F01B

MACHINES OR ENGINES, IN GENERAL OR OF POSITIVE-DISPLACEMENT TYPE, e.g. STEAM ENGINES (of rotary-piston or oscillating-piston type F01C; of non-positive-displacement type F01D; internal-combustion engines F02B; combustion-product engine plants F02G; machines or engines, other than of positive-displacement type, for liquids F03B; positive-displacement engines driven by liquids F03C; wind motors F03D; positive-displacement machines for liquids F04B; rotary-piston, or oscillating-piston, positive-displacement machines for liquids F04C)

Definition statement

This place covers:

Machines or engines, in general or of positive-displacement type.

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

Rotary-piston or oscillating-piston machines or engines	F01C
Non-positive-displacement machines or engines, e.g. steam turbines	<u>F01D</u>
Internal-combustion engines	<u>F02B</u>
Combustion-product engine plants	<u>F02G</u>
Machines or engines, other than of positive-displacement type, for liquids	<u>F03B</u>
Positive-displacement engines driven by liquids	F03C
Wind motors	<u>F03D</u>
Positive-displacement machines for liquids	<u>F04B</u>
Rotary-piston, or oscillating-piston, positive-displacement machines for liquids	F04C

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Steam engine plants	<u>F01K</u>
Cyclically operating valves for machines or engines	<u>F01L</u>
Lubricating of machines or engines in general	<u>F01M</u>
Pumps for liquids or elastic fluids	<u>F04</u>
Crankshafts, crossheads or connecting-rods	<u>F16C</u>
Flywheels	<u>F16F</u>
Gearings for interconverting rotary motion and reciprocating motion in general	F16H
Pistons, piston rods or cylinders, for engines in general	<u>F16J</u>

F01B (continued) CPC - F01B - 2025.01

Glossary of terms

In this place, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:

engine	a device for continuously converting fluid energy into mechanical power, thus, this term includes, for example, steam piston engines or steam turbines, per se, or internal-combustion piston engines, but it excludes single-stroke devices.
machine	a device which could equally be an engine and a pump, and not a device which is restricted to an engine or one which is restricted to a pump.
pump	a device for continuously raising, forcing, compressing, or exhausting fluid by mechanical or other means. Thus, this term includes fans or blowers.
positive displacement	the way the energy of a working fluid is transformed into mechanical energy, in which variations of volume created by the working fluid in a working chamber produce equivalent displacements of the mechanical member transmitting the energy, the dynamic effect of the fluid being of minor importance, and vice versa.
non-positive displacement	the way the energy of a working fluid is transformed into mechanical energy, by transformation of the energy of the working fluid into kinetic energy, and vice versa.
oscillating-piston machine	a positive-displacement machine in which a fluid-engaging work-transmitting member oscillates. This definition applies also to engines and pumps.
rotary-piston machine	a positive-displacement machine in which a fluid-engaging work- transmitting member rotates about a fixed axis or about an axis moving along a circular or similar orbit. This definition applies also to engines and pumps.
rotary piston	the work-transmitting member of a rotary-piston machine and may be of any suitable form, e.g., like a toothed gear.
free piston	a piston of which the length of stroke is not defined by any member driven thereby.
cylinders	positive-displacement working chambers in general. Thus, this term is not restricted to cylinders of circular cross-section.
main shaft	the shaft which converts reciprocating piston motion into rotary motion or vice versa.
plant	an engine together with such additional apparatus as is necessary to run the engine. For example, a steam engine plant includes a steam engine and means for generating the steam.
working fluid	the driven fluid in a pump or the driving fluid in an engine. The working fluid can be in a compressible, gaseous state, called elastic fluid, e.g. steam; in a liquid state; or in a state where there is coexistence of an elastic fluid and liquid phase.

F01B 1/00

Reciprocating-piston machines or engines characterised by number or relative disposition of cylinders or by being built-up from separate cylinder-crankcase elements (F01B 3/00, F01B 5/00 take precedence)

References

Limiting references

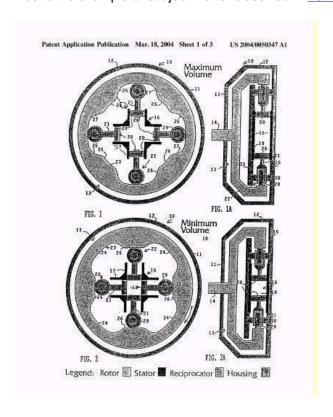
This place does not cover:

Reciprocating-piston machines or engines with cylinder axes coaxial with, or parallel or inclined to, main shaft	F01B 3/00
Reciprocating-piston machines or engines with cylinder axes arranged substantially tangentially to a circle centred on main shaft axis	F01B 5/00

F01B 1/0603

{the connection of the pistons with an element being at the outer ends of the cylinders}

Special rules of classification

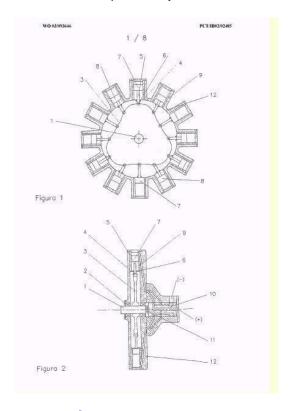


F01B 1/062

{the connection of the pistons with an actuating or actuated element being at the inner ends of the cylinders}

Special rules of classification

Illustrative example of subject matter classified in F01B 1/062



F01B 1/0665

{Disconnecting the pistons from the actuating or actuated cam}

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Disengagement of connections between pistons and main shafts	F01B 31/24
--	------------

F01B 1/10

with more than one main shaft, e.g. coupled to common output shaft

References

Informative references

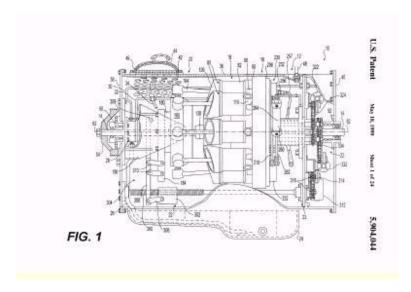
Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

	*
Combinations of two or more machines or engines	F01B 21/00

Reciprocating-piston machines or engines with cylinder axes coaxial with, or parallel or inclined to, main shaft axis

Special rules of classification

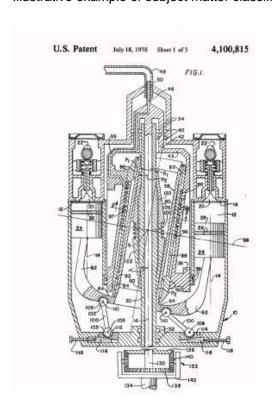
Illustrative example of subject matter classified in F01B 3/00



