





Today's Agenda

- Introduction to the USPTO's Enhanced Patent Quality Initiative
- Clarity of Record
- Collaboration Tools for Interviews





Introduction to the Enhanced Patent Quality Initiative

Valencia Martin Wallace Deputy Commissioner for Patent Quality

Moderator: Janet Gongola

Senior Advisor, Office of the Under Secretary for Intellectual Property

and Director of the USPTO

Leading in Quality Excellence – Every Interaction Counts



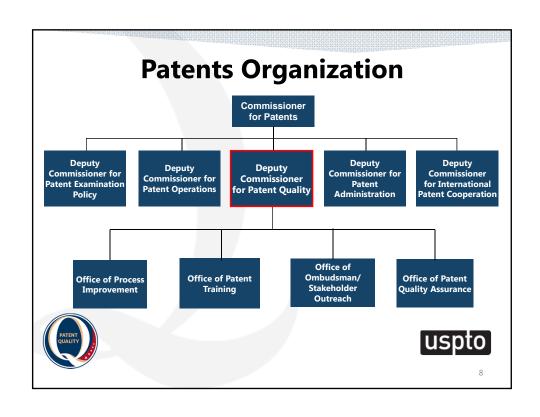
Creating a World-Class Patent System

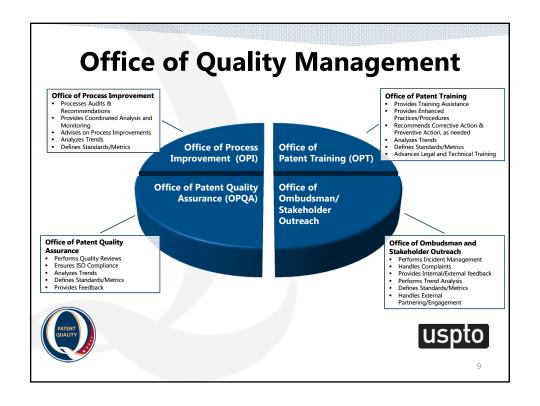
This is the Right Time for a Greater Focus on Quality

- America Invents Act (AIA) provides USPTO with a stable budget
- USPTO continues to reduce patent application inventory and pendency
- On-going investments in IT and training provide an opportunity to improve quality in our patent system
- USPTO has always made patent quality a priority











Current Patent Quality Initiatives

Internal

- OAS Details
- GS-14 Trainer Program Expansion
- Search Analysis Program
- Peer Interaction Meetings
- QAS Assistance in TCs
- Interview Specialists
- Training
 - 35 USC § 112(f)
 - 35 USC § 101

External

- Patent Quality Chat Webinar Series
- Ombudsman Hours by Time Zone
- Patent Quality Roadshows (Fall 2015)
- Federal Register Public Comments Analysis
- Patent Quality Summit Comments Analysis



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Proposed Enhanced Patent Quality Initiative

- In February, the USPTO proposed six initiatives to enhance patent quality (80 Fed. Reg. 6475 (Feb. 5, 2015))
- These six initiatives are built around three pillars:
 - I. Excellence in Work Product
 - II. Excellence in Measuring Patent Quality
 - III. Excellence in Customer Service





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Enhanced Patent Quality Initiative

- Excellence in work products
 - 1. Applicant requests prosecution review of selected applications
 - 2. Automated pre-examination search
 - 3. Clarity of the record
- II. Excellence in measuring patent quality
 - 4. Review/improvements to quality metrics
- III. Excellence in customer service
 - 5. Review of current compact prosecution model and effect on quality
 - 6. In-person interview capability with all examiners





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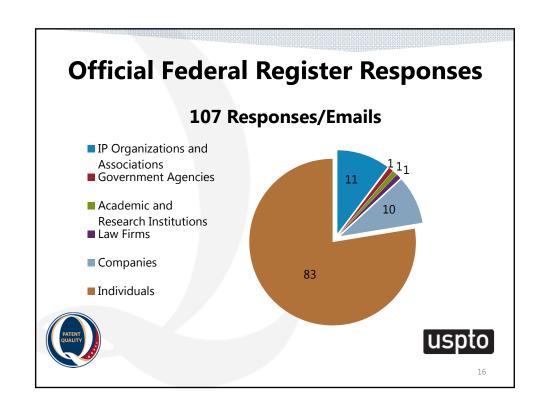
Comments on USPTO's Enhanced Patent Quality Initiative

