### U.S. Department of Commerce U.S. Patent and Trademark Office



# Privacy Impact Assessment For the Storage Infrastructure Managed Services (SIMS)

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Date

## **U.S. Department of Commerce Privacy Impact Assessment USPTO Storage Infrastructure Managed Services (SIMS)**

**Unique Project Identifier: PTOI-026-00 (2941)** 

**Introduction: System Description** 

Provide a description of the system that addresses the following elements: The response must be written in plain language and be as comprehensive as necessary to describe the system.

The SIMS storage infrastructure is spread across three (3) different data centers, each providing a specific role. The Alexandria Production Data Center (East), the Alexandria Test and Development Lab (West), and the Boyers (PA) Data Center. The SIMS architecture denotes the Boyers component to be an alternate processing site, which is beyond its legacy storage's current function as a data bunkering site. SIMS provides disk-based storage components, Storage Area Network (SAN), replication, and analysis capabilities. The disk-based storage components are separated into two main areas Block based storage and Network Attached Storage (NAS). The Block based storage is used to support the four Service Levels (Platinum, Gold, Silver, and Bronze). And their corresponding inputs and outputs (I/O) requirements and currently consists of an EMC VMAX 40K storage array. The NAS consists of an EMC Isilon system. The NAS component supports primarily the Silver Service Level. The SAN portion uses Cisco MDS and Nexus class hardware switches to provide connectivity between the storage components and the USPTO server environment. To support data mobility and replication between sites The SIMS relies on an EMC VPLEX storage virtualization appliance for data mobility within the Alexandria and Boyers data centers. Data replication between the Alexandria and Boyers sites is provided by EMC RecoverPoint appliances. The EMC RecoverPoint appliance allows for Continuous Remote Replication (CRR) as well as local and remote data protection, enabling reliable replication of data over any distance. The solution consists of enterprise class arrays with virtual storage technology that delivers data mobility and availability across the arrays for all of the defined storage classes at the Production, Boyers, and Lab environments.

#### (a) a general description of the information in the system

Electronic data storage requires electrical power to store and retrieve that data. This electromagnetic data is stored in either an analog data or digital data format on a variety of media. This type of data is considered to be electronically encoded data, whether it is electronically stored in a semiconductor device, for it is certain that a semiconductor device was used to record it on its medium. Most electronically processed data storage media (including some forms of computer data storage) are considered permanent (non-volatile) storage, that is, the data will remain stored when power is removed from the device. For SIMS the stored data is based upon the application/system that possesses storage requirements. SIMS' systems stores data as files (predominantly) and support both CIFS and NFS protocols. They can be accessed easily over the

commonly used TCP/IP Ethernet based networks and support multiple users connecting to it simultaneously.

#### (b) a description of a typical transaction conducted on the system

A transaction usually means a sequence of information exchange and related work that is treated as a unit for the purposes of satisfying a request and for ensuring data integrity. For a transaction to be completed and data changes to be made permanent, a transaction has to be completed in its entirety. A typical transaction is an application request and entered into a computer by an application representative. The request transaction involves checking a database, confirming that the data is available, placing the request, and confirming that the request has been placed and forwarded to the requestor.

If we view this as a single transaction, then all of the steps must be completed before the transaction is successful and the database is actually changed to reflect the new order. If something happens before the transaction is successfully completed, any changes to the database must be kept track of so that they can be undone.

SIMS' Storage Area Network (SAN) is a high-speed network of storage devices that connects those storage devices with USPTO servers. It provides block-level storage that can be accessed by the applications running on the networked servers. SIMS' SAN storage devices include arrays, tape libraries and disk-based devices, like RAID hardware. Block level access means, the server has the ability to create its own file system on SAN disk mapped to the server. SIMS employs transaction modeling, where each store has to be explicitly acknowledged from the remote node to be considered as successfully written. There may be lots of in-flight transactions. When remote host does not acknowledged the transaction it will be resent a predefined number of times with specified timeouts between them. These parameters are configurable. Transactions are marked as failed after all resends completed unsuccessfully, having long enough resend timeout and/or large number of resends allows not to return error to the higher (FS usually) layer in case of short network problems or remote node outages. In case of network RAID setup this means that storage will not degrade until transactions are marked as failed, and thus will not force checksum recalculation and data rebuild. In case of connection failure SIMS will try to reconnect to the remote node automatically.