F01B 3/0002

{having stationary cylinders}

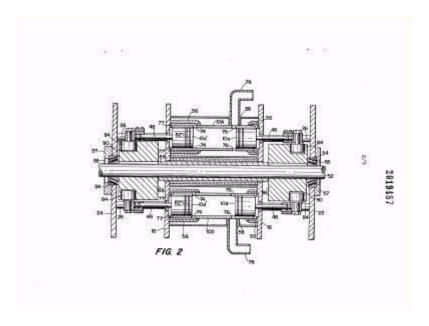
Special rules of classification



{having two or more sets of cylinders or pistons}

Special rules of classification

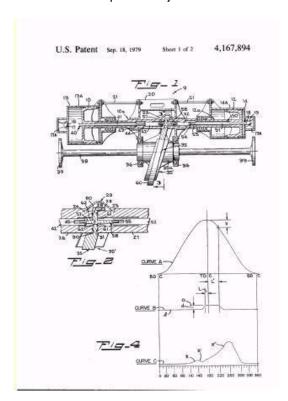
Illustrative example of subject matter classified in F01B 3/0005



F01B 3/0008

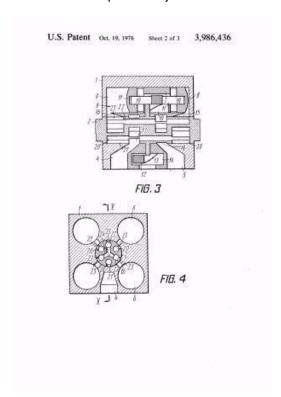
{having self-acting distribution members, e.g. actuated by working fluid}

Special rules of classification



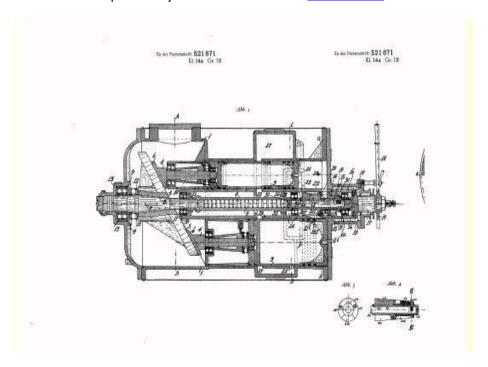
(Cylindrical distribution members)

Special rules of classification



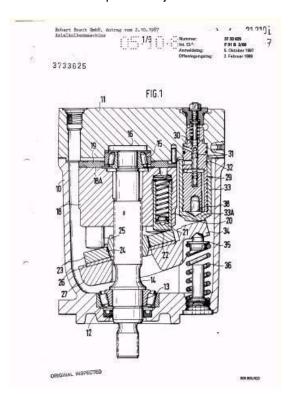
{Conical distribution members}

Special rules of classification



{having rotary cylinder block}

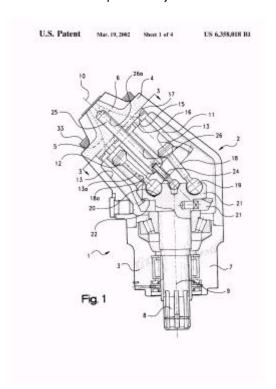
Special rules of classification



{inclined to main shaft axis}

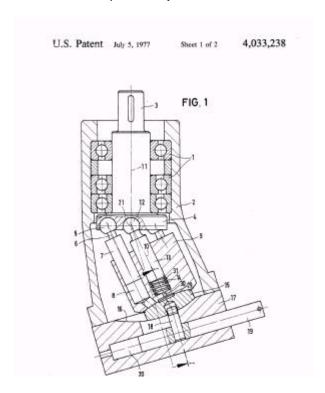
Special rules of classification

Illustrative example of subject matter classified in $\underline{\text{Fo1B }3/0038}$



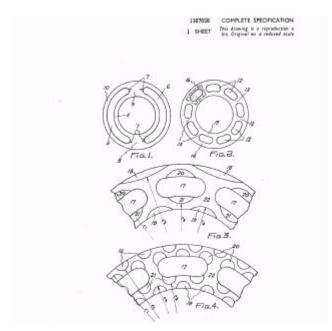
{Arrangements for pressing the cylinder barrel against the valve plate, e.g. fluid pressure}

Special rules of classification



{Particularities in the contacting area between cylinder barrel and valve plate}

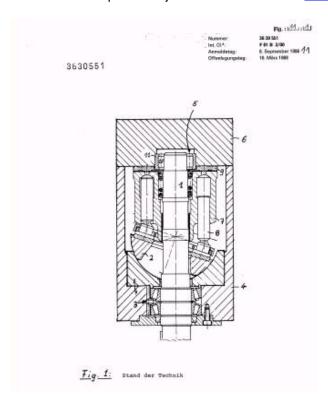
Special rules of classification



{Bearing arrangements}

Special rules of classification

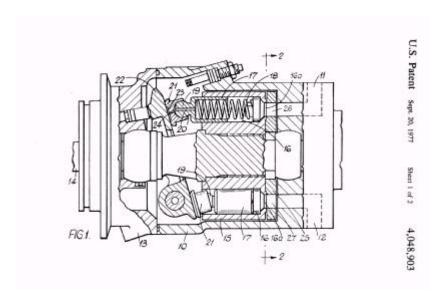
Illustrative example of subject matter classified in F01B 3/005



F01B 3/0052

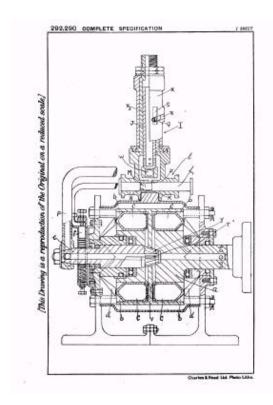
{Cylinder barrel}

Special rules of classification



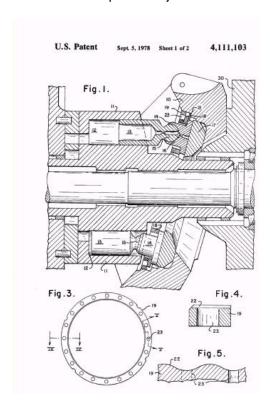
{Conical valve means}

Special rules of classification



{Swash plate}

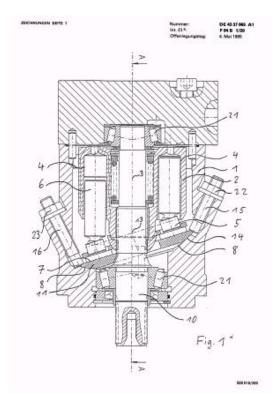
Special rules of classification



{Connection between cylinder barrel and inclined swash plate}

Special rules of classification

Illustrative example of subject matter classified in F01B 3/0076



F01B 3/0079

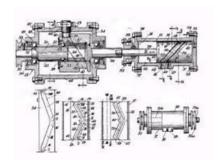
{having pistons with rotary and reciprocating motion, i.e. spinning pistons}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Reciprocating-piston machines or engines with cylinder axes coaxial with, or parallel or inclined to, main shaft axis, wherein the pistons rotate (spin) about their longitudinal axis as they reciprocate.