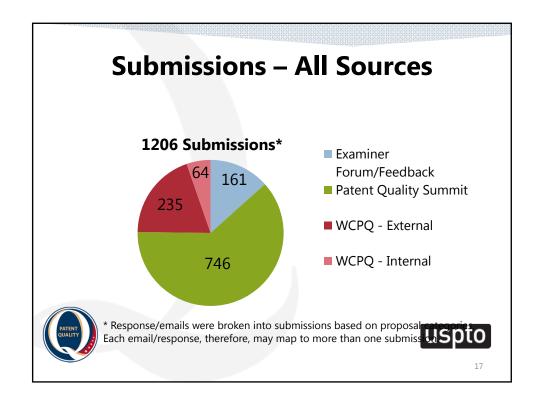
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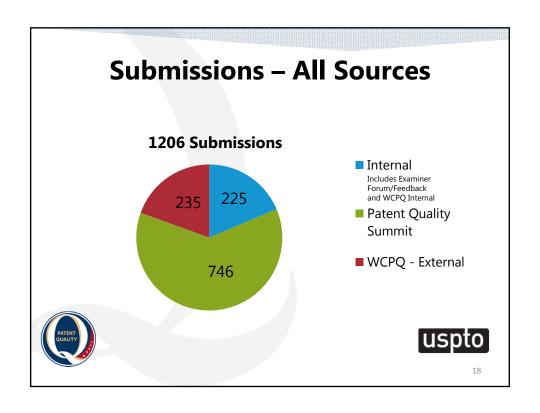


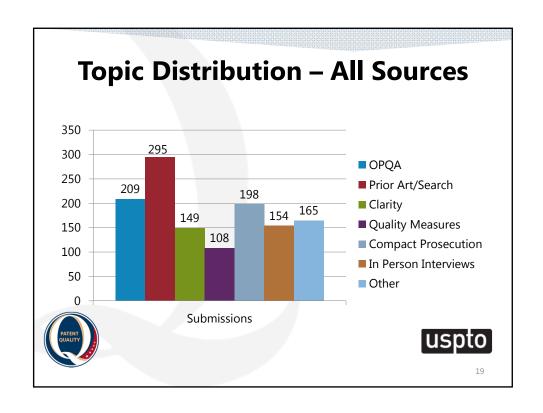
Comments on the Enhanced Patent Quality Initiative

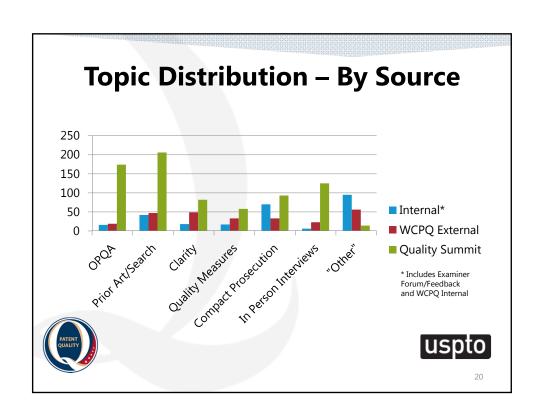
- Comments and suggestions on the enhanced patent quality initiative have been collected from a variety of sources:
 - Two-Day Patent Quality Summit (held on March 25-26, 2015)
 - Federal Register Notice Comment Period (closed May 20, 2015)
 - Internal examiner forums
- We are still collecting comments and suggestions through our World Class Patent Quality (WCPQ) mailbox (worldclasspatentquality@uspto.gov)











"Other" Topic Distribution

- Additional Examiner/SPE Resources
- More Time for Examiners
- Improved/Additional Examiner Training
- Examiner PAP/Awards
- Miscellaneous





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Emerging Themes from Comments

- Having examiners clearly articulate their position on the record is a critical component of quality
- The USPTO needs to differentiate between measures of patent process and patent product
- The quality of the interview is much more important than the type of the interview (e.g., telephonic, video conferencing, in-person)

Next Steps

- We will continue to collect comments through:
 - WorldClassPatentQuality@uspto.gov email box
 - Patent Quality Chat Webinar Series
 - Patent Quality Roadshows
- We will analyze the comments and develop recommendations for moving forward





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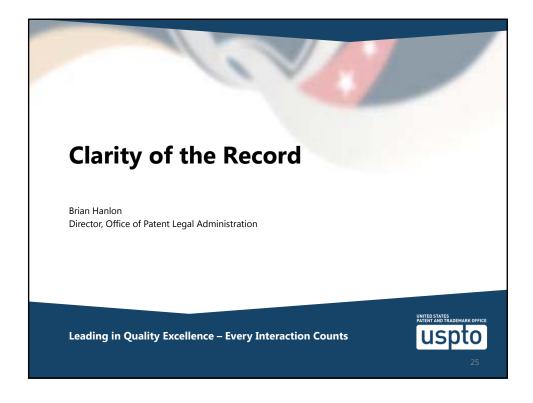
QUESTIONS?

