G21H

OBTAINING ENERGY FROM RADIOACTIVE SOURCES; APPLICATIONS OF RADIATION FROM RADIOACTIVE SOURCES, NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR; UTILISING COSMIC RADIATION (measurement of nuclear or X-radiation G01T; fusion reactors G21B; nuclear reactors G21C; lamps in which a gas filling is excited to luminescence by external corpuscular radiation or by radioactive material structurally associated with the lamp H01J 65/04, H01J 65/06)

Definition statement

This place covers:

Arrangements for obtaining electrical energy from radioactive sources, e.g. from radioactive isotopes.

Arrangements for direct conversion of radiation energy from radioactive sources into forms of energy other than electrical energy.

Applications of radiation from radioactive sources or arrangements therefor, not otherwise provided for.

Use of effects of cosmic radiation.

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

Measurement of nuclear or X-radiation	<u>G01T</u>
Fusion reactors	<u>G21B</u>
Nuclear fission reactors	<u>G21C</u>
Lamps in which a gas filling is excited to luminescence by external corpuscular radiation or by radioactive material structurally associated with the lamp	H01J 65/04
Lamps in which a gas filling is excited to luminescence by radioactive material	<u>H01J 65/06</u>

Application-oriented references

Examples of places where the subject matter of this place is covered when specially adapted, used for a particular purpose, or incorporated in a larger system:

Use of radiation to produce mutation in plants	A01H 1/06
Preservation of meat, sausages, fish or fish products by irradiation without heating effect	A23B 4/015
Preservation of eggs by irradiation without heating effect	A23B 5/015
Preservation of fruits or vegetables by irradiation without heating effect	A23B 7/015
Preservation of edible seeds by irradiation without heating effect	A23B 9/06
Preservation of milk or milk preparations by irradiation	A23B 11/16
Preservation of non-alcoholic beverages or foodstuffs by irradiation without heating	A23B 70/50

Medicinal preparations obtained by treating materials with wave energy or particle radiation	A61K 41/00
Methods or apparatus using radiation for disinfecting or sterilising materials or objects other than foodstuffs or contact lenses	A61L 2/08
Devices for implanting pellets, e.g. markers or solid medicaments	A61M 37/0069
Radiation therapy	A61N 5/00
Direct application of radiation to physical, chemical or physico-chemical processes in general	B01J 19/08
Use of radiation for separating dispersed particles from gases or vapour, e.g. air or by electrostatic effect	B03C 3/38
Use of radiation for pre-treatment of surfaces to which liquids or other fluent materials are to be applied or after-treatment of applied coatings	B05D 3/06
Use of radiation in the working of plastics; After-treatment of articles without altering their shape; Apparatus therefor	B29C 71/04
Railway trackside devices actuated by radiation and controlled by interaction with a vehicle or train	B61L 1/10
Railway trackside devices using radiation to control devices on a vehicle or train	B61L 3/06
Polymerisation initiated by wave energy or particle radiation; In addition polymers	C08F 2/46
Processes for treating or compounding macromolecular substances by wave energy or particle radiation	C08J 3/28
Chemical treatment or coating of shaped articles made of macromolecular substances using wave energy or particle radiation	C08J 7/18
Use of radiation for cracking of hydrocarbon oils	C10G 15/10
Refining of hydrocarbon oils by particle radiation	C10G 32/04
Use of radiation for reforming naphtha	C10G 35/16
Precipitation by f irradiations for pasteurisation, sterilisation, preservation, purification, clarification or ageing of alcoholic beverages	C12H 1/06
Irradiation for pasteurisation, sterilisation, preservation, purification, clarification or ageing of alcoholic beverages	C12H 1/16
Use of radiation for bleaching fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, feathers or made-up fibrous goods, leather or furs	D06L 4/50
Measuring angles, areas, length, thickness or similar dimensions, or irregularities of surfaces or contours, using wave or particle radiation	G01B 15/00
Transducers not specially adapted for a specific variable using wave or particle radiation derived from a radioactive source	G01D 5/50
Investigating fluid tightness of structures using radioactive material	G01M 3/20
Investigating or analysing materials by the use of wave or particle radiation	G01N 23/00
Investigating or analysing materials through the ionisation of gases, using wave or particle radiation to ionise a gas	G01N 27/64
Production of immunochemical test materials with radioactive label	G01N 33/534
Chemical analysis of biological material involving radioactive-labelled substances	G01N 33/60