#### (c) any information sharing conducted by the system

When communities of interest share a physical SAN infrastructure, they can nevertheless keep their own traffic separate as it travels in and out of storage. Cisco director switches support multiple virtual SANs (VSANs) on the same physical SAN fabric. Each agency or major application, for example, can have its own private VSAN, with its own encryption key, quality of service, security policies, and management functions. Employees can only connect to their own agency's VSAN, even though other agencies share the same physical SAN.

(d) a citation of the legal authority to collect PII and/or BII						
For SIMS the stored data is based requirements.	upon	the applic	ation/system	that	possesses storage	
(e) The Federal Information Processystem	essing	g Standara	! (FIPS) 199	secur	ity impact category for t	he
SIMS Security Cate	egoriz	zation	Moderate			
(Check all that apply.)	mation ion sy ormati	n system is estem. on system	with change		g system. create new privacy risks	S.
Changes That Create New Priva	acy Ri				N T . II	
<ul><li>a. Conversions</li><li>b. Anonymous to Non- Anonymous</li></ul>			cant Merging ublic Access		g. New Interagency Uses h. Internal Flow or Collection	
c. Significant System Management Changes			ercial Sources		i. Alteration in Character of Data	
j. Other changes that create new privacy risks (specify): No changes were made. This is a new template being used for the FY16 security authorization package.						

#### **Section 2:** Information in the System

2.1 Indicate what personally identifiable information (PII)/business identifiable information (BII) is collected, maintained, or disseminated. (*Check all that apply.*)

Identifying Numbers (IN)					
a. Social Security*		e. File/Case ID		i. Credit Card	
b. Taxpayer ID		f. Driver's License		j. Financial Account	
c. Employer ID		g. Passport		k. Financial Transaction	
d. Employee ID		h. Alien Registration		1. Vehicle Identifier	
m. Other identifying numbers (specify):					
*Explanation for the need to co	ollect, r	naintains, or disseminates the So	cial Se	ecurity number, including truncat	ted

form: For SIMS the stored data is based upon the application/system that possesses storage requirements.			
*If SSNs are collected, stored, or processed by the system, please explain if there is a way to avoid such collection in the future and how this could be accomplished:			
Can and Dance and Date (CDD	<u> </u>		
a. Name	, 	g. Date of Birth	☐ m. Religion ☐
b. Maiden Name		h. Place of Birth	□ n. Financial Information □
c. Alias		i. Home Address	□ o. Medical Information □
d. Gender		j. Telephone Number	□ p. Military Service □
e. Age		k. Email Address	q. Physical Characteristics
f. Race/Ethnicity		1. Education	□ r. Mother's Maiden Name □
s. Other general personal data	ı (speci	ify):	
Work-Related Data (WRD)			
a. Occupation	П	d. Telephone Number	☐ g. Salary ☐
b. Job Title		e. Email Address	□ h. Work History □
c. Work Address		f. Business Associates	
i. Other work-related data (s	pecify)		_
Distinguishing Features/Bion	netrics		
a. Fingerprints		d. Photographs	☐ g. DNA Profiles ☐
b. Palm Prints		e. Scars, Marks, Tattoos	□ h. Retina/Iris Scans □
c. Voice Recording/Signatures		f. Vascular Scan	□ i. Dental Profile □
j. Other distinguishing featur	res/bio	metrics (specify):	
System Administration/Audi	t Data		
a. User ID		c. Date/Time of Access	☐ e. ID Files Accessed ☐
b. IP Address		d. Queries Run	$\Box$ f. Contents of Files $\Box$
g. Other system administration/audit data (specify):			
Other Information (specify)			
other information (speeny)			
.2 Indicate sources of the PII/BII in the system. (Check all that apply.)			
Directly from Individual abo	ut Wh	om the Information Pertains	
In Person		Hard Copy: Mail/Fax	□ Online □