Enhanced Patent Quality Initiative

Valencia Martin Wallace Deputy Commissioner for Patent Quality

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Clarity of the Record Initiative

- > Ensure that a complete and comprehensive record is created
- ➤ Improve the communication between Examiner and Applicant throughout prosecution
- > Reduce prosecution costs and prosecution time
- ➤ Reduce the patent-related risks in launching products and starting or investing in businesses
- Provide the public with the benefit of better knowing the boundaries of an exclusionary right
- Minimize the risk of costly and avoidable litigation





Clarity of the Record Initiative: Summit Discussion

- > Current best practices in Office actions
- Potential impact downstream (litigation/enforcement)
- Whether the Office should provide an explicit claim construction in the record
- Making the substance of interviews more extensive on the record
- > Explanation on the record concerning the decision made in pre-appeal / appeal conferences
- Desirability of explicit reasons for allowability during prosecution



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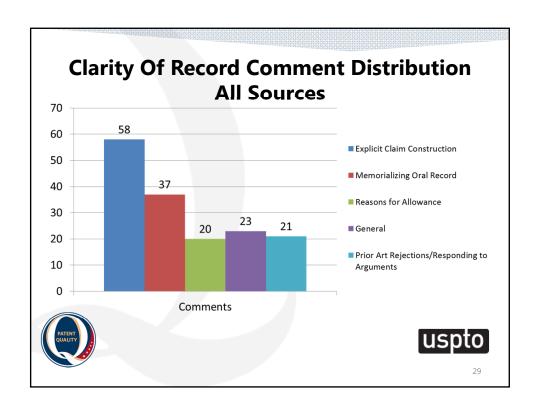
Clarity of the Record Topics

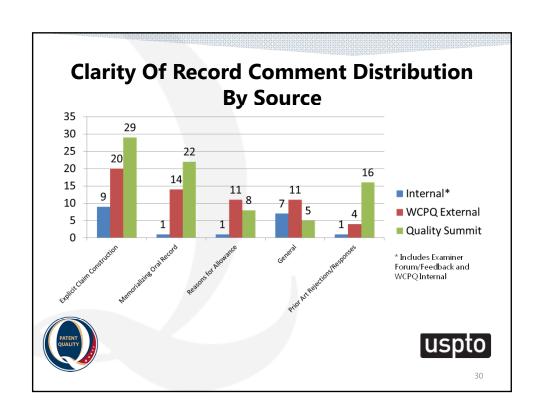
Distribution of Public Comments:

- Explicit Claim Construction
- Memorializing the Oral Record
- · Reasons for Allowance
- Prior Art Rejections/Responding to Arguments
- General









Explicit Claim Construction - Comments

- ➤ Many supported providing some level of claim construction because it gives the public adequate notice of the scope of the inventor's exclusionary rights
- ➤ Some raised the concern that explicit claim construction in the record presents a major problem of file wrapper estoppel





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Explicit Claim Construction - Comments

- ➤ When should explicit claim construction be made in the record?
 - As a requirement for construing certain terms (i.e. when claim terms are not clearly defined or supported in the specification)
 - To address the issue of a limiting preamble and/or means/functional language
 - At the Examiner's discretion, when necessary





Memorializing the Oral Record - Comments

- Many supported a more detailed interview summary
 - · Clarification of claim terms
 - · Accurate summary of discussion
 - · Why agreement was reached
- Some raised the concern that recordation/transcription of interviews could create a chilling effect on both Applicants and Examiners



Others suggested continuing current interview recordation practice as it provides the correct balance

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Memorializing the Oral Record - Comments

- ➤ Many supported a more detailed pre-appeal brief conference decision
- Many supported providing details regarding appeal conference decisions





Reasons for Allowance - Comments

- ➤ When should a reasons for allowance be provided?
 - Most agreed that there should be some reason given in the prosecution record
 - o Clarify claim construction used in prosecution
 - o Understand Examiner's position
 - o Aid parties in future litigation
 - Some believed that explicit statements of reasons for allowance should only be necessary when the prosecution record is unclear (in accordance with current MPEP requirements)





