

Promoting Innovation in the Life Science Sector and Supporting Pro-Competitive Collaboration: the Role of Intellectual Property

# Life Science Patents in Practice

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Technical Minds. Legal Muscle.

#### Why are life science patents important?

- Encourages disclosure of the workings of inventions to the public (advantage to the public)
- Encourages investment by providing a barrier to entry to those who would copy an innovation
- Can prevent others from using invention as a trade secret
- Encourages collaboration with other patent-holders to cross-license instead of sue you
- Recoup \$\$ spent on R&D
- Patent exclusivity allows listing in the FDA's Orange Book (barrier to generic competitors) for small molecules, or patent dance for biologics
- · Can serve as collateral for a bank loan, or sold



### Pharmaceutical Drug (small molecule) Approaches

- 505(b)(1) New Drug Application (NDA)
  - New molecular entity
  - New formulation of previously approved drug
  - New combination of two or more drugs
  - New indication for already marketed drug
- 505(b)(2)" application ("Paper" NDA) modification to an approved drug
  - Relies upon safety and effectiveness data of the reference-listed-drug
  - May be marketed as a "branded" or generic drug
- 505(j) application **Abbreviated NDA (ANDA)** <u>duplicate</u> of an approved NDA product:
  - Relies on safety and efficacy studies from NDA
  - Must have identical active ingredient, route of administration, dosage form, strength, labeling and intended use
  - Must demonstrate bioequivalence



## Patent Opportunities Under 505(b)(1) NDA

- New Chemical Entity (NCE)
  - Polymorphs/crystal forms
  - $\circ$  Impurities
- Dosage forms (ex. IR, ER, SR, PR, MR; oral, parenteral, topical, nasal)
- Dosing and/or titration regimen
- Methods of Use
  - Methods of treatment
  - Methods of dosing and administration
  - Methods of inducing physiologic effects

- Pharmacokinetics (Tmax, AUC, Cmax, cytochrome P450)
- Methods of Manufacture
- Subpopulations (clinical trial data mining)
- Diagnostics subject matter eligibility?



### Patent Opportunities Under 505(b)(2) paper NDA

- New Chemical Entity (different salt, ester, complex, chelate, clathrate, racemate, or enantiomer of active moiety)
- New dosage form
- New dosing regimen
- New strength
- New route of administration
- New indication



## Patent Opportunities for Biologics (large molecules)

- Nucleotide and amino acid/polypeptide sequences
- Vectors
- Modified organisms (ex. live attenuated virus)
- \*Manufacturing methods\* (if not kept trade secret)
  - Platform technology
- Formulations
- Methods of Use



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