Illustrative example of subject matter classified in this place:



References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Piston motion being transmitted by curved surfaces

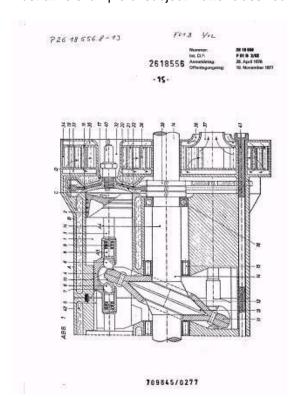
F01B 3/04

F01B 3/02

with wobble-plate

Special rules of classification

Illustrative example of subject matter classified in F01B 3/02



F01B 3/04

the piston motion being transmitted by curved surfaces

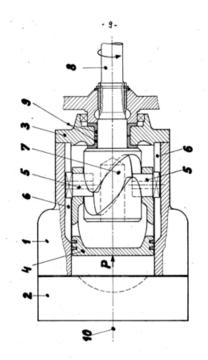
Definition statement

This place covers:

Piston motion being transmitted by curved surfaces, e.g. by cams or grooves.

Definition statement

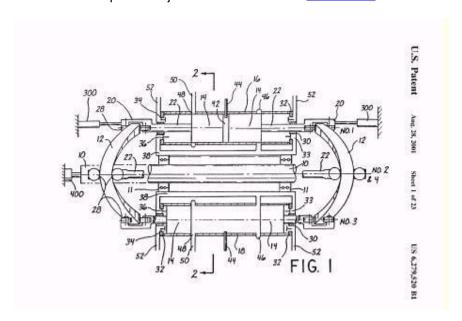
Illustrative example of subject matter classified in this place:



F01B 3/045

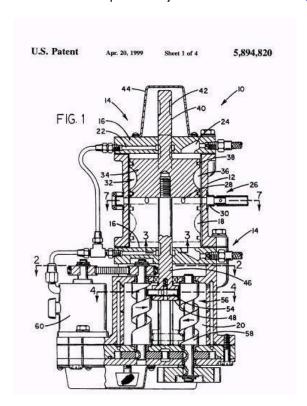
{by two or more curved surfaces, e.g. for two or more pistons in one cylinder}

Special rules of classification



by multi-turn helical surfaces and automatic reversal

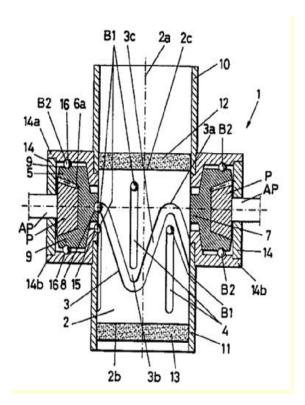
Special rules of classification



the helices being arranged on the pistons

Special rules of classification

Illustrative example of subject matter classified in F01B 3/08



F01B 3/10

Control of working-fluid admission or discharge peculiar thereto

References

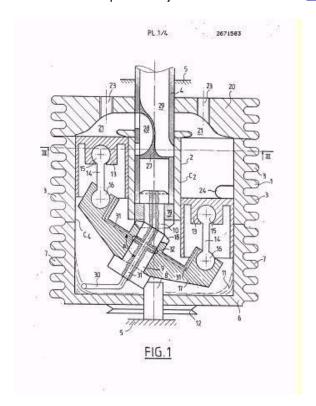
Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Cyclically operating valves for machines or engines in general	F01L	

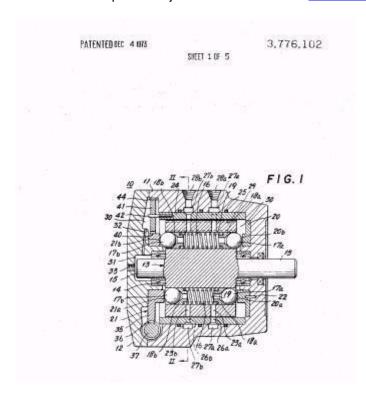
{for machines with rotary cylinder block}

Special rules of classification



{by turning the valve plate}

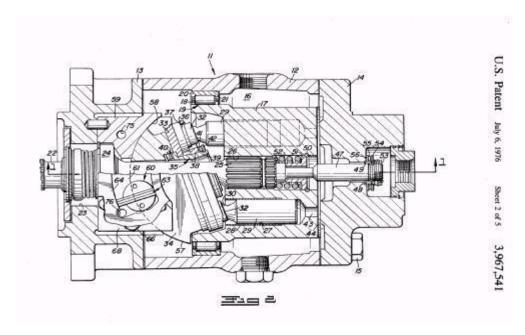
Special rules of classification



{by changing the inclination of the swash plate}

Special rules of classification

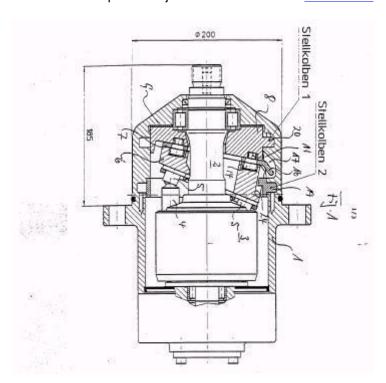
Illustrative example of subject matter classified in F01B 3/106



F01B 3/108

{by turning the swash plate (with fixed inclination)}

Special rules of classification

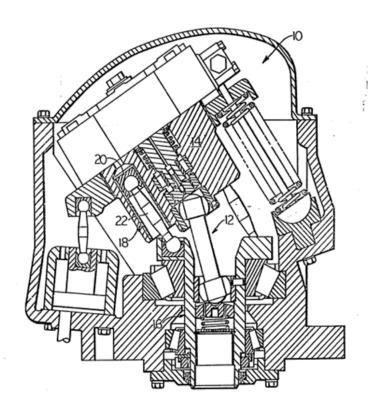


{by changing the inclination of the axis of the cylinder barrel relative to the swash plate}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Illustrative example of subject matter classified in this place:



References

Informative references

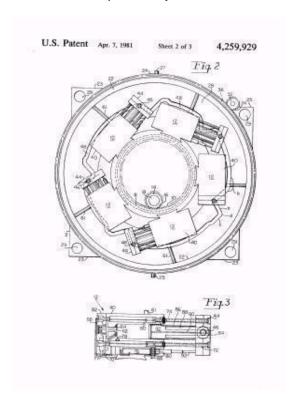
Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Control of working-fluid admission or discharge by changing inclination of	F01B 3/106
the swash plate	

F01B 5/00

Reciprocating-piston machines or engines with cylinder axes arranged substantially tangentially to a circle centred on main shaft axis

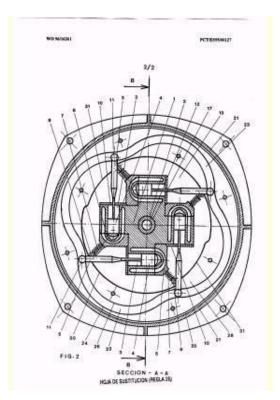
Special rules of classification



F01B 5/003

{the connection of the pistons with an actuated or actuating element being at the outer ends of the cylinders}