Geophysics; Prospecting or detecting using primary nuclear radiation sources	G01V 5/08
Fire alarms or alarms responsive to explosion, actuated by the presence of smoke or gas detected by an ionisation chamber	G08B 17/11
Carrying off electrostatic charges by means of ionising radiation	H05F 3/06

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Preservation of milk or milk preparations	A23B 11/10
Preservation of cream or cream preparations	A23B 11/30
Preservation of butter or butter preparations	A23B 11/40
Preservation of cheese or cheese preparations	A23B 11/60
Introduction of isotopes of elements into organic compounds	C07B 59/00
Techniques for handling particles or ionising radiation not otherwise provided for	G21K 1/00
Particle spectrometer ion sources or ion guns using particle bombardment, e.g. ionisation chambers	H01J 49/14
Lasers	H01S 3/00
Semiconductor devices sensitive to electromagnetic or corpuscular radiation	<u>H10F</u>

G21H 1/00

Arrangements for obtaining electrical energy from radioactive sources, e.g. from radioactive isotopes {, nuclear or atomic batteries}

References

Informative references

Photoelectric discharge tubes not involving the ionization of a gas	H01J 40/00
Discharge tubes functioning as thermionic generators	H01J 45/00
Tubes for determining the presence, intensity, density or energy of radiation or particles	H01J 47/00
Thermoelectric devices comprising a junction of dissimilar materials	H10N 10/00

G21H 1/04

Cells using secondary emission induced by alpha radiation, beta radiation, or gamma radiation

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Photoelectric discharge tubes not involving the ionisation of a gas	H01J 40/00
Discharge tubes functioning as thermionic generators	H01J 45/00
Tubes for determining the presence, intensity, density or energy of radiation or particles	<u>H01J 47/00</u>

G21H 1/06

Cells wherein radiation is applied to the junction of different semiconductor materials

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Devices of the surface barrier or shallow PN junction detector type, e.g.	H10F 30/295
surface barrier alpha-particle detectors	

G21H 1/08

Cells in which radiation ionises a gas in the presence of a junction of two dissimilar metals, i.e. contact potential difference cells

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Electric discharge tubes or discharge lamps	<u>H01J</u>

G21H 1/10

Cells in which radiation heats a thermoelectric junction or a thermionic converter

Definition statement

This place covers:

Cells in which radiation of disintegration heat heats a thermoelectric junction or a thermionic converter.

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Devices where heating occurs from fission reactions	G21C 3/04
Discharge tubes functioning as thermionic generators	H01J 45/00
Thermoelectric devices comprising a junction of dissimilar materials	H10N 10/00

G21H 3/00

Arrangements for direct conversion of radiation energy from radioactive sources into forms of energy other than electric energy, e.g. {into} light {or mechanic energy}

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Lasers	H01S 3/00
Lasers pumped by high energy nuclear particles	H01S 3/0957
Gamma masers	H01S 4/00

G21H 3/02

in which material is excited to luminesce by the radiation (lamps in which a gas filling or screen or coating is excited to luminesce by radioactive material structurally associated with the lamp <u>H01J 65/00</u>)

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

lamps in which a gas filling or screen or coating is excited to luminesce by	H01J 65/00
radioactive material structurally associated with the lamp	

Informative references

Luminescent substances containing radioactive material	C09K 11/04
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G21H 5/00

Applications of radiation from radioactive sources or arrangements therefor, not otherwise provided for

References

References out of a residual place

Examples of places in relation to which this place is residual:

Use of radiation to produce mutations in plants	A01H 1/06
Improving finished bakery products by irradiation	A21D 15/06
Preservation of meat, sausages, fish, eggs, fruit, vegetables or edible seeds by irradiation causing heating effect	A23B 4/01, A23B 5/01, A23B 7/01, A23B 9/04
Preservation of meat, sausages, fish, eggs, fruit, vegetables or edible seeds by irradiation without heating effect	A23B 4/015, A23B 5/015, A23B 7/015, A23B 9/06
Preservation of milk or milk preparations by irradiation	A23B 11/16
Preservation of food or foodstuffs or non-alcoholic beverages by irradiation without heating	A23B 70/50, A23B 2/50
Medicinal preparations obtained by treating materials with wave energy or particle radiation	A61K 41/00
Preparations containing radioactive substances for use in therapy or testing in vivo	A61K 51/00
Methods or apparatus using radiation for disinfecting or sterilising materials or objects other than foodstuffs or contact lenses	A61L 2/08
Applying radioactive material to the body	A61M 37/00
Radiation therapy; therapy using X-rays, gamma rays or particle-irradiation	A61N 5/00, A61N 5/10
Direct application of radiation to physical, chemical or physico-chemical processes in general	B01J 19/08
Use of radiation for separating dispersed particles from gases or vapour, e.g. air, by electrostatic effect	B03C 3/38
Use of radiation for pre-treatment of surfaces to which liquids or other fluent materials are to be applied, or after-treatment of applied coatings	B05D 3/06
Use of radiation in the working of plastics; after-treatment of articles without altering their shape; apparatus therefor	B29C 71/04
Railway trackside devices actuated by radiation and controlled by interaction with a vehicle or train	B61L 1/10
Railway trackside devices using radiation to control devices on a vehicle or train	B61L 3/06
Polymerisation initiated by wave energy or particle radiation; in addition polymers	C08F 2/46, C08F 2/54, C08G 2/02
Processes for treating or compounding macromolecular substances by wave energy or particle radiation	C08J 3/28
Chemical treatment or coating of shaped articles made of macromolecular substances using wave energy or particle radiation	C08J 7/18
Use of radiation for cracking of hydrocarbon oils	C10G 15/10, C10G 32/04
Use of radiation for reforming naphtha	C10G 35/16

Use of radiation for pasteurisation, sterilisation, preservation, purification, clarification or ageing of alcoholic beverages	C12H 1/06, C12H 1/16
Use of radiation for bleaching fibres, threads, yarns, fabrics, feathers, or made-up fibrous goods, leather or furs	D06L 4/50
Measuring angles, areas, length, thickness or similar dimensions, or irregularities of surfaces or contours, using wave or particle radiation	G01B 15/00
Transducers not specially adapted for a specific variable using wave or particle radiation derived from a radioactive source	G01D 5/50, G01D 5/62
Investigating fluid tightness of structures using radioactive material	G01M 3/20
Investigating or analysing materials by the use of wave or particle radiation	G01N 23/00
Investigating or analysing materials through the ionisation of gases, using wave or particle radiation to ionise a gas	G01N 27/64
Chemical analysis of biological material; immunoassay or bio-specific binding assays involving radioactive-labelled substances	G01N 33/534, G01N 33/60
Geophysics; prospecting or detecting using primary nuclear radiation sources	G01V 5/08
Fire alarms or alarms responsive to explosion, actuated by the presence of smoke or gas detected by an ionisation chamber	G08B 17/11
Irradiation devices	G21K 5/00
Gamma ray or X-ray microscopes	G21K 7/00
In cathode ray tubes, charge-storage screens exhibiting internal electrical effects caused by particle radiation	H01J 29/44
Lasers using pumping by high energy nuclear particles	H01S 3/0957
Apparatus for generating ions to be introduced into non-enclosed gasses, e.g. into the atmosphere	H01T 23/00
Carrying off electrostatic charges by means of ionising radiation	H05F 3/06
Semiconductor devices sensitive to electro-magnetic or corpuscular radiation	<u>H10F</u>

Informative references

Preservation of milk or milk preparations	A23B 11/10
Preservation of cream or cream preparations	A23B 11/30
Preservation of butter or butter preparations	A23B 11/40
Preservation of cheese or cheese preparations	A23B 11/60
Dairy products, making thereof	<u>A23C</u>
Organic chemistry, applications of radiation for preparation of organic chemical compounds	<u>C07</u>
Introducing isotopes into organic compounds	C07B 59/00
Measuring	<u>G01</u>

G21H 5/02

as tracers

References

Application-oriented references

Examples of places where the subject matter of this place is covered when specially adapted, used for a particular purpose, or incorporated in a larger system:

Medicinal preparations containing radioactive substances	A61K 51/00
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Informative references

Investigating or analysing biological material	G01N 33/48
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