CPC  COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

D  TEXTILES; PAPER

TEXTILES OR FLEXIBLE MATERIALS NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR

D01  NATURAL OR MAN-MADE THREADS OR FIBRES; SPINNING

NOTE
In this class, the following terms are used with the meanings indicated:
• “fibre” means a relatively-short, elongated member of natural or man-made material;
• “filament” means an endless or quasi-endless, elongated member of natural or man-made material;
• “yarn” means a unitary assembly of fibres, usually produced by spinning;
• “thread” means an assembly of yarns or filaments, usually produced by twisting;
• “synthetic” fibres or filaments means fibres or filaments or the like manufactured from synthesising polymers or small molecules. Examples are polyamide, acrylic, polyester or carbon fibres;
• “artificial” fibres or filaments means fibres or filaments or the like manufactured by man from natural polymers or their derivatives. Examples are regenerated cellulosic fibres or semi-synthetic fibres;
• “man-made” fibres or filaments means fibres or filaments which are manufactured by man including "synthetic” or “artificial” fibres.

D01B  MECHANICAL TREATMENT OF NATURAL FIBROUS OR FILAMENTARY MATERIAL TO OBTAIN FIBRES OF FILAMENTS, e.g. FOR SPINNING (crude extraction of asbestos fibres from ores B03B; apparatus for retting D01C)

NOTE
Attention is drawn to the note following the title of Class D01

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D01C  CHEMICAL TREATMENT OF NATURAL FILAMENTARY OR FIBROUS MATERIAL TO OBTAIN FILAMENTS OR FIBRES FOR SPINNING; CARBONISING RAGS TO RECOVER ANIMAL FIBRES

NOTE
Attention is drawn to the note following the title of Class D01

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D01D  MECHANICAL METHODS OR APPARATUS IN THE MANUFACTURE OF ARTIFICIAL FILAMENTS, THREADS, FIBRES, BRISTLES OR RIBBONS

NOTES
1. Attention is drawn to the note following the title of Class D01.
2. Apparatus specially adapted for the manufacture of carbon filaments are classified in group D01F 9/12

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.
D01F  CHEMICAL FEATURES IN THE MANUFACTURE OF ARTIFICIAL FILAMENTS, THREADS, FIBRES, BRISTLES OR RIBBONS; APPARATUS SPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF CARBON FILAMENTS

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D01G  PRELIMINARY TREATMENT OF FIBRES, e.g. FOR SPINNING (winding or unwinding, conducting or guiding laps, webs, slivers or rovings in general, sliver or roving cans, depositing in sliver or roving cabs B65H; preparation of fibres for paper-making D21)

NOTE
Attention is drawn to the note following the title of Class D01.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D01H  SPINNING OR TWISTING (unwinding, paying-out, forwarding, winding or coiling filamentary material not intimately associated with spinning or twisting B65H; cores, formers, supports or holders for coiled or wound material, e.g. bobbins B65H; twisting oakum D01G 35/00; crimping or curling of fibres, filaments or yarns D02G 1/00; making chenille D03D, D04D 3/00; testing yarns, rovings, slivers, fibres, or fibre webs G01)

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D02  YARNS; MECHANICAL FINISHING OF YARNS OR ROPES; WARPING OR BEAMING

NOTE
In this class, the following terms are used with the meanings indicated:
• “fibre” means a relatively-short, elongated member of natural or artificial material;
• “filament” means an endless or quasi-endless, elongated member of natural or artificial material;
• “yarn” means a unitary assembly of fibres, usually produced by spinning;
• “thread” means an assembly of yarns or filaments, usually produced by twisting.