Special rules of classification

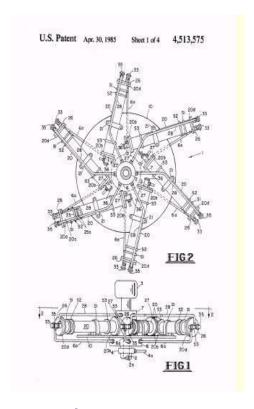


F01B 5/006

{the connection of the pistons with an actuated or actuating element being at the inner ends of the cylinders}

Special rules of classification

Illustrative example of subject matter classified in F01B 5/006



F01B 7/00

Machines or engines with two or more pistons reciprocating within same cylinder or within essentially coaxial cylinders (in opposite arrangement relative to main shaft F01B 1/08)

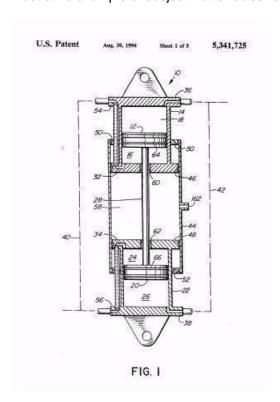
References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

Coaxial cylinders in opposite arrangement relative to main shaft	F01B 1/08

Special rules of classification

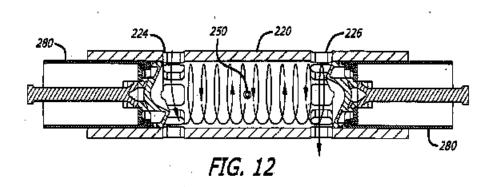


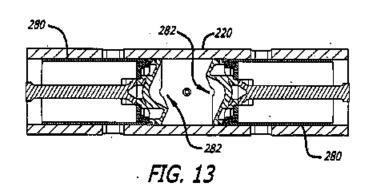
with oppositely reciprocating pistons

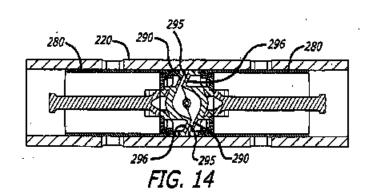
Special rules of classification

Illustrative example of subject matter classified in F01B 7/02

Patent Application Publication Nov. 10, 2011 Sheet 9 of 13 US 2011/0271932 A1

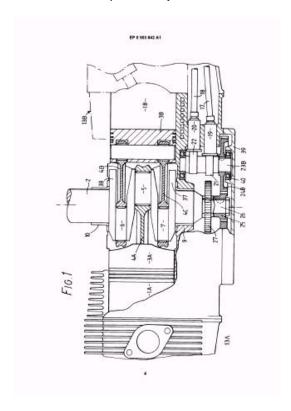






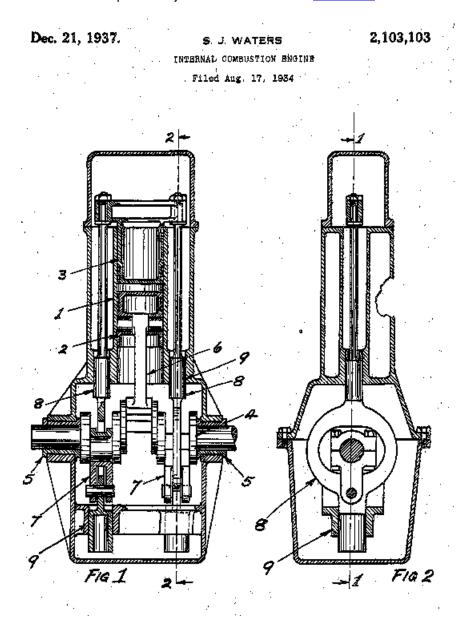
using only connecting-rods for conversion of reciprocatory into rotary motion or vice versa

Special rules of classification



with side rods

Special rules of classification

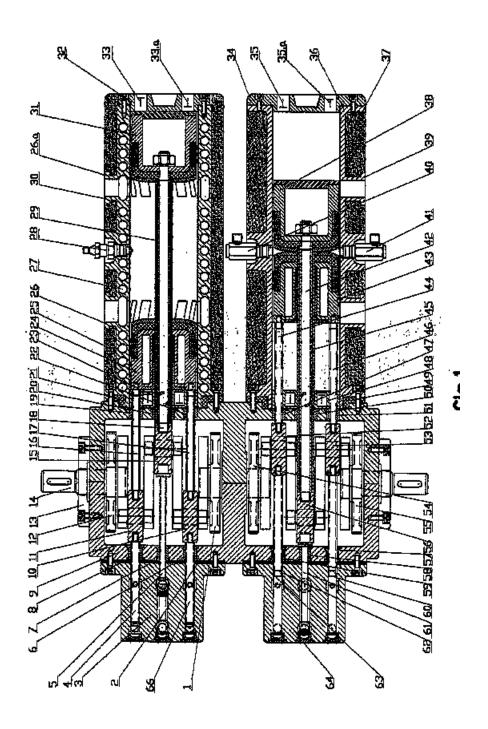


having piston-rod of one piston passed through other piston

Special rules of classification

Illustrative example of subject matter classified in F01B 7/10

WO 03/016701 PCT/BG02/00021

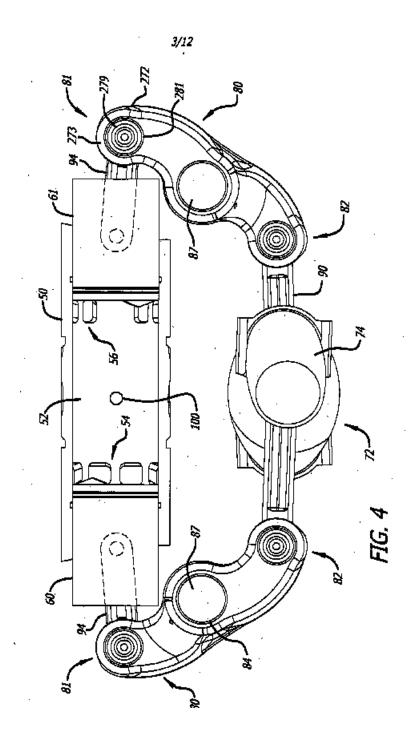


using rockers and connecting-rods

Special rules of classification

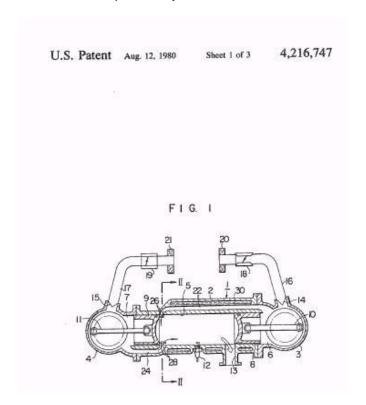
Illustrative example of subject matter classified in F01B 7/12