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Prior Art Rejection / Response - Comments

- Minimize the occurrence of incomplete or poor quality Office actions
- ➤ In § 103 rejections, the examiner should provide reasons for combining references and explain the reasons for all claims
- Provide improved training on, and enforce use of, form paragraphs
- Examiners should explain inherency positions





General Comments

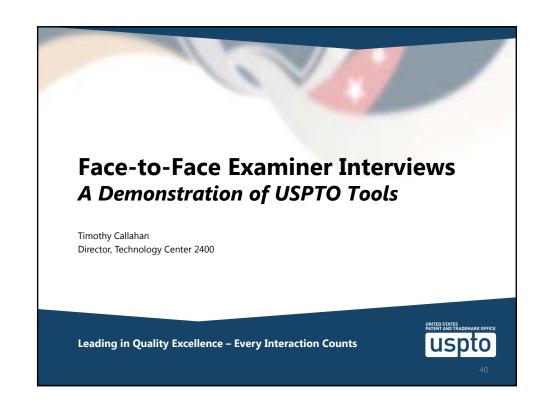
- ➤ 35 U.S.C. §112 is under-utilized by Examiners
- ➤ Applicant should provide an explicit invocation of 35 U.S.C. § 112(f)
- Require Applicant to show support for claim amendments when words are not verbatim in specification



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QUESTIONS? Clarity of the Record Brian Hanlon Director, Office of Patent Legal Administration Leading in Quality Excellence – Every Interaction Counts





Overview

- Interview Survey Results
- WebEx Interviews
- Authorization Policy
- Interview Resources
 - Interview Specialist
 - Public Interview Rooms
 - Website & Email box





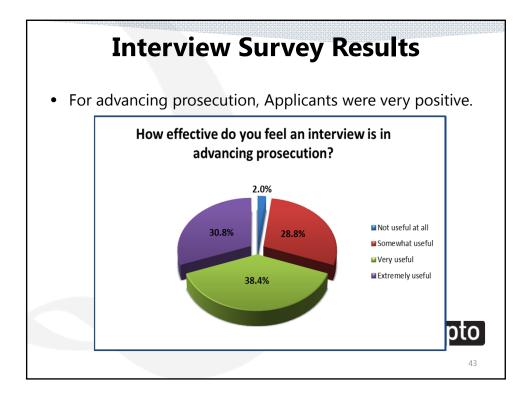
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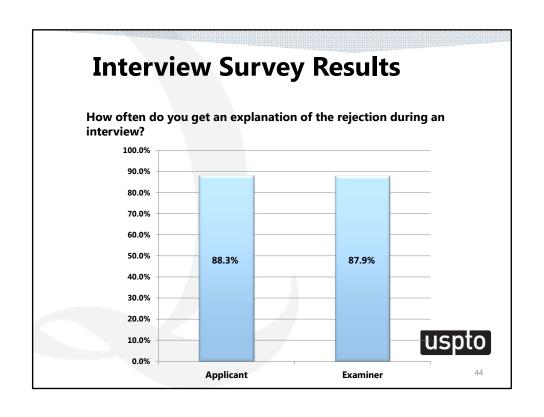
Interview Surveys

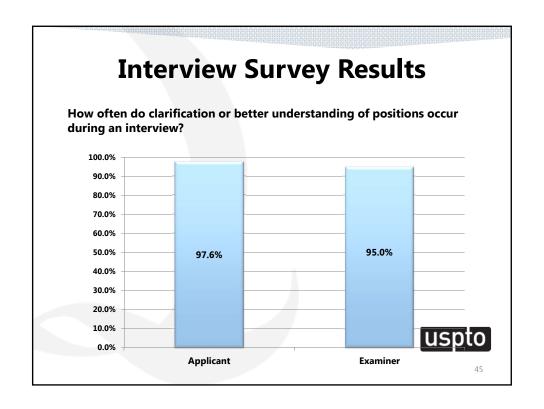
- Surveys on interviews for both Examiners and Applicants were conducted in 2014
- Learn more about interview practice during prosecution
- Identify training opportunities

