# **Ensuring reliable and durable patents**

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June 2025

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# Four facets of ensuring reliable, durable patents

## **Examiner Expertise**

Build examiner expertise through educational opportunities

Provide highquality examination of patent applications to issue reliable and durable patents

## **Monitoring and Improvement**

Conduct multifaceted assessments and implement data-informed initiatives

#### Resources

Support accurate and efficient prosecution

#### **Collaboration**

Engage external stakeholders to exchange information and foster a team approach to quality

# EXAMINER EXPERTISE Newly hired to expert

## New examiner training: Initial residency in Patent Training Academy (PTA)

- Small groups (labs) of newly hired examiners are organized by technology
- Moving toward an 8 week program
  - Purpose: Integrate new examiners into their art units earlier
  - 320 hours per examiner
    - Approximately 40 hours for onboarding and orientation
    - Approximately 280 hours of formal training, practicing prosecution techniques and independent and group work/discussions
  - 120 courses providing patentability statutes and examiner tools training (accessing applications, searching, and Office action writing)

## New examiner training: Residency within the Technology Center (TC)

#### Hands-on training

- Start examining applications under the mentorship and guidance of their SPE
- Working in the assigned art unit; examining specific technology and building relationships
- Up to 37 additional hours of training on topics specific to the TC (e.g., sequence rule compliance, searching exercises, blockchain technology)

#### Formal training provided by PTA

- 32 courses; 58 hours
- Covering topics that occur later in prosecution such as: managing amendments, finality practice, declaration practice, and appeals practice

### **Progressing to Primary Examiner**

#### Required Legal training

 Patent Law and Evidence Coursework: 40-hour course covering authoritative court decisions on statutory issues

#### Certifications

- Negotiation authority
- Legal competency

#### Signatory authority program

- Approximately 18 months to complete
- Intensive review of at least 34 Office actions
  - Partial Signatory Authority
  - Full Signatory Authority



### **Primary Examiner**

- Delegated authority to determine patentability of applications
- Subject matter expert
- Coach/mentor to assistant (i.e., non-primary) examiners



### **Continuing education**

- Corps-wide examination training based on new court decisions, new guidance, and new statutes/rules
- TC-implemented training initiatives based on TC's quality impact plans
- Technical Training on Demand (TTOD): 600+ courses covering all utility TCs
- Non-duty hour technical and legal trainings at credited colleges and universities

### **Examiner resources within the TCs**

- Supervisory Patent Examiners (SPEs)
  - "Front line" of quality
  - Coaching/mentoring
  - Conducting quality enhancement meetings and art unit level trainings
  - Shifting administrative duties to focus on review of examiner's work
- Subject Matter Experts (SMEs)
  - Experienced examiners
  - Quality Assurance Specialists
  - Points-of-Contact for special issues (e.g., appeals specialists)

### **Examiner resources outside of the TC**

- Office of Patent Legal Administration (OPLA)
  - Develops new rules, practices, and procedures
  - Trains examiners on legal issues
- Scientific & Technical Information Center (STIC)
  - Assists examining corps on search and translation
- Office of Patent Quality Assurance (OPQA)
  - Assessment and analysis of the quality of patent examination at the USPTO
  - Direct support to the examining corps providing coaching & mentoring, attending conferences, and conducting quality reviews

### Modern examiner tools

- State of the art search tools to increase likelihood of identifying the best prior art early in prosecution, including AI based tools
  - Similarity Search tool
  - More Like This Document tool
  - Reverse Image Search pilot
- Modernization of examination processes and robust IT infrastructure

### MONITORING AND IMPROVING

Work product reviews, process measures and stakeholder perceptions

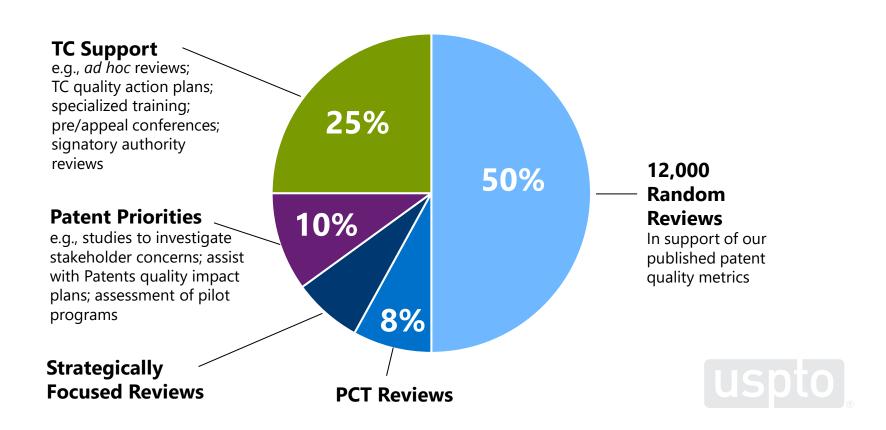
## Office of Patent Quality Assurance (OPQA)