WO 2012/023971 PCT/US2011/001430



acting on different main shafts

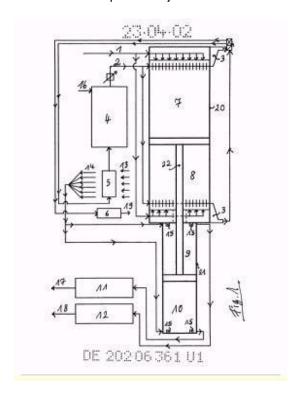
Special rules of classification



with pistons synchronously moving in tandem arrangement

Special rules of classification

Illustrative example of subject matter classified in F01B 7/16



F01B 7/18

with differential piston (F01B 7/20 takes precedence)

References

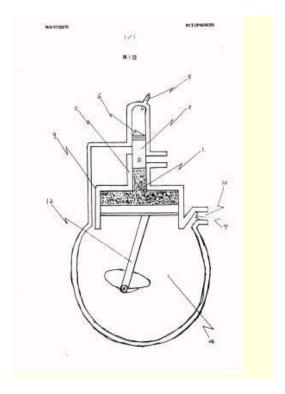
Limiting references

This place does not cover:

With two or more pistons reciprocating one within another	F01B 7/20
---	-----------

Special rules of classification

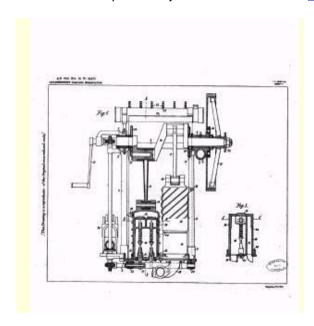
Illustrative example of subject matter classified in F01B 7/18



F01B 7/20

with two or more pistons reciprocating one within another, e.g. one piston forming cylinder of the other

Special rules of classification



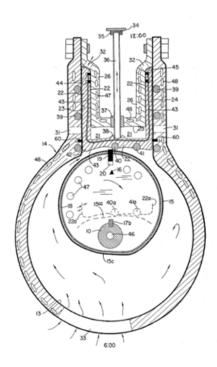
Reciprocating-piston machines or engines characterised by connections between pistons and main shafts, not specific to groups F01B 1/00 - F01B 7/00

Definition statement

This place covers:

Reciprocating-piston machines or engines characterised by connections between pistons and main shafts and not specific to groups $\underline{\text{F01B 1/00}}$ - $\underline{\text{F01B 7/00}}$, e.g. when no recognisable crank shaft is present or the main shaft is a cam shaft.

Illustrative example of subject matter classified in this place:



References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

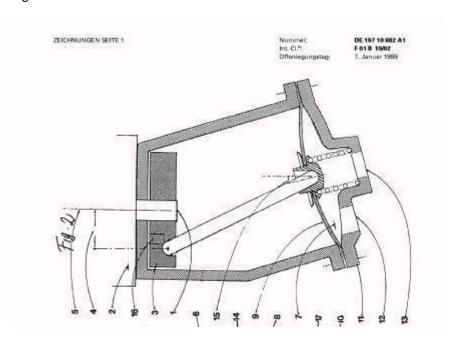
Connections disengageable during idling F01B 31/24

F01B 9/02

with crankshaft

Special rules of classification

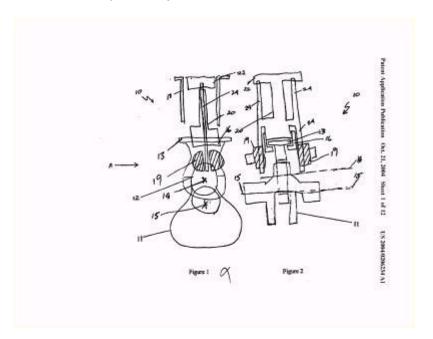
e.g. non-conventional crankshafts:



F01B 9/023

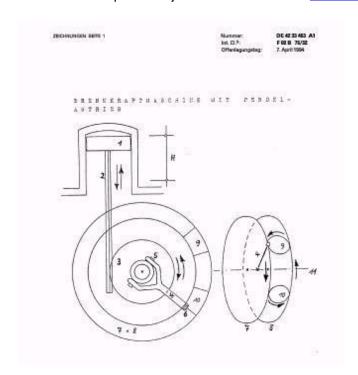
{of Bourke-type or Scotch yoke}

Special rules of classification



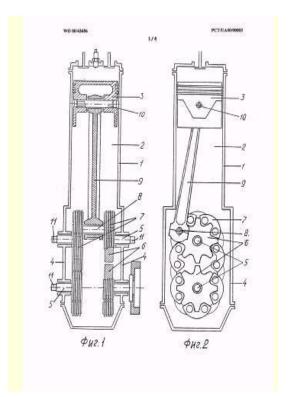
with rotary main shaft other than crankshaft

Special rules of classification



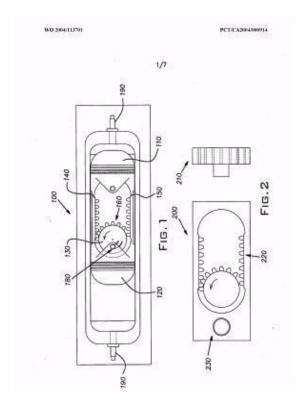
{the connections comprising gear transmissions}

Special rules of classification



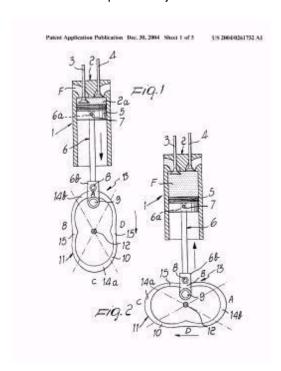
{with rack and pinion}

Special rules of classification



the piston motion being transmitted by curved surfaces

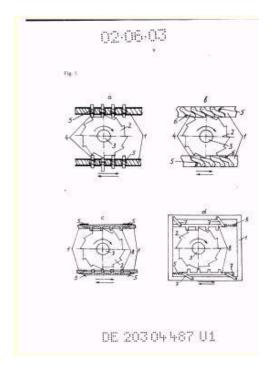
Special rules of classification



with ratchet and pawl

Special rules of classification

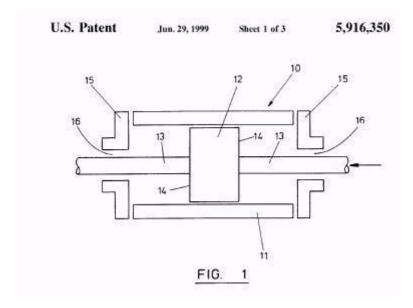
Illustrative example of subject matter classified in F01B 9/08



F01B 11/001

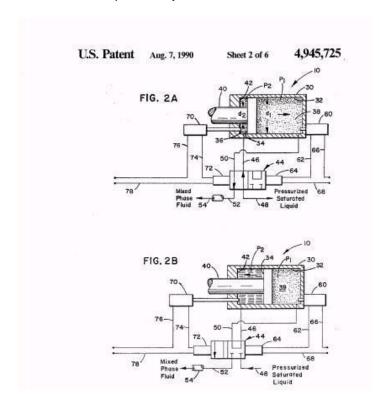
{in which the movement in the two directions is obtained by one double acting piston motor}