D02G  CRIMPING OR CURLING FIBRES, FILAMENTS, THREADS, OR YARNS; YARNS OR THREADS

NOTE
Attention is drawn to the note following the title of class D02.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D02H  WARPING, BEAMING OR LEASING

NOTE
Attention is drawn to the note following the title of Class D02.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.
D02J  FINISHING OR DRESSING OF FILAMENTS, YARNS, THREADS, CORDS, ROPES OR THE LIKE (curling or crimping D02G; by treatment with liquids, gases or vapours D06B; finishing other than by liquid treatment, of yarns in warp or sheet form D06C; for chemical matters, see D06L, D06M, D06P, D06Q; treatment during rope-making, apparatus for treating ropes auxiliary to rope-making D07B)

NOTE
Attention is drawn to the note following the title of Class D02.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D03  WEAVING

D03C  SHEDDING MECHANISMS; PATTERN CARDS OR CHAINS; PUNCHING OF CARDS; DESIGNING PATTERNS

WARNINGS
1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:
   D03C 9/04 covered by D03C 9/028
2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D03D  WOVEN FABRICS; METHODS OF WEAVING; LOOMS

NOTES
1. Class D06 takes precedence over this subclass in respect of processes involving both weaving and finishing steps and in respect of the finished fabrics.
2. A method of weaving is classified in the group designating the fabric woven unless the method is characterised by the operation of a particular loom rather than by the production of a particular fabric. In this case, the method is classified in the group for the loom.
3. In this subclass, further classification in indexing scheme D10B for aspects relating to textiles is required.
4. In this subclass, if there is any doubt as to which of the essential features is the most important (this is usually the most restrictive feature), the groups designating woven fabrics should be considered in the order in which they appear at each level of indentation, except that groups designating woven pile fabrics are to be considered as taking precedence over groups designating other woven fabrics.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D03J  AUXILIARY WEAVING APPARATUS; WEAVERS' TOOLS; SHUTTLES

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D04  BRAIDING; LACE-MAKING; KNITTING; TRIMMINGS; NON-WOVEN FABRICS

D04B  KNITTING

NOTES
1. In this subclass, the groups designating machines, apparatus, devices, or implements include processes characterised by, or dependent on, their use and the products of such processes
2. Knitted products, i.e. fabrics, articles, are classified in this subclass only if they have constructional features which are of interest from the knitting aspect
3. In this subclass, further classification in indexing scheme D10B for aspects relating to textiles is required.
WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D04C  BRAIDING OR MANUFACTURE OF LACE, INCLUDING BOBBIN-NET OR CARBONISED LACE; BRAIDING MACHINES; BRAID; LACE (machines for making soles from strips of material A43D 29/00; cane working B27J 1/00)

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D04D  TRIMMINGS; RIBBONS, TAPES OR BANDS, NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR (fittings or trimmings for hats, e.g. hat bands A42C 5/00; decorating art B44; yarns or threads D02G; weaving D03; braid or lace D04C; non-woven fabrics D04H)

NOTE
In this subclass, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:
• “trimmings” means decorative or ornamental articles made wholly or partly of textile or analogous material, or strips of textile or analogous material intended to be used for decorative or ornamental purposes, not otherwise provided for

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D04G  MAKING NETS BY KNOTTING OF FILAMENTARY MATERIAL; MAKING KNOTTED CARPETS OR TAPESTRIES; KNOTTING NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR (binding knotters for harvesters A01D 59/04; wire netting B21F; tying articles by knotting B65B; knotting in association with winding or unwinding B65H 69/00; knotting in weaving D03J; making nets, carpets, or tapestries by other techniques, see the relevant subclasses)

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D04H  MAKING TEXTILE FABRICS, e.g. FROM FIBRES OR FILAMENTARY MATERIAL (weaving D03; knitting D04B; braiding {or lace-making} D04C; net-making {or making knotted carpets} D04G; sewing D05B; tufting D05C, {e.g. D05C 15/04}; finishing non-woven fabrics D06); FABRICS MADE BY SUCH PROCESSES OR APPARATUS, e.g. FELTS, NON-WOVEN FABRICS; COTTON-WOOL; WADDING {NON-WOVEN FABRICS FROM STAPLE FIBRES, FILAMENTS OR YARNS, BONDED WITH AT LEAST ONE WEB-LIKE MATERIAL DURING THEIR CONSOLIDATION} (non-woven fabrics having an intermediate or external layer of a different kind, e.g. of woven fabric, B32B; {manufacturing hats A42C; filtering material B01D 39/00; making board or the like from wood fibre B27N; producing shaped articles from mixtures containing fibres B28B 1/52; making layered products from solid layers, at least one of which contains synthetic resin as an essential component B32B 27/00; making or treating glass wool and mineral wool C03B 37/00; compounding ingredients used as fillers for mortars and the like C04B 14/38, C04B 16/06, C04B 20/0048; sintering plastics particles C08J 9/24; manufacturing by extrusion of synthetic filaments and fibres in general D01D; paper D21C - D21H; making shaped articles from liquid suspensions of cellulose fibres D21J})