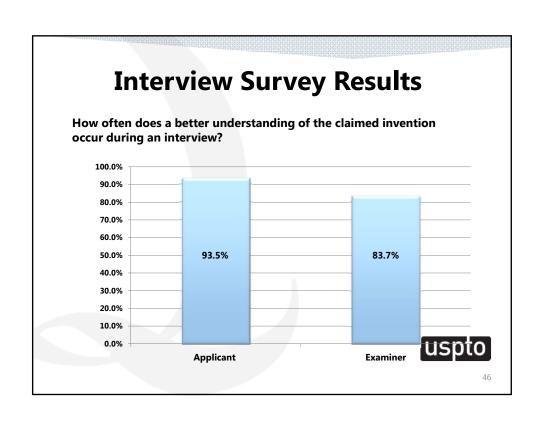


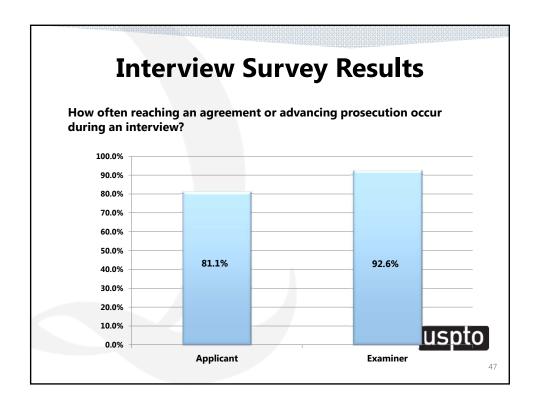










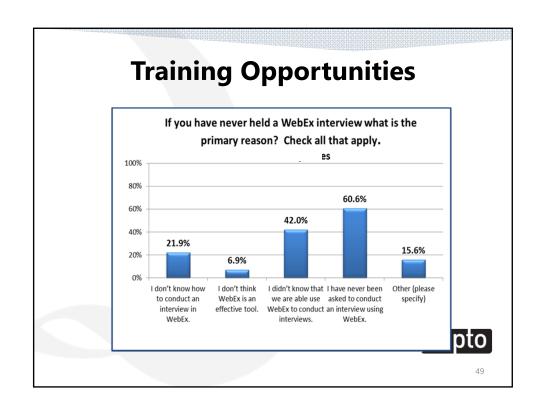


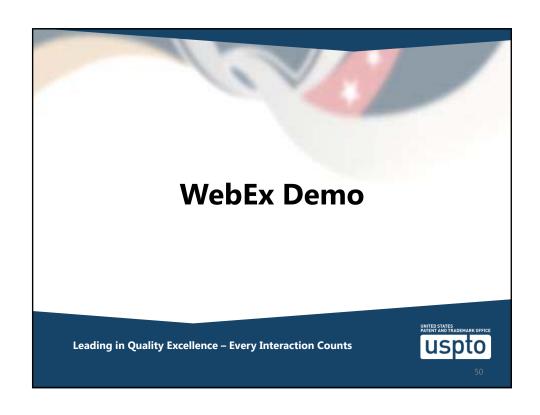
Interview Survey Summary

- Most interviews are initiated by Applicants according to both surveys
- 99% of Applicants indicated that request for interviews are usually granted.









WebEx Basics

- You need a computer and a high-speed Internet connection is recommended.
- WebEx is a web-based service, so you can use it from any computer (Windows, Mac, Linux, or Solaris).
- No software needs to be downloaded or purchased.
- A telephone will be used to join the audio component of the meeting while a video camera may be used as part of the visual component.





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Click Link for Examiner

Open the email containing the WebEx online meeting invitation and click on the link to join the visual component of the online meeting.

To join the online meeting (Now from mobile devices!)

- 1. Click the following link: Join the meeting
- 2. If requested, enter your name and email address.
- 3. If a password is required, enter the meeting password:
- 4. Click "Join".





Verbal Authorization for Video Conferencing

Change to Internet Usage Policy to Permit Oral Authorization for Video Conferencing Tools

- Policy has been updated to make it easier for Applicants to authorize the use of video conferencing tools to conduct examiner interviews.
- MPEP § 502.03 now allows a <u>verbal request to</u> <u>authorize a WebEx interview</u>, instead of submitting a written request.
- The verbal authorization is limited to the video conference interview and does not extend to other communications regarding the application.