Special rules of classification



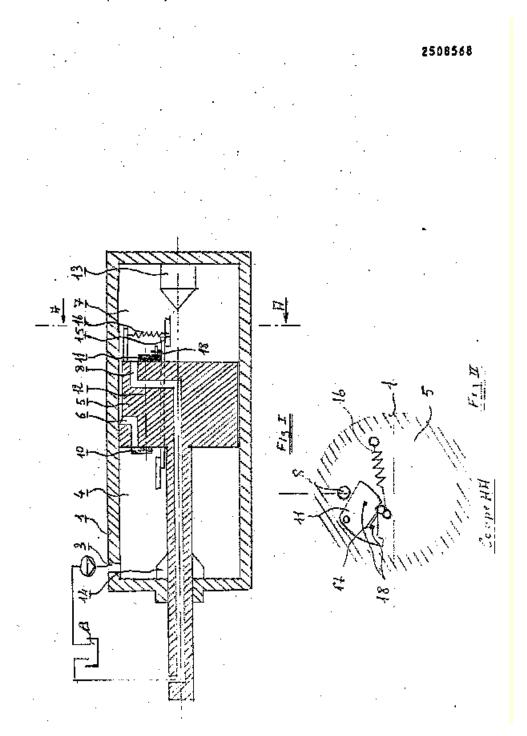
{one side of the double acting piston motor being always under the influence of the fluid under pressure}

Special rules of classification



{the fluid under pressure being continuously delivered to one motor chamber and reacting the other chamber through a valve located in the piston, to bring the piston back in its start-position}

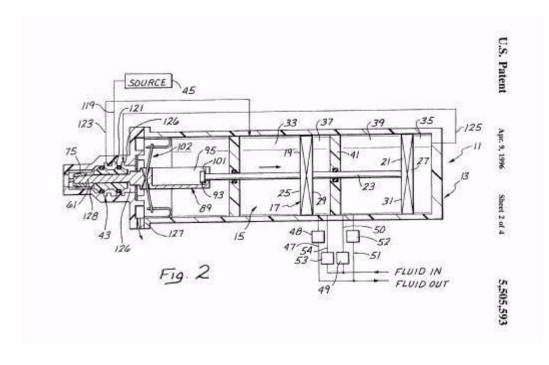
Special rules of classification



FR2508568 A1

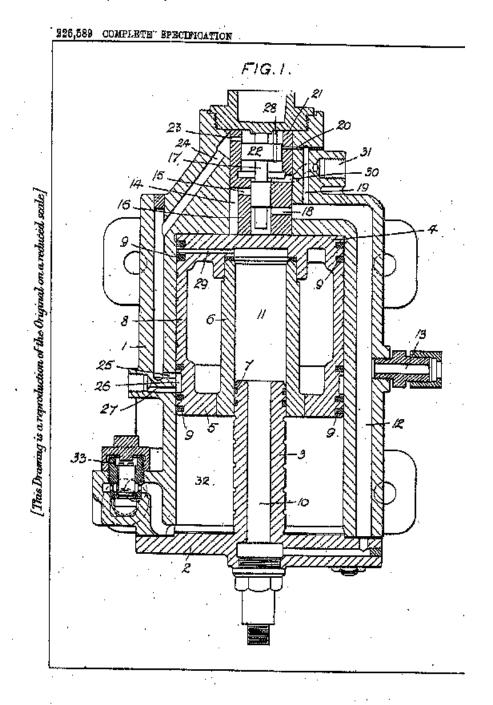
{in which the movement in the two directions is obtained by two single acting piston motors, each acting in one direction}

Special rules of classification



{one single acting piston motor being always under the influence of the fluid under pressure}

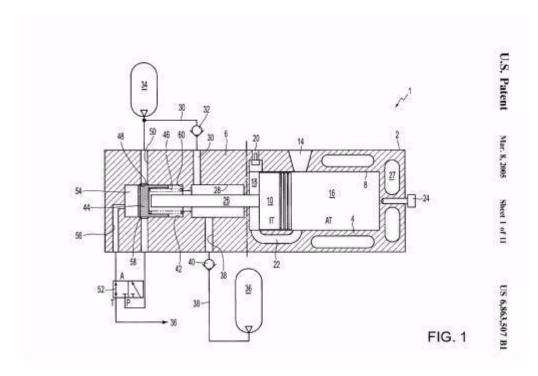
Special rules of classification



[&]quot;...the steam supplied through the inlet 13 and the passage 12 enters the port 18, and acting upon the 1 upper face of the element 4 of the double piston (4,5), causes the latter to move downwards against the opposing action of the steam continuously supplied to the space 11...

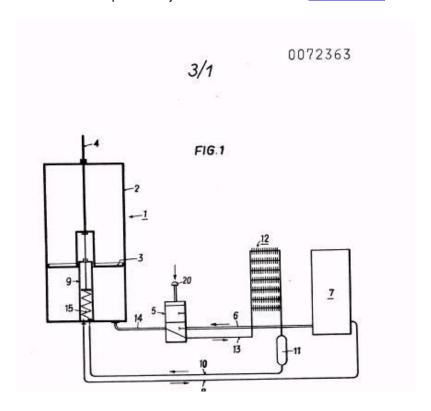
{in which the movement in only one direction is obtained by a single acting piston motor, e.g. with actuation in the other direction by spring means}

Special rules of classification



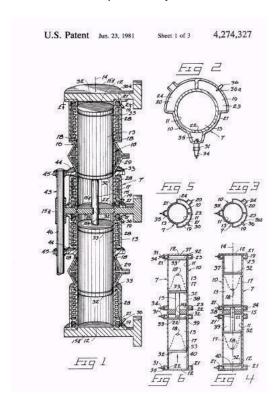
{with actuation in the other direction by gravity}

Special rules of classification



{in which the movement in two directions is obtained by two or more double acting piston motors}

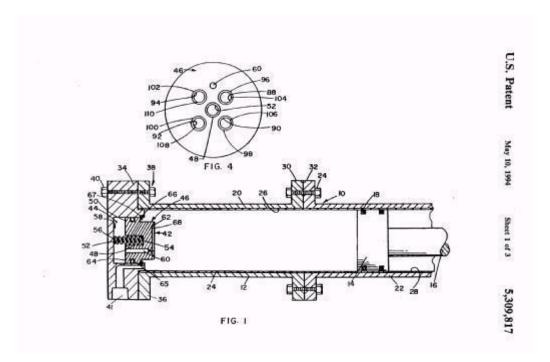
Special rules of classification



Equalising or cushioning devices

Special rules of classification

Illustrative example of subject matter classified in F01B 11/02



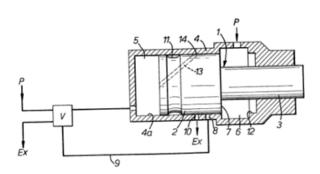
F01B 11/04

Engines combined with reciprocatory driven devices, e.g. hammers

Definition statement

This place covers:

Illustrative example of subject matter classified in this place:



References

Informative references

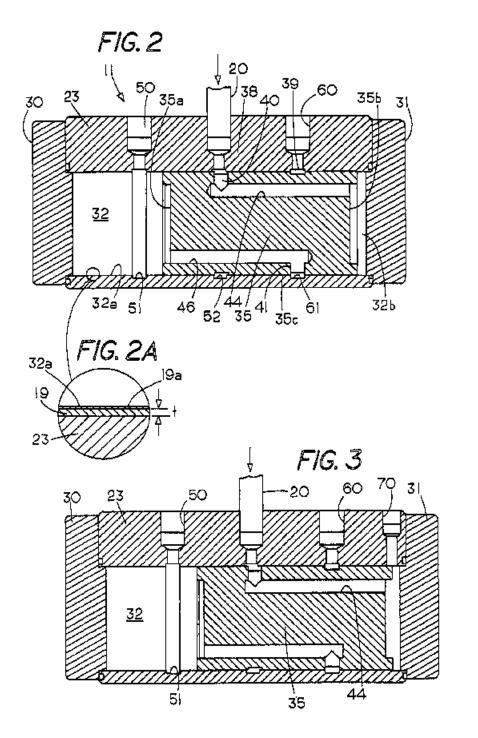
Engines combined with pumps	F01B 23/08

for generating vibration only

Special rules of classification

Illustrative example of subject matter classified in F01B 11/06

U.S. Patent Aug. 16, 2011 Sheet 2 of 3 US 7,997,184 B2

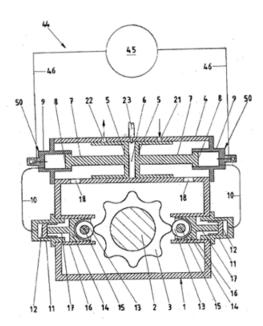


with direct fluid transmission link

Definition statement

This place covers:

Illustrative example of subject matter classified in this place:



References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Equalising or cushioning devices	F01B 11/02
----------------------------------	------------

F01B 13/00

Reciprocating-piston machines or engines with rotating cylinders in order to obtain the reciprocating-piston motion

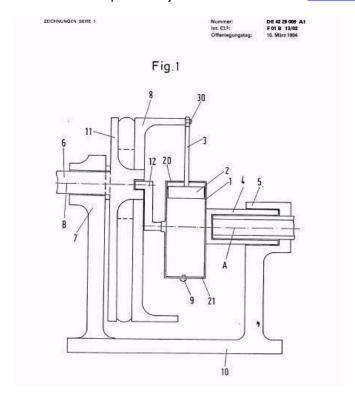
References

Informative references

	*
Machines or engines of flexible-wall type	F01B 19/00

with one cylinder only

Special rules of classification

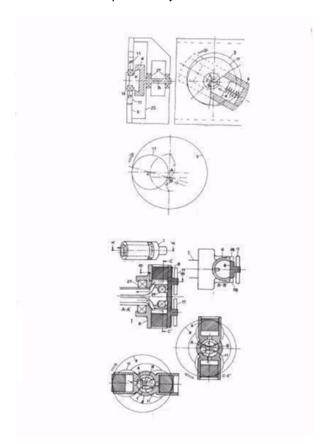


with more than one cylinder

Definition statement

This place covers:

Illustrative example of subject matter classified in this place:



References

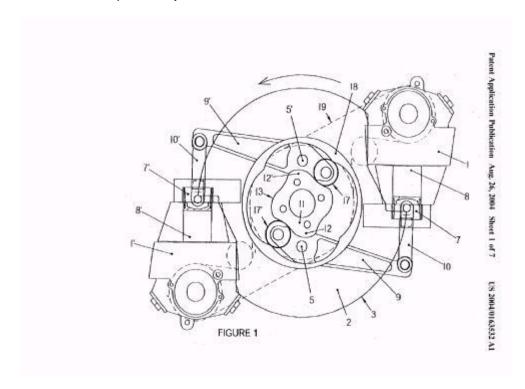
Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Reciprocating-piston machines or engines with cylinder axes coaxial with, F01B 3/0032 or parallel or inclined to, main shaft axis having rotary cylinder block

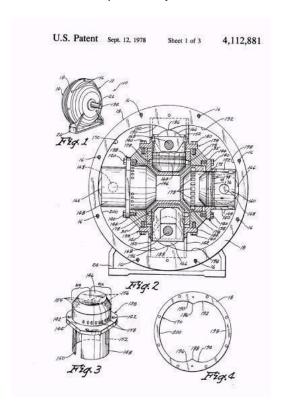
{with cylinder axes arranged substantially tangentially to a circle centred on main shaft axis}

Special rules of classification



{the connection of the pistons with the actuated or actuating element being at the outer ends of the cylinders}

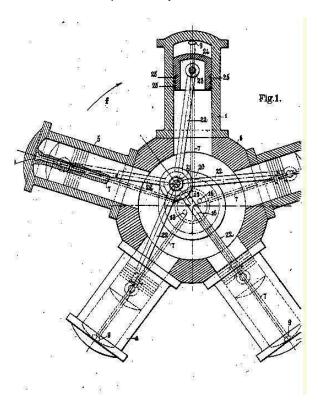
Special rules of classification



{the connection of the pistons with an actuated or actuating element being at the inner ends of the cylinders}

Special rules of classification

Illustrative example of subject matter classified in F01B 13/068



F01B 15/00

Reciprocating-piston machines or engines with movable cylinders other than provided for in group F01B 13/00

Definition statement

This place covers:

Reciprocating-piston machines or engines with movable cylinders other than provided for in group <u>F01B 13/00</u>, e.g. reciprocating-piston machines or engines having reciprocating cylinders or pivoting and oscillating cylinders.

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Slide-	-valve gear or valve arrangements, with cylindrical, sleeve or part-	F01L
annul	arly-shaped valves, surrounding working cylinder or piston	

F01L 5/06

F01B 17/00

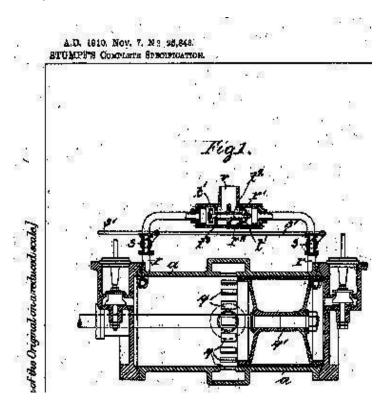
Reciprocating-piston machines or engines characterised by use of uniflow principle

Definition statement

This place covers:

Reciprocating-piston machines or engines characterised by use of uniflow principle:

E.g. compressed gas engines where the working fluid enter a working cylinder, expands and then exits the cylinder.



Glossary of terms

In this place, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:

In patent document the word "uniflow" is often used with the meaning "open circuit where gas enters cylinder, expands, and is then released"

F01B 17/02

Engines

Definition statement

This place covers:

Compressed gas engines.