NOTES
1. In this subclass, the following expression is used with the meaning indicated:
• “non-woven fabrics” means fabrics formed wholly or partly of textile material by processes comprising operations other than the weaving, knitting, braiding, lacing, or knotting of yarns, threads, or filaments for which provision is made in other subclasses of Section D. This expression includes felts, cotton-wool, and wadding.
2. In this subclass:
   • some of the non-woven fabrics can also be regarded as "layered products" within the meaning of subclass B32B, and
     further classification in that subclass should be considered in accordance with the notes thereto;
   • in cases where the making of non-woven fabrics involves the use of particular chemical compounds or compositions,
     e.g. for treating or bonding fibres, filaments, or yarns, further classification in other appropriate subclasses should also be
     considered.

3. By varying the proportions of fibres or threads, and the chemical compounds or compositions, the final products may be given
   the appearance of paper, cardboard, leather or the like.

4. In this subclass, a number of groups, e.g. D04H 1/067, correspond to IPC2012.01

WARNINGS

1. Documents of the complete subclass D04H including all subgroups are in the process of being reorganised to the new groups
   corresponding to the IPC 2012.01 classification scheme defined below.

2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the
   scheme.

D05 SEWING; EMBROIDERING; TUFTING

D05B SEWING (appliances for the tailoring trade A41H; sewing tables A47B 29/00; sewing in bookbinding B42B 2/00; sewing machines modified for knitting D04B 39/08)

NOTE

In this subclass, the groups designating sewing apparatus or machines cover also sewing processes dependent on their use, and
the thread seams produced thereby

WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the
scheme.

D05C EMBROIDERING; TUFTING (making non-woven fabrics D04H; sewing D05B)

WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the
scheme.

D05D INDEXING SCHEME ASSOCIATED WITH SUBCLASSES D05B AND D05C, RELATING TO SEWING, EMBROIDERING AND TUFTING

NOTE

This subclass constitutes an internal scheme for indexing only.

D06 TREATMENT OF TEXTILES OR THE LIKE; LAUNDERING; FLEXIBLE MATERIALS NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR

D06B TREATING TEXTILE MATERIALS USING LIQUIDS, GASES OR VAPOURS

(means of treatment of natural fibrous or filamentary material to obtain fibres or filaments D01B)

NOTES

1. In this subclass, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:
   • "fabric" includes yarns in warp or sheet form;
   • "textile material" includes fabrics, yarns or other fibrous materials;
   • "infinite length" means an extent of material having the characteristic that the longitudinal dimension is effectively
     infinite in so far as the procedure for advancing or moving the material is concerned.

2. This subclass does not cover treatment of textiles by purely chemical means, which is covered by subclasses D06L - D06Q.

WARNING

[In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the
scheme.]
D06C  FINISHING, DRESSING, TENTERING OR STRETCHING TEXTILE FABRICS

NOTES
1. In this subclass, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:
   • “fabric” includes yarns in warp or sheet form
2. This subclass does not cover treatment of textiles by purely chemical means, which is covered by subclasses D06L - D06Q.

WARNING
{In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.}

D06F  LAUNDERING, DRYING, IRONING, PRESSING OR FOLDING TEXTILE ARTICLES

NOTES
1. This subclass covers:
   • domestic or laundry dry-cleaning apparatus using volatile solvents;
   • domestic, laundry, or tailors' ironing or other hot-pressing of clothes, linen, or other textile articles.
2. This subclass does not cover:
   • apparatus for wringing, washing, dry-cleaning, ironing, or other hot-pressing of textiles in manufacturing operations, which is covered by subclasses D06B, D06C.
   • treatment of textiles by purely chemical means, which is covered by subclasses D06L, D06M.