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Resources & Assistance

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Interview Specialist

- Subject matter expert on interview practice and policy in each Technology Center
- To assist Examiners and Applicants in facilitating effective interviews
- The list of TC Specialists can be found here: http://www.uspto.gov/patent/laws-and-regulations/interview-practice/interview-specialist





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WebEx Training & Assistance

- Applicants who are interested in more detailed WebEx training may request a <u>one-on-one</u> WebEx training session with an interview specialist.
- Please email your request to <u>ExaminerInterviewPractice@USPTO.gov</u>
 - Include preferred dates and times
 - Please give at least one week notice



Email questions to PatentQualityEventParticipationBox@uspto.gov

Public Interview Rooms

- A Public Interview Room is a video conference room on each USPTO campus designated for Applicants to use to connect and collaborate with examiners that are working remotely or at a different USPTO campus
- Currently in Alexandria, Detroit & Denver
- Coming soon to San Jose & Dallas





Public Interview Rooms

- Must be reserved by Examiner at least two business days prior to interview.
- Written or verbal authorization to communicate electronically is required prior to reserving a public interview room (see MPEP § § 502.03 and 713.01, and 80 Fed. Reg. 23787, April 2015).









Step 1: Click Emailed Link

Open the email containing the WebEx online meeting invitation and click on the link to join the visual component of the online meeting.

To join the online meeting (Now from mobile devices!)

- 1. Click the following link: Join the meeting
- 2. If requested, enter your name and email address.
- 3. If a password is required, enter the meeting password:
- 4. Click "Join".





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Step 2: Sign In

Enter 'Your name' and 'Email address' in the Meeting Center window and click 'Join'.







Step 3: Allow Plug-In

If an Add-On or Plug-In appears and you have administrative privileges to install the application, select 'Allow' or 'Download' to install and launch the WebEx Application. (Depending on which browser you are using, the dialog box may appear different.)





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Step 4: Java Admin Options

If Administrative privileges are not available, users can 'Use Java' on Internet Explorer or 'Run a temporary application' on Google Chrome and Mozilla Firefox.





Step 5: Call In

To join the audio component of the online meeting, enter your **10 digit phone number** in the Audio Conference Window and click on '**Call Me**'. WebEx will call the entered phone number.







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Step 6: Answer Phone

Your phone will ring. Answer it and when prompted, press '1' on the phone dial pad to enter the audio portion of the conference.







Step 7: Start Video

To join the visual component of the online meeting, when the WebEx Meeting starts, click the **'Start my video'** button next to your name in the participants list.







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Conducting WebEx Interviews

• Conducting the Video Conference - Presenter

Designating a presenter

The first person to arrive is made the presenter, but the Host can assign a Participant the Presenter's role.

- 1. On the **Participants** panel, select a name to designate as the Presenter.
- 2. Click the **Make Presenter** button. Make Presenter
- 3. To reclaim the Presenter's role, select your own name and click the **Make Presenter** button.





Conducting WebEx Interviews

• Conducting the Video Conference - Sharing

Sharing Files and Applications

- Share a File to present information that will not be edited.
- Share an **Application** to demonstrate software, edit a document, or train attendees on using an application.

Click to expand the **Share** drop-down menu from the main **Quick Start** tab, or the **Share** drop-down menu; see **Figures 16** and **17**.





Figure 17. Share Menu



Note: Desktop sharing is not available for external meetings (interviews)

Note: File must be open for you to share it.

Note: Participant must be Presenter to share

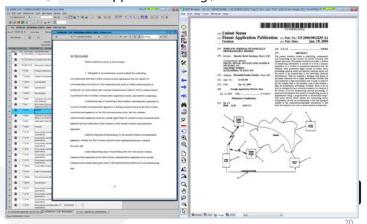
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Conducting WebEx Interviews

Sharing Examples

During an interview, an Examiner can share their **eDAN** application to e.g., view claims, or **EAST** application to e.g., discuss a cited reference.





Conducting WebEx Interviews

• Conducting the Video Conference - Sharing

When viewing a document in full-screen mode, or when sharing an application or desktop, use the **WebEx Sharing** toolbar to access annotation tools. Hover the cursor over the sharing note at top center of the monitor to bring up the **Control Panel**; see **Figure 18**.

The **Annotate** button will display annotation tools that can be used in conjunction with shared materials to call out specific elements; see **Figure 19**.





Figure 19. Annotation Tools





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Conducting WebEx Interviews

Annotate Example

During an interview, an Examiner can annotate a shared document, e.g., **markup** a copy of the claims.

An Examiner can also use the **pointer tool** to e.g., show applicant where a claimed feature is not positively recited or point to where a claimed feature is taught in a reference.