Telephone		Email			
Other (specify):					
<b>Government Sources</b>			,		
Within the Bureau	$\boxtimes$	Other DOC Bureaus		Other Federal Agencies	
State, Local, Tribal		Foreign			
Other (specify):					
Non-government Sources					
Public Organizations		Private Sector		Commercial Data Brokers	
Third Party Website or Application					
Other (specify):					

2.3 Indicate the technologies use	d that contain PII/BII in ways that have not been previous	sly
deployed. (Check all that ap	•	•
Technologies Used Containing PII/BI	I Not Previously Deployed (TUCPBNPD)	
Smart Cards	☐ Biometrics	
Caller-ID	☐ Personal Identity Verification (PIV) Cards	
Other (specify):		
There are not any technologies us	sed that contain PII/BII in ways that have not been previously deploy	ed
I findle are not any technologies us	sed that contain 1 1/1/11 in ways that have not occur previously deproy	cu.
Section 3: System Supported Act	ivities	
3.1 Indicate IT system supported	activities which raise privacy risks/concerns. (Check all	tha
apply.)	work trace without raise privately rishes, consecution ( check one	
Activities		
Audio recordings	☐ Building entry readers	
Video surveillance	☐ Electronic purchase transactions	
Other (specify):		
There are not any IT system supp	ported activities which raise privacy risks/concerns.	
	borted activities which raise privacy risks/concerns.	
There are not any 11 system supp		
There are not any 11 system supp		
Section 4: Purpose of the System		ad
Section 4: Purpose of the System  Indicate why the PII/BII in the	ne IT system is being collected, maintained, or disseminat	ed.
Section 4: Purpose of the System		ed.
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Section 4: Purpose of the System  1.1 Indicate why the PII/BII in the (Check all that apply.)  Purpose	ne IT system is being collected, maintained, or disseminat	
ection 4: Purpose of the System  1 Indicate why the PII/BII in the (Check all that apply.)  Purpose To determine eligibility	ne IT system is being collected, maintained, or disseminat	
.1 Indicate why the PII/BII in the (Check all that apply.)  Purpose To determine eligibility For administrative matters	□ For administering human resources programs □ To promote information sharing initiatives	
Indicate why the PII/BII in the (Check all that apply.)  Purpose To determine eligibility For administrative matters For litigation	□ For administering human resources programs □ To promote information sharing initiatives □ For criminal law enforcement activities	
ection 4: Purpose of the System  1 Indicate why the PII/BII in the (Check all that apply.)  Purpose To determine eligibility For administrative matters For litigation For civil enforcement activities	□ For administering human resources programs □ To promote information sharing initiatives □ For criminal law enforcement activities □ For intelligence activities	
.1 Indicate why the PII/BII in the (Check all that apply.)  Purpose To determine eligibility For administrative matters For litigation For civil enforcement activities To improve Federal services online	□ For administering human resources programs □ To promote information sharing initiatives □ For criminal law enforcement activities □ For intelligence activities □ For employee or customer satisfaction	
Exection 4: Purpose of the System  Indicate why the PII/BII in the (Check all that apply.)  Purpose To determine eligibility For administrative matters For litigation For civil enforcement activities To improve Federal services online For web measurement and customization	□ For administering human resources programs □ To promote information sharing initiatives □ For criminal law enforcement activities □ For intelligence activities □ For employee or customer satisfaction n For web measurement and customization	
Purpose  Indicate why the PII/BII in the (Check all that apply.)  Purpose  To determine eligibility  For administrative matters  For litigation  For civil enforcement activities  To improve Federal services online  For web measurement and customization technologies (single-session)	□ For administering human resources programs □ To promote information sharing initiatives □ For criminal law enforcement activities □ For intelligence activities □ For employee or customer satisfaction n □ For web measurement and customization technologies (multi-session )	
Section 4: Purpose of the System  Indicate why the PII/BII in the (Check all that apply.)  Purpose To determine eligibility For administrative matters For litigation For civil enforcement activities To improve Federal services online For web measurement and customization technologies (single-session)	□ For administering human resources programs □ To promote information sharing initiatives □ For criminal law enforcement activities □ For intelligence activities □ For employee or customer satisfaction n For web measurement and customization	

#### **Section 5:** Use of the Information

5.1	In the context of functional areas (business processes, missions, operations, etc.) supported
	by the IT system, describe how the PII/BII that is collected, maintained, or disseminated
	will be used. Indicate if the PII/BII identified in Section 2.1 of this document is in
	reference to a federal employee/contractor, member of the public, foreign national, visitor
	or other (specify).