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D06G  MECHANICAL OR PRESSURE CLEANING OF CARPETS, RUGS, SACKS, HIDES, OR OTHER SKIN OR TEXTILE ARTICLES OR FABRICS; TURNING INSIDE-OUT FLEXIBLE TUBULAR OR OTHER HOLLOW ARTICLES

D06H  MARKING, INSPECTING, SEAMING OR SEVERING TEXTILE MATERIALS (seaming by sewing D05B)

WARNING
{In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.}

D06J  PLEATING, KILTING OR GOFFERING TEXTILE FABRICS OR WEARING APPAREL ( {corrugating, creasing, or otherwise deforming paper, or material worked in a manner analogous to paper, without removing material B31F; } by sewing D05B)

D06L  DRY-CLEANING, WASHING OR BLEACHING FIBRES, FILAMENTS, THREADS, YARNS, FABRICS, FEATHERS OR MADE-UP FIBROUS GOODS; BLEACHING LEATHER OR FURS

NOTES
1. In this subclass, the term “bleaching” also covers “optical bleaching”.
2. This subclass does not cover treatment of textiles by purely mechanical means, which is covered by subclasses D06B, D06C or D06F.

D06M  TREATMENT, NOT PROVIDED FOR ELSEWHERE IN CLASS D06, OF FIBRES, THREADS, YARNS, FABRICS, FEATHERS OR FIBROUS GOODS MADE FROM SUCH MATERIALS

NOTES
1. In each of the groups D06M 11/00 - D06M 15/00, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, a substance is classified in the last appropriate place.
2. Within each one of main groups D06M 11/00 - D06M 15/00, a mixture of substances is classified at least according to the essential ingredient. If more than one ingredient is essential, the mixture is classified, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, according to the essential ingredient which belongs to the last appropriate place in the sequence of substances;
D06M (continued)

3. Treatment by mixtures of substances covered by two or more of main groups D06M 11/00 - D06M 15/00 is classified in each appropriate main group.

4. In this subclass, the treatment of textiles, not provided for elsewhere in class D06, is classified according to the following principles:
   • Treatment of textiles characterised by the treating agent in groups D06M 11/00 - D06M 16/00;
   • Treatment of textiles characterised by the process in group D06M 23/00.

WARNING

[In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.]

D06N

WALL, FLOOR, OR LIKE COVERING MATERIALS, e.g. LINOLEUM, OILCLOTH, ARTIFICIAL LEATHER, ROOFING FELT, CONSISTING OF A FIBROUS WEB COATED WITH A LAYER OF MACROMOLECULAR MATERIAL; FLEXIBLE SHEET MATERIAL NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR

NOTE

Layered products classified in this subclass are also classified in subclass B32B.

WARNINGS

1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:
   - D06N 7/02 covered by D06N 7/0002 – D06N 7/0097
   - D06N 7/04 covered by D06N 7/0002 – D06N 7/0097
   - D06N 7/06 covered by D06N 7/0002 – D06N 7/0097

2. [In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.]

D06P

DYEING OR PRINTING TEXTILES; DYEING LEATHER, FURS OR SOLID MACROMOLECULAR SUBSTANCES IN ANY FORM

NOTE

This subclass does not cover treatment of textiles by purely mechanical means, which is covered by subclasses D06B, D06C.

WARNINGS

1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:
   - D06P 3/84 covered by D06P 3/82
   - D06P 3/85 covered by D06P 3/82
   - D06P 3/852 covered by D06P 3/82
   - D06P 3/86 covered by D06P 3/82
   - D06P 3/87 covered by D06P 3/82
   - D06P 3/872 covered by D06P 3/82
   - D06P 3/874 covered by D06P 3/82
   - D06P 5/24 - D06P 5/28 covered by D06P 5/003 and s.gr.

2. [In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.]

