbestos fibres} NOTE Blends of fibres are indexed according to each constituent fibre
15/687 15/693 15/70 15/705 15/71 15/715 16/00 16/003 16/006 17/00 17/02 17/04 17/06 17/08 17/10	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Biochemical treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials, e.g. enzymatic . {with enzymes or microorganisms} . {with wool-protecting agents; with anti-moth agents} Producing multi-layer textile fabrics . by applying cellulose derivatives as adhesives . by applying synthetic resins as adhesives . Polymers of vinyl compounds . Polyamides {polyimides} . Polyurethanes {polyurea} Treatment of feathers Treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics	2101/02	indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of cellulose with amines is classified and indexed in D06M 13/325 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of polyester fibres with polyester is classified and indexed in D06M 15/507 // D06M 2101/32 • the treatment of wool with pepsin is classified and indexed in D06M 16/00 // D06M 2101/12 • the treatment of cellulose with silicon tetrachloride in the form of a foam is classified and indexed in D06M 11/78, D06M 23/04 // D06M 2101/06. • {Asbestos fibres} NOTE Blends of fibres are indexed according to each constituent fibre • Natural fibres, other than mineral fibres
15/687 15/693 15/70 15/705 15/71 15/715 16/00 16/003 16/006 17/00 17/02 17/04 17/06 17/08 17/10 19/00	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Biochemical treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials, e.g. enzymatic . {with enzymes or microorganisms} . {with wool-protecting agents; with anti-moth agents} Producing multi-layer textile fabrics . by applying cellulose derivatives as adhesives . by applying synthetic resins as adhesives . Polymers of vinyl compounds . Polyamides {polyimides} . Polyurethanes {polyurea} Treatment of feathers Treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics or fibrous goods made from such materials,	2101/02 2101/04	indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of cellulose with amines is classified and indexed in D06M 13/325 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of polyester fibres with polyester is classified and indexed in D06M 15/507 // D06M 2101/32 • the treatment of wool with pepsin is classified and indexed in D06M 16/00 // D06M 2101/12 • the treatment of cellulose with silicon tetrachloride in the form of a foam is classified and indexed in D06M 11/78, D06M 23/04 // D06M 2101/06. • {Asbestos fibres} NOTE Blends of fibres are indexed according to each constituent fibre • Natural fibres, other than mineral fibres • Vegetal fibres
15/687 15/693 15/70 15/705 15/71 15/715 16/00 16/003 16/006 17/00 17/02 17/04 17/06 17/08 17/10 19/00 23/00	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Biochemical treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials, e.g. enzymatic . {with enzymes or microorganisms} . {with wool-protecting agents; with anti-moth agents} Producing multi-layer textile fabrics . by applying cellulose derivatives as adhesives . by applying synthetic resins as adhesives . Polyamides {polyimides} . Polyamides {polyimides} . Polyurethanes {polyurea} Treatment of feathers Treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics or fibrous goods made from such materials, characterised by the process	2101/02 2101/04 2101/06	indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of cellulose with amines is classified and indexed in D06M 13/325 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of polyester fibres with polyester is classified and indexed in D06M 15/507 // D06M 2101/32 • the treatment of wool with pepsin is classified and indexed in D06M 16/00 // D06M 2101/12 • the treatment of cellulose with silicon tetrachloride in the form of a foam is classified and indexed in D06M 11/78, D06M 23/04 // D06M 2101/06. • {Asbestos fibres} NOTE Blends of fibres are indexed according to each constituent fibre • Natural fibres, other than mineral fibres • Vegetal fibres • Cellulosic
15/687 15/693 15/70 15/705 15/71 15/715 16/00 16/003 16/006 17/00 17/02 17/04 17/06 17/08 17/10 19/00	main chain containing atoms other than phosphorus, silicon, sulfur, nitrogen, oxygen or carbon in the main chain . with natural or synthetic rubber, or derivatives thereof . combined with mechanical treatment . Embossing; Calendering; Pressing . Cooling; Steaming or heating, e.g. in fluidised beds; with molten metals . Suction; Vacuum treatment; Degassing; Blowing Biochemical treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, or fibrous goods made from such materials, e.g. enzymatic . {with enzymes or microorganisms} . {with wool-protecting agents; with anti-moth agents} Producing multi-layer textile fabrics . by applying cellulose derivatives as adhesives . by applying synthetic resins as adhesives . Polymers of vinyl compounds . Polyamides {polyimides} . Polyurethanes {polyurea} Treatment of feathers Treatment of fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics or fibrous goods made from such materials,	2101/02 2101/04	indexing only. 2. The indexing codes relate to the fibres to be treated and are to be used with the groups D06M 11/00, D06M 13/00, D06M 15/00, D06M 16/00 and D06M 23/00 Examples: • the swelling of cellulose with alkaline hydroxides is classified and indexed in D06M 11/38 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of cellulose with amines is classified and indexed in D06M 13/325 // D06M 2101/06 • the treatment of polyester fibres with polyester is classified and indexed in D06M 15/507 // D06M 2101/32 • the treatment of wool with pepsin is classified and indexed in D06M 16/00 // D06M 2101/12 • the treatment of cellulose with silicon tetrachloride in the form of a foam is classified and indexed in D06M 11/78, D06M 23/04 // D06M 2101/06. • {Asbestos fibres} NOTE Blends of fibres are indexed according to each constituent fibre • Natural fibres, other than mineral fibres • Vegetal fibres

