UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



Patent Quality Chat Leveraging a Harmonized Patent Classification System

October 9, 2018



To send in questions or comments during the webinar, please email:

PatentQuality@uspto.gov



http://www.uspto.gov/patentquality

Patent Quality

Providing high-quality, efficient examination of patent applications is paramount to <u>our mission</u> at USPTO. To ensure we continue to issue high-quality patents that will fuel innovation well into the future, the <u>Office of the Deputy Commissioner for Patent Quality</u>, along with our partners across the Patents organization, promotes and supports the continuous improvement of patent products, processes and services through collaboration with internal and external stakeholders of the intellectual property community.

Highlights



Patent Quality Chat

Our next Patent Quality Chat will be on October 9th; please mark your calendar to join us for "Leveraging a Harmonized Patent Classification System".

Quality Metrics

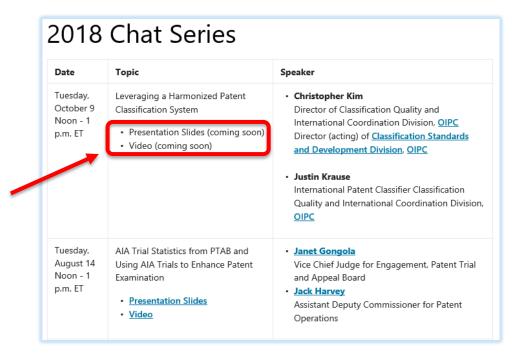
See our new metrics approach, categorizing into product, process and perception indicators.

Stakeholder Training on Examination Practice and Procedure (STEPP)

Sign up for an upcoming training developed for those interested in a better understanding of the examination process at the USPTO.



http://www.uspto.gov/patent/initiatives/ patent-quality-chat





Patent Quality Chat Leveraging a Harmonized Patent Classification System

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Today's Topic

USPTO's Office of International Patent Cooperation (OIPC) contributes to the development of the <u>Cooperative Patent Classification</u> (<u>CPC</u>) system and other international classification harmonization efforts (IP5)

-How do harmonization efforts benefit patent quality?



Agenda

Background of harmonization Why do we use classification?

International classification harmonization efforts

- Cooperative Patent Classification (CPC)
- IP5 Working Group 1 on Classification Global Classification Initiative (GCI)
- International Patent Classification (IPC)

Benefits of international harmonization efforts



Classification Introduction

A patent classification system:

- Organizes knowledge by technical subject matter
- Utilizes a language-neutral and independent categorization

Users of classification include:

- Patent offices
- External stakeholders



Patent Offices - Patent Classification Search

- Classification codes (symbols) represent technical subject matter
- Language neutral/independent
- Access to International Collection
- Patent family concept
 Patent documents that share the same priority have the same classification codes



External Stakeholders

- Protecting intellectual property
 - Whether you are a multinational business or an individual ...
 you need to protect your intellectual property (inventions, trademarks or designs) across borders
- Many stakeholders exploit patent information and utilize patent analytics
- There is a wide range of business use of patent information
- Patent analytics are based on classification



Why is Classification Important?

- Preparing and prosecuting patent applications
- Patent landscape reports
- Technology watch (bulletins)
- State of the art, infringement, patentability, annual statistics reports, freedom to operate, and clearance reports



International Classification Harmonization Efforts

Cooperative Patent Classification (CPC)

IP5 Working Group 1 on Classification Global Classification Initiative (GCI)

International Patent Classification (IPC)





Cooperative Patent Classification (CPC)

What is CPC?

Classification system developed jointly by USPTO and EPO

Launched in 2013

International Coverage

USPTO system for classification searching



Benefits of CPC

Quantity (Coverage)

Quality (Harmonization)



Pre- CPC Landscape

The situation before CPC was ...