D06Q

DECORATING TEXTILES (textile threads, filaments, yarns or tow, glued on macromolecular material D06N 7/00)

NOTES

1. In this subclass, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:
   • “decorating” means “local treatment” or “local effects produced” as to change, e.g. optically, the appearance or the properties of textile materials

2. This subclass does not cover treatment of textiles by purely mechanical means, which is covered by subclasses D06B - D06J.

WARNING

[In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.]

D07

ROPES; CABLES OTHER THAN ELECTRIC
D07B  ROPES OR CABLES IN GENERAL (joining ropes or cables to one another or to other objects B65H 69/00, F16G 11/00; {mountaineering ropes A63B 29/02}; mechanical finishing or dressing of ropes D02J; {braiding D04C}; decorative ropes or cords D04D; suspension cables for bridges E01D 19/16; specially adapted for driving, or for being driven by, pulleys or other gearing elements F16G 9/00; electric cables or joints insofar as electrical aspects are essential H01B, H01R)

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D10  INDEXING SCHEME ASSOCIATED WITH SUBLASSES OF SECTION D, RELATING TO TEXTILES

D10B  INDEXING SCHEME ASSOCIATED WITH SUBLASSES OF SECTION D, RELATING TO TEXTILES

NOTES
1. This subclass constitutes a scheme for indexing only.
2. The indexing codes of this subclass, relating to the chemical constitution of the fibrous materials, are to be associated with groups of section D, with the exception of those of subclass D06M, as far as these groups themselves do not give information about the chemical nature of the fibres.
3. In a number of fields, the indexing codes relating to the chemical constitution of the fibrous materials are not allotted to documents having an abstract in which the chemical constitution is clearly stated, e.g. if the abstract mentions “polyamide”, code D10B 2331/021 is not allotted.
4. Blends of fibres are indexed according to each constituent fibre.

PAPER

D21  PAPER-MAKING; PRODUCTION OF CELLULOSE

D21B  FIBROUS RAW MATERIALS OR THEIR MECHANICAL TREATMENT

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D21C  PRODUCTION OF CELLULOSE BY REMOVING NON-CELLULOSE SUBSTANCES FROM CELLULOSE-CONTAINING MATERIALS; REGENERATION OF PULPING LIQUORS; APPARATUS THEREFOR

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D21D  TREATMENT OF THE MATERIALS BEFORE PASSING TO THE PAPER-MAKING MACHINE

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D21F  PAPER-MAKING MACHINES; METHODS OF PRODUCING PAPER THEREON

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.
D21G  CALENDERS; ACCESSORIES FOR PAPER-MAKING MACHINES (winders or rewinders for finished products, means for adjustment of wrinkles or lateral extensions B65H)

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D21H  PULP COMPOSITIONS; PREPARATION THEREOF NOT COVERED BY SUBCLASSES D21C OR D21D; IMPREGNATING OR COATING OF PAPER; TREATMENT OF FINISHED PAPER NOT COVERED BY CLASS B31 OR SUBCLASS D21G; PAPER NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR

NOTES
1. This subclass covers also pulp compositions for the preparation of fibreboard or other fibrous articles by wet processes.
2. In this subclass, the following terms are used with the meaning indicated:
   - "pulp" means a dispersion, e.g. an aqueous suspension, comprising paper-making fibres and optional additives, which is to be processed, and covers the term "stock"; it also means dry paper-making fibres which are to be made into paper by either wet or dry processes;
   - "paper" means paper, cardboard or wet-laid non-woven fabrics.
3. In groups D21H 11/00 - D21H 15/00, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.

WARNINGS
1. The following IPC group is not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for this IPC group is classified in the following CPC group: D21H 27/12 covered by D21H 27/00, H01B 3/52
2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D21J  FIBREBOARD; MANUFACTURE OF ARTICLES FROM CELLULOSIC FIBROUS SUSPENSIONS OR FROM PAPIER-MACHE (manufacture of articles by dry processes B27N)

WARNING
In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

D99  SUBJECT MATTER NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SECTION

D99Z  SUBJECT MATTER NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SECTION

NOTE
This subclass covers subject matter that:

a. Is not provided for, but is most closely related to, the subject matter covered by the subclasses of this section, and
b. Is not explicitly covered by any subclass of another section.