D06M

2101/12	Keratin fibres or silk
2101/14	Collagen fibres
2101/16	Synthetic fibres, other than mineral fibres
2101/18	Synthetic fibres consisting of macromolecular
	compounds obtained by reactions only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated bonds
2101/20	Polyalkenes, polymers or copolymers of
	compounds with alkenyl groups bonded to
2101/22	aromatic groups
2101/22	• • Polymers or copolymers of halogenated mono- olefins
2101/24	Polymers or copolymers of alkenylalcohols
	or esters thereof; Polymers or copolymers of alkenylethers, acetals or ketones
2101/26	Polymers or copolymers of unsaturated
2101/20	carboxylic acids or derivatives thereof
2101/28	Acrylonitrile; Methacrylonitrile
2101/30	Synthetic polymers consisting of macromolecular
	compounds obtained otherwise than by reactions
	only involving carbon-to-carbon unsaturated
	bonds
2101/32	Polyesters
2101/34	Polyamides
2101/36	Aromatic polyamides
2101/38	Polyurethanes
2101/40	Fibres of carbon
2200/00	Functionality of the treatment composition and/or
	properties imparted to the textile material
2200/01	Stain or soil resistance
2200/01 2200/05	
	. Stain or soil resistance
2200/05	Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect
2200/05 2200/10	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12 2200/20	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12 2200/20	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12 2200/20	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12 2200/20	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12 2200/20 2200/25	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12 2200/20 2200/25	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12 2200/20 2200/25 2200/30 2200/35	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties Abrasion, pilling or fibrillation resistance
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12 2200/20 2200/25 2200/30 2200/35	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties Abrasion, pilling or fibrillation resistance Reduced friction resistance, lubricant properties;
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12 2200/20 2200/25 2200/30 2200/35 2200/40	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties Abrasion, pilling or fibrillation resistance Reduced friction resistance, lubricant properties; Sizing compositions
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12 2200/20 2200/25 2200/30 2200/35 2200/40 2200/45	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties Abrasion, pilling or fibrillation resistance Reduced friction resistance, lubricant properties; Sizing compositions Shrinking resistance, anti-felting properties
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12 2200/20 2200/25 2200/30 2200/35 2200/40 2200/45	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties Abrasion, pilling or fibrillation resistance Reduced friction resistance, lubricant properties; Sizing compositions Shrinking resistance, anti-felting properties Modified hand or grip properties; Softening compositions
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12 2200/20 2200/25 2200/30 2200/35 2200/40 2200/45 2200/50	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties Abrasion, pilling or fibrillation resistance Reduced friction resistance, lubricant properties; Sizing compositions Shrinking resistance, anti-felting properties Modified hand or grip properties; Softening
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12 2200/20 2200/25 2200/30 2200/35 2200/40 2200/45 2200/50	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties Abrasion, pilling or fibrillation resistance Reduced friction resistance, lubricant properties; Sizing compositions Shrinking resistance, anti-felting properties Modified hand or grip properties; Softening compositions Specific information on the treatment
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12 2200/20 2200/25 2200/30 2200/35 2200/40 2200/45 2200/50	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties Abrasion, pilling or fibrillation resistance Reduced friction resistance, lubricant properties; Sizing compositions Shrinking resistance, anti-felting properties Modified hand or grip properties; Softening compositions Specific information on the treatment or the process itself not provided in D06M 23/00-D06M 23/18 Creating covalent bondings between the treating
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12 2200/20 2200/25 2200/35 2200/40 2200/45 2200/50 2400/00	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties Abrasion, pilling or fibrillation resistance Reduced friction resistance, lubricant properties; Sizing compositions Shrinking resistance, anti-felting properties Modified hand or grip properties; Softening compositions Specific information on the treatment or the process itself not provided in D06M 23/00-D06M 23/18 Creating covalent bondings between the treating agent and the fibre
2200/05 2200/10 2200/11 2200/12 2200/20 2200/25 2200/35 2200/40 2200/45 2200/50 2400/00	 Stain or soil resistance Lotus effect Repellency against liquids Oleophobic properties Hydrophobic properties Treatment influencing the crease behaviour, the wrinkle resistance, the crease recovery or the ironing ease Resistance to light or sun, i.e. protection of the textile itself as well as UV shielding materials or treatment compositions therefor; Anti-yellowing treatments Flame or heat resistance, fire retardancy properties Abrasion, pilling or fibrillation resistance Reduced friction resistance, lubricant properties; Sizing compositions Shrinking resistance, anti-felting properties Modified hand or grip properties; Softening compositions Specific information on the treatment or the process itself not provided in D06M 23/00-D06M 23/18 Creating covalent bondings between the treating