FI/F-terms

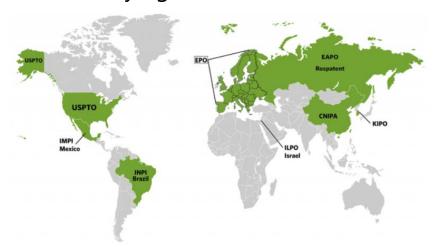
Japanese collection

Each system had its own bias

CPC Coverage

Wide Coverage

- 4 of 5 major IP Offices classifying in CPC (USPTO engaging JPO on classification cooperation)
- 27 countries classifying in CPC





CPC Document Collection

- Over 52 million worldwide documents in CPC
- One stop shop for most of the world's documents

(including some Japanese documents)

Country	Country Code	Number of publications classified in CPC (family or document level) as of February 2017	Number of publications classified in CPC (family or document level) as of January 2018	Growth % of Publications w/ CPC (family or document level) from February 2017 January 2018	Country	Country Code	Number of publications classified in CPC (family or document level) as of February 2017	Number of publications classified in CPC (family or document level) as of January 2018	Growth % of Publications w/ CPC (family or document level) from February 2017 - January 2018
EPO	EP	3,113,030	3,252,119	4.5%	Hungary	HU	78,100	80,213	9.7%
United States	US	11,650,065	12,019,335	3.2%	Israel	IL	84,600	85,052	0.5%
WIPO (PCT)	wo	2,998,490	3,191,752	6.4%	Korea	KR	1,420,956	2,004,580	41.1%
ARIPO	AP	3,718	9,042	143.2%					
Austria	AT	649,104	651,706	0.4%	Luxemburg	LU	60,773	60,786	0.0%
Australia	AU	1,360,654	1,608,650	18.2%	Mexico	MX	239,169	258,684	8.2%
Belgium	BE	551,554	552,051	0.1%	The Netherlands	NL	532,843	535,150	0.4%
Brazil	BR	380,715	396,665	4.2%	Norway	NO	171,479	173,385	1.1%
Canada	CA	1,269,831	1,303,570	2.7%	OAPI	OA	13,191	13,192	0.0%
Chile	CL	11.344	12,975	14.4%	Poland	PL	86,310	97,602	13.1%
China	CN	2,406,586	3,913,343	62.6%	Portugal	PT	100,790	108,739	7.9%
Czech Republic	CZ	42,734	43,127	0.9%	Russian Fed.	RU	306,103	419,765	37.1%
Estonia	EE	5,278	5,304	0.5%	Spain	ES	629,519	676,559	7.5%
France	FR	2,395,208	2,408,804	0.6%	Sweden	SE	330,853	332,310	0.4%
Finland	FI	112,202	113,658	1.3%	Switzerland	СН	576,238	577,499	0.2%
Germany	DE	4,740,975	4,807,060	1.4%	Turkey	TR	28,661	28,684	0.1%
Greece	GR	52,753	53,272	1.0%	United Kingdom	GB	2,118,079	2,129,113	0.5%

The CPC system is used for search by **more than 45 Patent Offices** and by **more than 32,000 examiners** worldwide



Asian Collection in CPC

CPC also has China and Korea prior art.

- China classifies all its new patent applications into CPC
- Korea classifies all its new patent applications and PCT's. Korea will have its whole backfile collection classified in CPC by the end of 2018.

China and Korea provide Asian influence in CPC

 USPC and ECLA were based on a western world view. This can create western bias leading to problems in the classification of knowledge from non-western cultures.



CPC Quality

CPC is jointly owned and maintained by USPTO and EPO

Greater focus on classification harmonization among offices



Summary of USPTO Efforts in CPC

The USPTO is working to improve CPC collections

- US collection contribution
- Engaging more countries in CPC
- CPC is dynamic

Working to improve quality/harmonization among Offices

Ensure confidence to users



International Classification Harmonization Efforts IP5 Global Classification Initiative

five Poffices



IP5 Working Group 1 on Classification

The Global Classification Initiative (GCI):