#### **OPQA's activities are critical to USPTO's mission:**

- Independent and unbiased assessment of TC work product to support issuance of highly reliable, durable patents and informed, evidence-based decisions across the Agency
  - OPQA is staffed with subject matter experts skilled at statistics, legal analysis, technology and reviewing
- Monitors and analyzes multi-source data to identify leading indicators of compliance issues and proactively engage stakeholders, leveraging OPQA's strong relationships across Patents, to quickly react to indicators
- Collaborates with the TCs to ensure impeccable work products which improve efficiencies and effectiveness by minimizing rework and supporting compact prosecution
- USPTO relies on OPQA to generate objective patent quality data of high integrity that is **statutorily mandated** (35 U.S.C. § 13) to be supplied annually to Congress
- **Builds the public's trust in IP rights** granted at USPTO through enhanced transparency of published patent quality metrics and other quality data

### **OPQA** time historically

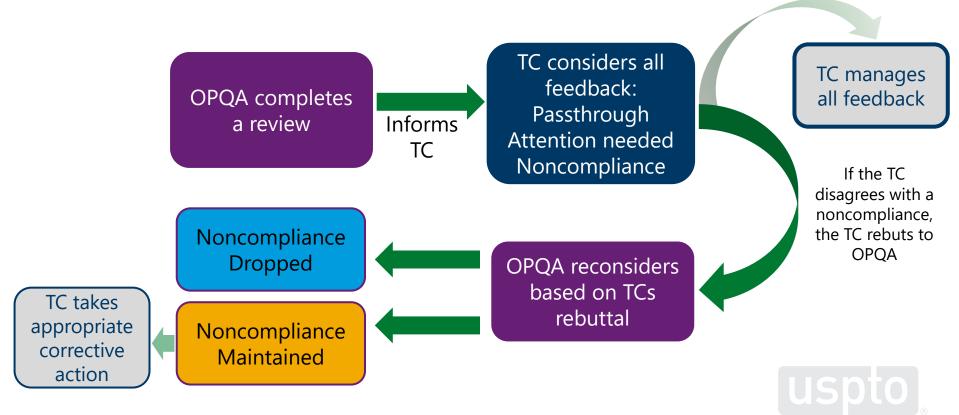
as a % of total reviewer firepower over the course of a fiscal year



# How and why OPQA applies a statutory compliance standard

- When rejecting a claim, to meet the Office's burden of establishing unpatentability, the patentability determination must be correct and must, at a minimum,
- identify the claim and relevant statute, and
- set forth sufficient evidence to put a person skilled in the art on notice as to why the claim is considered unpatentable so as to provide applicant with a fair opportunity to respond.
- For an allowed claim, the Office action must not omit a statutorily compliant rejection.
- The correctness of a patentability determination is considered through the lens of whether the patentability determination(s) were **reasonable** and not based on what the reviewer would have done in the first instance.
- Statutory compliance supports reliability and durability of issued patents.

## What happens after OPQA completes a random review (compliance review)?



## Effective sampling in support meaningful statutory compliance metrics

- Start with a minimally acceptable Corps-wide sample size based on total Office actions mailed
  - Aim to achieve a 95% confidence interval with a margin of error that is +/- 0.5%
    - Achievable with a sample size of 5,900 reviews corps-wide
- Adjust for TC precision at the same 95% confidence interval with a margin of error that is +/- 1.5%
  - Achievable with a sample size of about 656 reviews/TC for the smallest TC
  - Allocate the sampling by TC and expand to ensure precision in each TC based on their particular sizes
  - To ensure representativeness, we allocate sampling across the TCs based on Office actions mailed, i.e., if a TC generates 8% of the total mailed Office actions, that TC is allocated 8% of the total sample
  - Knowing the smallest sample size at the TC level, extrapolate that up to a Corps-wide sample
    - 656 reviews are needed for the TC that should get 8% of total sample
      - 656/8% = **sample size of 8,200** reviews for the Corps
- Adjust the sample size again, as needed, to ensure adequate opportunity to sample for particular topics of interest
  - For example, since about 7% of Office actions will contain a 101 rejection (historic data for 35 U.S.C. 101, the least frequent rejection), a sample of 8,200 will yield only 574 such cases for review. To approach precision of even+/- 2% for this topic, the total sample size was expanded to 12,000