For SIMS the stored data is based upon the application/system that storage is provisioned. See the PIA for the USPTO information systems that utilize SIMS for storage. Relevant information regarding the PII/BII sent to SIMS is detailed in each of those documents. 5

#### **Section 6: Information Sharing and Access**

6.1 Indicate with whom the bureau intends to share the PII/BII in the IT system and how the PII/BII will be shared. (*Check all that apply.*)

Recipient	How Information will be Shared					
Recipient	Case-by-Case	Bulk Transfer	Direct Access			
Within the bureau						
DOC bureaus						
Federal agencies						
State, local, tribal gov't agencies						
Public						
Private sector						
Foreign governments						
Foreign entities						
Other (specify):						

The PII/BII in the system will not be shared.

$\boxtimes$	Yes, this IT system connects with or receprocess PII and/or BII.			
	1 1		rmation from another IT system(s) authorized to e technical controls which prevent PII/BII leakage:	
	No, this IT system does not connect with process PII and/or BII.	or receiv	e information from another IT system(s) authorized	to
6.3	Identify the class of users who will all that apply.)	have acc	cess to the IT system and the PII/BII. (Che	ck
Clas	ss of Users			
Gen	eral Public		Government Employees	$\boxtimes$
Con	tractors	$\boxtimes$		
			d if their PII/BII is collected, maintained, or	r
	Yes, notice is provided pursuant to a syst discussed in Section 9.		ords notice published in the Federal Register and	
		statement	and/or privacy policy. The Privacy Act statement	
$\boxtimes$	Yes, notice is provided by other means.		how: System applications are responsible for notify als if PII/BII is collected, maintained, or disseminat S.	
	No, notice is not provided.	Specify	why not:	
7.2			an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BI	I.
$\boxtimes$	Yes, individuals have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.	providin is collec	how: System applications are responsible for g individuals with an opportunity to decline, if PII/I ted, maintained, or disseminated by SIMS	3II
	No, individuals do not have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.	Specify	why not:	

7.3	Indicate whether and how individuals have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of
	their PII/BII.

$\boxtimes$	Yes, individuals have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.	Specify how: System applications are responsible for providing individuals with an opportunity to consent, if PII/BII is collected, maintained, or disseminated by SIMS
	No, individuals do not have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.	Specify why not:

7.4 Indicate whether and how individuals have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.

$\boxtimes$	Yes, individuals have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to	Specify how: System applications are responsible for providing individuals with an opportunity to review/update, if PII/BII is
	them.	collected, maintained, or disseminated by SIMS
	No, individuals do not have an	Specify why not:
	opportunity to review/update PII/BII	
	pertaining to them.	

#### **Section 8: Administrative and Technological Controls**

8.1 Indicate the administrative and technological controls for the system. (*Check all that apply.*)

	All users signed a confidentiality agreement or non-disclosure agreement.	
$\boxtimes$	All users are subject to a Code of Conduct that includes the requirement for confidentiality.	
$\boxtimes$	Staff (employees and contractors) received training on privacy and confidentiality policies and practices.	
	Access to the PII/BII is restricted to authorized personnel only.	
	Access to the PII/BII is being monitored, tracked, or recorded. Explanation:	
$\boxtimes$	The information is secured in accordance with FISMA requirements.  Provide date of most recent Assessment and Authorization (A&A): June 08, 2015  This is a new system. The A&A date will be provided when the A&A package is approved.	
$\boxtimes$	The Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 199 security impact category for this system is a moderate or higher.	
$\boxtimes$	NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-122 and NIST SP 800-53 Revision 4 Appendix J recommended security controls for protecting PII/BII are in place and functioning as intended; or have an approved Plan of Action and Milestones (POAM).	
	Contractors that have access to the system are subject to information security provisions in their contracts required by DOC policy.	
	Contracts with customers establish ownership rights over data including PII/BII.	
	Acceptance of liability for exposure of PII/BII is clearly defined in agreements with customers.	
	Other (specify):	