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

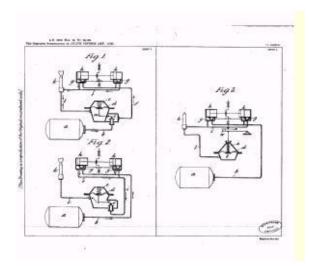
Arrangement or mounting of steam or gaseous-pressure propulsion units of the piston type in vehicles	B60K 3/02
Arrangement or mounting of plural diverse prime-movers for mutual or common propulsion, prime movers comprising combustion engines and a chargeable fluidic accumulator for storing fluid energy	B60K 6/12

F01B 17/022

{with fluid heating}

Special rules of classification

Illustrative example of subject matter classified in F01B 17/022



F01B 17/027

{using separators}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Separators for separating liquid or oil from compressed gas for gas engines.

F01B 17/04

Steam engines

References

Informative references

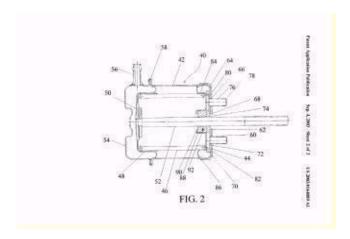
Toys	<u>A63H</u>
Steam engine plants	<u>F01K</u>

Positive-displacement machines or engines of flexible-wall type

Definition statement

This place covers:

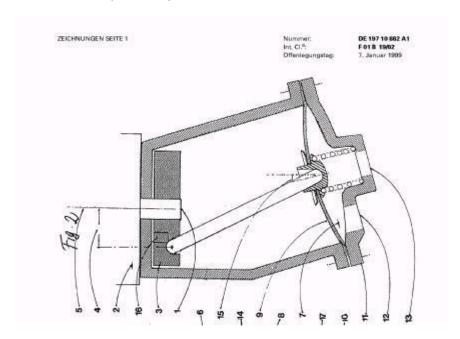
Positive-displacement machines or engines of flexible-wall type. E.g. where the piston is made of a diaphragm or bellows.



F01B 19/02

with plate-like flexible members

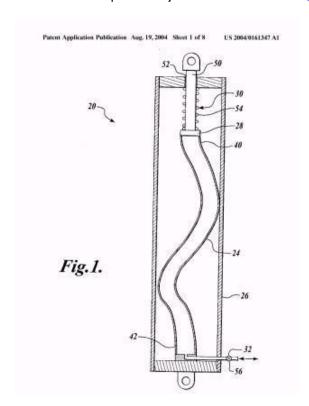
Special rules of classification



with tubular flexible members

Special rules of classification

Illustrative example of subject matter classified in F01B 19/04



F01B 21/00

Combinations of two or more machines or engines (F01B 23/00 takes precedence)

Definition statement

This place covers:

Combinations of two or more machines or engines, e.g. a combined internal combustion engine and steam engine.

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

Adaptations of machines or engines for special use; Combinations of	F01B 23/00
engines with devices driven thereby	

Informative references

Combinations of two or more positive-displacement pumps in pumping	F04B 41/06
installations or systems specially adapted for elastic fluids	

Combinations of two or more machines or pumps, each being of rotary-piston or oscillating-piston type; Pumping installations	F04C 11/00
Combinations of two or more pumps, each being of rotary-piston or oscillating-piston type, specially adapted for elastic fluids; Pumping installations specially adapted for elastic fluids; Multi-stage pumps specially adapted for elastic fluids	F04C 23/00
Combinations of two or more non-positive-displacement pumps in pumping installations or systems	F04D 13/12
Combinations of two or more non-positive-displacement pumps in pumping installations or systems specially adapted for elastic fluids	F04D 25/16
Rotary fluid gearing using pumps and motors of the volumetric type, i.e. passing a predetermined volume of fluid per revolution	F16H 39/00
Rotary fluid gearing of the hydrokinetic type	F16H 41/00
Other fluid gearing, e.g. with oscillating input or output	F16H 43/00
Combinations of fluid gearings for conveying rotary motion with couplings or clutches	<u>F16H 45/00</u>

F01B 23/00

Adaptations of machines or engines for special use; Combinations of engines with devices driven thereby

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Reciprocating-piston machines or engines without rotary main shaft, e.g. of free-piston type	F01B 11/00
Rotary fluid gearing using pumps and motors of the volumetric type, i.e. passing a predetermined volume of fluid per revolution	<u>F16H 39/00</u>
Rotary fluid gearing of the hydrokinetic type	F16H 41/00
Other fluid gearing, e.g. with oscillating input or output	F16H 43/00
Combinations of fluid gearings for conveying rotary motion with couplings or clutches	F16H 45/00

F01B 25/00

Regulating, controlling or safety means (controlling combustion engines F02D)

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

Controlling combustion engines	F02D	
--------------------------------	------	--

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Regulating or controlling in general	<u>G05</u>
--------------------------------------	------------

F01B 25/02

Regulating or controlling by varying working-fluid admission or exhaust, e.g. by varying pressure or quantity

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Distributing or expansion valve gear	<u>F01L</u>
--------------------------------------	-------------

F01B 25/10

Arrangements or adaptations of working-fluid admission or discharge valves

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

F01B 27/00

Starting of machines or engines (starting combustion engines FO2N)

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

Starting combustion engines	<u>F02N</u>
-----------------------------	-------------

F01B 27/08

Means for moving crank off dead-centre

References

Informative references

Turning-gear in general	<u>F16H</u>

Engines

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Refrigeration machines	<u>F25B</u>

F01B 31/00

Component parts, details or accessories not provided for in, or of interest apart from, other groups

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Machine or engine casings, other than those peculiar to steam engines	<u>F16M</u>
---	-------------

F01B 31/04

Means for equalising torque in reciprocating-piston machines or engines

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Sι	ippression of vibrations in systems; Means or arrangements for	F16F 15/00
av	oiding or reducing out-of-balance forces, e.g. due to motion	

F01B 31/08

Cooling of steam engines; Heating; Heat insulation

References

Informative references

Cooling of fluid machines or engines in general	<u>F01P</u>
Heat insulation in general	F16L 59/00

F01B 31/10

Lubricating arrangements of steam engines

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Lubricating arrangements of fluid machines or engines in general	F01M
Lubricating arrangements of fluid machines of engines in general	<u>1 0 1101</u>

F01B 31/12

Arrangements of measuring or indicating devices

References

References out of a residual place

Examples of places in relation to which this place is residual:

Warning devices F01B 25/26	
----------------------------	--

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Measuring instruments or the like per se	<u>G01</u>
--	------------

F01B 31/16

Silencers specially adapted for steam engines

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Arrangements of exhaust pipes or tubes on steam engines	F01B 31/30
Gas-flow silencers or exhaust silencers for machines or engines in general	<u>F01N</u>

F01B 31/34

Safety means against water hammer or against the penetration of water

References

Informative references

Steam traps	<u>F16T</u>
-------------	-------------