# Efficiently producing data of strong confidence

	Sampling Error for TC Estimates				
	102	103	112	101	Overall
1600	1.0%	1.4%	1.7%	0.6%	2.2%
1700	1.0%	1.6%	1.5%	0.3%	2.1%
2100	1.1%	1.7%	1.1%	1.6%	2.5%
2400	1.1%	1.7%	0.9%	0.7%	2.1%
2600	1.0%	1.4%	0.9%	0.8%	1.9%
2800	0.9%	1.0%	0.7%	0.4%	1.4%
2900	1.5%	1.5%	2.3%	0.0%	2.8%
3600	0.8%	0.9%	0.9%	1.0%	1.6%
3700	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%	0.6%	1.7%
Corps	0.3%	0.5%	0.4%	0.3%	0.6%

- OPQA's random reviewing scheme achieves strong confidence intervals to assess at the Corps and TC levels
- Moreover, it produces a minable data set of approximately 1,000,000 individual data points available to assess patent examination quality from every foreseeable angle

## Statutory compliance data

Measure	FY24	FY24 Target	FY26 Target	
Statutory compliance 101	97.8%	> 94%	> 94%	
Statutory compliance 102	96.0%	> 94%	> 94%	
Statutory compliance 103	93.2%	> 92%	> 94%	
Statutory compliance 112	95.0%	> 94%	> 94%	
100.0%				
98.0%				
96.0%	- A 6 6			
94.0%	-		<b></b>	FY26 Target
92.0% <b>86 87 88 88 86 88 86</b>	% % %			
90.0%	95.1% 95.3% 96.0%	.8% 1.5% 2.2% 93.2%	94.6% 94.4% 95.0%	
88.0%	6, 6,	90.8% 91.5% 93.2%	92.2% 94.4 95.0	
86.0%		6		
35 U.S.C. 101	35 U.S.C. 102	35 U.S.C. 103	35 U.S.C. 112	
■ FY 2021 ■ FY 2022 ■ FY 2023 ■ FY 2024				

# How does OPQA ensure its own quality?

- TC feedback
- Consistency reviews and discussions internal to OPQA
  - within technologies and disciplines
  - across OPQA as a whole
  - efficient, effective quality control and quality assurance activities are based on data analysis
- OPQA Quality Leads, by TC, meet regularly with their TC reps for discussions/feedback
  - on the handling of specific statutes or subject matter
  - about issues raised in particular cases
- Discussions with the Office of Patent Legal Administration (OPLA) in combination with the TCs, as needed

## Ensuring examiner quality with regular, frontline supervisor interactions

- Reviews of work product by supervisors and/or TC quality assurance specialists with detailed feedback provided one-on-one
  - Assistant examiners (i.e., non-primary examiners) have all Office actions reviewed and signed by a supervisor or a primary examiner authorized to sign others' work
  - Primary examiners have regular discussions with supervisor and regular performance rating reviews
- Discussions of issues in appeal and pre-appeal conferences
- Considerations of decisions from the Patents Trial and Appeals Board (PTAB)

# Process measures help monitor quality

- Leverage data analytics to identify areas of risk, tracking efficiencies and consistency in the examination process
- Monitor a variety of data sources for consistency, including transactional data, to identify trends and examiner behaviors indicative of either best practices or potential quality concerns
- Strategically focus reviews on areas of highest risk and inconsistencies

## Perception surveys ensure appropriate alignment of quality metrics

- Conduct both internal and external stakeholder perception surveys semi-annually
  - Vital leading quality indicator
  - Validation of other quality related metrics
- External quality survey is directed to perceptions on correctness,
   clarity and consistency of examiner work product
- Internal quality survey is administered to patent examiners and focuses on internal and external factors impacting examiners' ability to provide high-quality patent examination such as tools, training and coaching/mentoring

### **External survey overview**

- Customers from "top filing" firms/entities
  - On average, respondents have received around 15-20 Office actions in the 3 months prior to being surveyed
- Administered semi-annually since 2006
- Focuses on quality
- Sample size is approximately 3,150 customers
  - A new sample frame was acquired in December 2023 to update the list of "top filing" firms/entities.
     FY25-Q1 was the third launch using the frame.
  - A stratified random selection of customers is asked to participate in two successive waves of data collection to create the panel design.
- Enumeration and analysis conducted by Westat
  - 94% completed the recent survey via the web

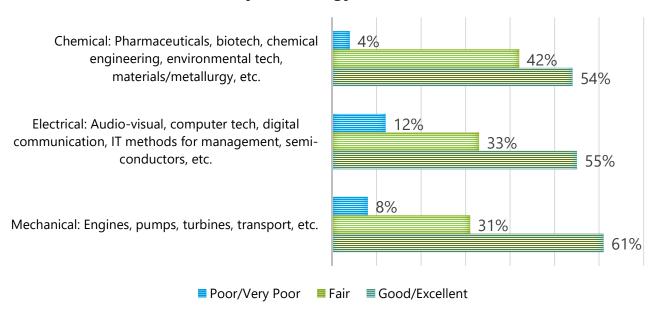


# In the past 3 months, how would you rate overall examination quality?



## In the past 3 months, how would you rate overall examination quality? (by technology)

#### By Technology: FY25Q2



### Improving work product

Leverage assessment data to gauge patent quality, target areas for improvement and achieve impeccable work products.

