CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

B PERFORMING OPERATIONS; TRANSPORTING (NOTES omitted)

SEPARATING; MIXING

B06 GENERATING OR TRANSMITTING MECHANICAL VIBRATIONS IN GENERAL

MECHANICAL VIBRATIONS OF INFRASONIC, SONIC, OR ULTRASONIC FREQUENCY, {e.g.} FOR PERFORMING MECHANICAL WORK IN GENERAL (for particular applications, see the relevant subclasses, e.g. B07B 1/40, B23Q 17/12, B24B 31/06; measurement of mechanical vibrations G01H; in direction finding, locating, distance or velocity measuring G01S; {generating seismic energy G01V 1/02}; control of mechanical vibrations in general G05D; sound-producing devices, e.g. bells, sirens, whistles G10K, {e.g. methods or devices for transmitting, conducting, or directing sound in general G10K 11/00}; generation of electrical oscillations H03B; electromechanical resonators in general H03H; electromechanical transducers {for communication techniques, e.g. microphones, speakers} H04R)

WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

1/00	Methods or apparatus for generating mechanical vibrations of infrasonic, sonic, or ultrasonic frequency	1/0603 {using a piezo-electric bender, e.g. bimorph} 1/0607 {using multiple elements (B06B 1/064 and B06B 1/0688 take precedence)}
1/02	• making use of electrical energy (<u>B06B 1/18</u> ,	1/0611 {in a pile}
	<u>B06B 1/20</u> take precedence)	1/0614 {for generating several frequencies}
1/0207	• • {Driving circuits (specially adapted for particular applications, see the relevant subclass, e.g.	1/0618 {of piezo- and non-piezo-electric elements, e.g. 'Tonpilz'}
	<u>G01</u> ; circuits for steering transducer arrays	1/0622 {on one surface}
	<u>G10K 11/34</u> ; basic circuits <u>H03</u>)}	1/0625 {Annular array}
1/0215	• • • {for generating pulses, e.g. bursts of	1/0629 {Square array}
	oscillations, envelopes}	1/0633 {Cylindrical array}
1/0223	• • • {for generating signals continuous in time}	1/0637 {Spherical array}
1/023	• • • { and stepped in amplitude, e.g. square wave,	1/064 {with multiple active layers}
	2-level signal}	1/0644 {using a single piezo-electric element
1/0238	• • • { of a single frequency, e.g. a sine-wave}	(B06B 1/0688 takes precedence)
1/0246	• • • • { with a feedback signal }	1/0648 {of rectangular shape}
1/0253	• • • • { taken directly from the generator	1/0651 {of circular shape}
	circuit}	1/0655 {of cylindrical shape}
1/0261	{taken from a transducer or electrode	1/0659 { of U-shape }
1/02/0	connected to the driving transducer}	1/0662 { with an electrode on the sensitive surface }
1/0269	• • • { for generating multiple frequencies }	1/0666 {used as a diaphragm}
1/0276	• • • • { with simultaneous generation, e.g. with modulation, harmonics }	1/067 { which is used as, or combined with, an impedance matching layer}
1/0284	• • • • { with consecutive, i.e. sequential	1/0674 {and a low impedance backing, e.g. air}
1/0202	generation, e.g. with frequency sweep}	1/0677 {and a high impedance backing}
1/0292	• {Electrostatic transducers, e.g. electret-type}	1/0681 {and a damping structure}
1/04	• operating with electromagnetism (dynamo-	1/0685 {on the back only of piezo-electric
	electric motors with vibrating magnet, armature or coil system <u>H02K 33/00</u>)	elements}
1/045	 {using vibrating magnet, armature or coil system} 	1/0688 { with foil-type piezo-electric elements, e.g. PVDF}
1/06	operating with piezo-electric effect or with electrostriction (piezo-electric or electrostrictive)	1/0692 • • • • { with a continuous electrode on one side and a plurality of electrodes on the other side }
	devices per se <u>H01L 41/00</u>)	1/0696 { with a plurality of electrodes on both sides}

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1/08	• • operating with magnetostriction (magnetostrictive devices per se H01L 41/00)
1/085	• • • {using multiple elements, e.g. arrays}
1/10	• making use of mechanical energy (<u>B06B 1/18</u> , <u>B06B 1/20</u> take precedence)
1/12	operating with systems involving reciprocating masses
1/14	the masses being elastically coupled
1/16	• operating with systems involving rotary
	unbalanced masses {(electrical motors
	using rotary unbalanced masses in general H02K 7/061)}
1/161	• • • {Adjustable systems, i.e. where amplitude
	or direction of frequency of vibration can be varied}
1/162	• • • • {Making use of masses with adjustable
	amount of eccentricity}
1/163	{the amount of eccentricity being only adjustable when the system is stationary (B06B 1/165 takes precedence)}
1/164	 {the amount of eccentricity being automatically variable as a function of the running condition, e.g. speed, direction (B06B 1/165 takes precedence)}
1/165	• • • • { with fluid masses or the like }
1/166	{Where the phase-angle of masses mounted
	on counter-rotating shafts can be varied, e.g.
1/1/5	variation of the vibration phase}
1/167	 . • {Orbital vibrators having masses being driven by planetary gearings, rotating cranks or the like}
1/168	{Rotary pendulum vibrators}
1/18	• wherein the vibrator is actuated by pressure fluid (B06B 1/20 takes precedence)
1/183	• • {operating with reciprocating masses}
1/186	• • {operating with rotary unbalanced masses}
1/20	• making use of a vibrating fluid {(whistles or sirens
	per se G10K)}
3/00	Methods or apparatus specially adapted for
transmitting mechanical vibrations of infrasonic,	
	sonic, or ultrasonic frequency
3/02	 involving a change of amplitude
3/04	 involving focusing or reflecting
2201/00	Indexing scheme associated with <u>B06B 1/0207</u> for
2201/00	details covered by <u>B06B 1/0207</u> but not provided
	for in any of its subgroups
2201/20	Application to multi-element transducer
2201/30	with electronic damping
2201/40	• with testing, calibrating, safety devices, built-in protection, construction details
2201/50	Application to a particular transducer type
2201/51	Electrostatic transducer
2201/52	Electrodynamic transducer
2201/53	with vibrating magnet or coil
2201/54	Electromagnetic acoustic transducers [EMAT]
2201/55	Piezoelectric transducer
2201/56	Foil type, e.g. PVDF
2201/57	Electrostrictive transducer
2201/58	Magnetostrictive transducer
2201/70	Specific application
2201/71	Cleaning in a tank
2201/72	Welding, joining, soldering

2201/73

 Drilling

 2201/74

 Underwater

 2201/75

 Repelling animals, insects, humans

 2201/76

 Medical, dental

 2201/77

 Atomizers

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