8.2 Provide a general description of the technologies used to protect PII/BII on the IT system.

SIMS protects information and retains it within the system according to USPTO requirements and federal law. By default, the VMAX Symmetrix writes data throughout the set of data drives within the storage array. There is a different key for each drive in the VMAX. The process occurs on the Disk adapter Serial Link hardware, ensuring there is no possible way to reconstruct the specific data from a pattern of data scripting on multiple drives. Only administrators have access to the information, there are no user accounts on the system. Restricting boundary traffic to SIMS infrastructure within managed interfaces and prohibiting external malicious traffic are the responsibility of the USPTO network infrastructure. They employ managed interfaces employing boundary protection devices including proxies, gateways, routers, firewalls, guards, or encrypted tunnels arranged in effective security architecture (e.g., routers protecting firewalls and application gateways residing on a protected sub-network referred to as a demilitarized zone or DMZ). This configuration protects the system from basic attacks like tear-drop, syn flood, smurf flood, ping flood and fraggle.

#### **Section 9: Privacy Act**

9.1 Indicate whether a system of records is being created under the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552a. (A new system of records notice (SORN) is required if the system is not covered by an existing SORN).

As per the Privacy Act of 1974, "the term 'system of records' means a group of any records under the control of any agency from which information is retrieved by the name of the individual or by some identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual."

	Yes, this system is covered by an existing system of records notice (SORN).  Provide the SORN name and number ( <i>list all that apply</i> ):
	Yes, a SORN has been submitted to the Department for approval on (date).
$\boxtimes$	No, a SORN is not being created. System applications are responsible for creating a SORN on data levels collected, maintained, or disseminated by SIMS

#### **Section 10: Retention of Information**

10.1	Indicate whether these records are cov	ered b	y an approved records co	ntrol schedule a	nd
	monitored for compliance. (Check all	that a	oply.)		
	There is an approved record control schedule.  Provide the name of the record control schedule:				
$\boxtimes$	No, there is not an approved record control schedule.  Provide the stage in which the project is in developing and submitting a records control schedule: Policy development. System applications are responsible for defining an approved records control schedule on data collected, maintained, or disseminated by SIMS				
	Yes, retention is monitored for compliance t	_			
	No, retention is not monitored for compliance			n:	
10.2 Disp	Indicate the disposal method of the PI osal	I/BII.	Check all that apply.)		
Shree	dding		Overwriting		$\boxtimes$
Dega	ussing		Deleting		$\boxtimes$
Othe	r (specify):				
	n 11: NIST Special Publication 800.  Indicate the potential impact that coulorganization if PII were inappropriate.	d result ly acce	to the subject individual ssed, used, or disclosed.	s and/or the	
	Low – the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or availability could be expected to have a limited adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.				
$\boxtimes$	adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.				
	High – the loss of confidentiality, integrity, catastrophic adverse effect on organizationa				

	(Check all that apply.)		
	Identifiability	Provide explanation:	
	Quantity of PII	Provide explanation:	
	Data Field Sensitivity	Provide explanation:	
	Context of Use	Provide explanation:	
	Obligation to Protect Confidentiality	Provide explanation:	
	Access to and Location of PII	Provide explanation:	
$\boxtimes$	Other:	Provide explanation: System applications are responsible for determining the confidentiality impact levels collected, maintained, or disseminated by SIMS.	
Section 12: Analysis  12.1 Indicate whether the conduct of this PIA results in any required business process changes.			
	Yes, the conduct of this PIA results in required business process changes.  Explanation:		
$\boxtimes$	No, the conduct of this PIA does not result in any required business process changes.		
12.2 Indicate whether the conduct of this PIA results in any required technology changes.			
	Yes, the conduct of this PIA results in required technology changes. Explanation:		
$\boxtimes$	No, the conduct of this PIA does not result in any required technology changes.		

11.2 Indicate which factors were used to determine the above PII confidentiality impact levels.