- Identify quality trends, along with the underlying cause using root cause analysis, to improve compliance, reduce rework and promote efficiency
- Implement tailored solutions to address root cause quality issues
- Identify best practices that will achieve more compliant and durable patents and improve efficiencies



### **Patents Quality Impact Plans**

- TCs regularly evaluate data at every level (e.g., Corps, Discipline, Technology Center, Art Unit) and develop targeted and tailored improvement plans
- TCs work in collaboration with the Office of Patent Training,
   Office of Patent Quality Assurance, Subject Matter Experts and divisions in the Office of Patent Examination Policy
- Multifaceted approach to impact training is not always the answer – also focus on improving processes, increasing motivation, and leveraging/improving resources



# Recent studies direct examination improvements

- Post Grant Outcomes program facilitated examiner awareness of post grant proceedings related to applications they are currently examining
  - Added a link to any post grant proceeding in the examiner patent application viewing tool (PE2E)
- AIA Inter Partes Review (IPR) were found to typically be based on patents with more complex prosecution histories and/or with a higher number of prior art citations
  - Developed practice tips\* related to IPRs for patent applicants and owners
- Large Patent Family applications, which present challenges for examiners, can benefit from new mechanisms to gain efficiencies in related claim analysis
  - Prototyped claim comparison assistance

# **Driving best practices through recognition**

- During their normal course of reviewing mailed Office actions, OPQA identifies highquality work with an Accolade letter for:
  - Consistent use of best practices throughout a single, reviewed Office action and/or
  - Specific work that goes above and beyond typical examination practices in a single, reviewed
     Office action
- Accolade letters from the Director of OPQA specifically highlight the examiner's work in the reviewed Office action by including:
  - Specific identification of the best practices that were exemplified in the Office action and/or
  - Reference to the reviewer's specific accolade comment(s) on a particular rejection or section of the reviewed Office action
- Accolade letters are delivered to frontline supervisors regularly throughout the fiscal year for presentation to the examiner

### **Accolade letters in FY24**

тс	Compliant Reviews	With an Accolade	Percent of Compliant Reviews with an Accolade
1600	688	172	25%
1700	1031	226	22%
2100	754	173	23%
2400	1055	348	33%
2600	1068	254	24%
2800	1629	346	20%
2900	433	59	14%
3600	1446	320	22%
3700	1756	419	24%
TOTAL	9860	2317	23%



# COLLABORATION Working with our stakeholders

### Partnering with external stakeholders

#### Application readiness

- Working with applicants to provide practice tips for filing strong applications that facilitate highquality prosecution
- High-quality applications support examiners with search and overall prosecution quality
- Disclosing relevant information helps strengthen prosecution
- The USPTO offers a variety of patent training opportunities for the public including patent examination training, patent quality chats and inventor chats
  - e.g., Stakeholder Application Readiness Training (StART), Stakeholder Training on Examination Practice and Procedure (STEPP), Continuing Legal Education (CLE), Patent Pro Bono program, Inventor Assistance Center, Pre-application assessment program, legal information and guidance documents
- Stakeholders support USPTO through technology training opportunities

### RESOURCES

Providing up-to-date, easy-to-use online and in-person resources

### **USPTO** website as a resource

Resource	Link		
<b>Public Learning Center</b>	www.uspto.gov/patents/training		
<b>Examination Guidance</b> and Training Materials	www.uspto.gov/PatentExaminationGuidance		
<b>Quality Metrics</b>	www.uspto.gov/patents/quality-metrics		
Patent Examiner Technical Training Program	www.uspto.gov/PatentExaminerTechTraining		
Patent Legal Administration	www.uspto.gov/patents/laws/patent-legal-administration		



## USPTO is across the country as a resource

- Headquarters in Alexandria, VA (Northeast)
- Regional outreach offices
  - Detroit (Midwest Elijah J. McCoy), Denver (Rocky Mountain), Dallas (Southwest), San Jose (Western)
  - coming soon in the Southeast

www.uspto.gov/about-us/uspto-office-locations

- Community outreach office
  - new **Durham**, New Hampshire (Northern New England)
- Patent and Trademark Resource Centers (PTRCs)
  - A nation-wide network of academic, public, and state libraries that provide various trademark and patent assistance to the public

www.uspto.gov/learning-and-resources/patent-trademark-resource-centers