- Improving IPC from CPC and/or FI/F terms
- New Emerging Technologies

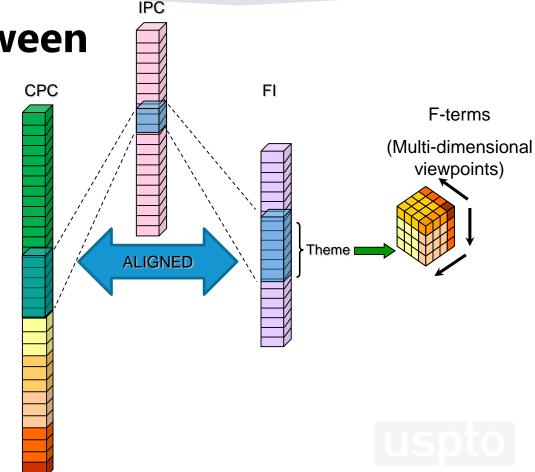


Relationship Between Classification Systems

CPC = Cooperative Patent Classification

IPC = International Patent Classification

FI = Japan's File Index Classification



Summary of USPTO Efforts in IP5

- Working to improve IPC granularity
 - CPC and FI/F-terms contribute to IPC further subdivisions
- Introducing new emerging technologies into IPC together in IP5
- Working to improve quality/harmonization among IP5 Offices



International Patent Classification (IPC) is Important for CPC and IP5

- IPC is the foundation of local classification systems
 CPC
 FI/ F-terms
- IPC is for the time being the only common classification scheme with all the major offices, including Japan
- USPTO has obligation to IPC as a party to the Strasbourg Agreement

COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

PRESSES IN GENERAL (producing ultra-high pressure or ultra-high pressure and high temperature to effect modifications of a substance, e.g. for making artificial diamonds <u>B01J 3/00</u>) {{ compressing means for refuse receptacles <u>B65F 1/1405</u>}}

NOTE

CPC

B30B

This subclass provides for presses in general and also for those presses, for particular purposes, which are not provided for elsewhere.

B30B 1/00	Presses, using a press ram, characterised by the features of the drive therefor, pressure being transmitted directly, or through simple thrust or tension members only, to the press ram or platen
B30B 1/001	. { by explosive charges }
B30B 1/002	. { by internal combustion mechanism }
B30B 1/003	. { by an elastic bag or diaphragm expanded by fluid pressure }
B30B 1/005	. { by thermal expansion or evaporation }
B30B 1/006	. { by a scissor or lazy-tongs mechanism }
B30B 1/007	. { using a fluid connection between the drive means and the press ram }
B30B 1/008	. { by a rod swinging between a fixed plane and the ram }
B30B 1/02	. by lever mechanism (by toggle mechanism <u>B30B.1/10</u>)
B30B 1/04	operated by hand or foot
B30B 1/06	operated by cams, eccentrics, or cranks
B30B 1/08	operated by fluid-pressure means
B30B 1/10	. by toggle mechanism
B30B 1/103	(operated by screw means)
B30B 1/106	(operated by another toggle mechanism)
B30B 1/12	operated by hand or foot
B30B 1/14	operated by cams, eccentrics, or cranks
B30B 1/16	operated by fluid-pressure means

Summary of USPTO Efforts in IPC for Users

- Work to improve IPC granularity among many offices
- Work underway on important IPC classification projects (e.g. semiconductors)



Benefits for <u>Patent Offices</u> of CPC, IP5 and IPC International Harmonization Efforts

- Patent offices throughout the world have access to more international coverage of patent documents
- Patent offices can search internationally using classification codes
- Patent offices are working to improve quality/harmonization among many offices



Benefits for <u>External Stakeholders</u> of CPC, IP5 and IPC International Harmonization Efforts

- Stakeholders can better identify patenting activity throughout the world through access to more international coverage of patent documents.
- Stakeholders can identify patenting activity easier through classification codes
- Stakeholders can have more certainty in their patenting activity analysis through better harmonization among offices



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Let's Chat about Leveraging a Harmonized Patent Classification System

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Next Patent Quality Chat TBD

November 13, 2018



Other Patent Quality-Related Events https://www.uspto.gov/about-us/events

October 18	Inventor Info Chat— In Spanish Responding to Pre-Examination Notices (virtual)			
October 24	artnering in Patents 5 th Anniversary Event hosted by USPTO and IPLA (in Alexandria and virtual)			
November 27	Patents for Humanity 2018 Awards Ceremony (in Alexandria and virtual)			



Thank you for joining us today!

Patent Quality Chat Webinar Series 2018 October 9, 2018





Email questions to PatentQuality@uspto.gov