# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

#### **CLASSIFICATION ORDER 1891**

### **FEBRUARY 02, 2010**

### PROJECT M-B192

### The following classification changes will be effected by this order:

	Class	<u>Subclass</u>	Art Unit	Ex'r Search <u>Room</u>
Abolished:	192	85, 86, 87.1, 87.11- 87.19, 88, 91	3655	0S0001
Established:	192	48.601-48.609, 48.61 48.611-48.619, 85.01 85.09, 85.1, 85.11- 85.19 85.2, 85.21-85.29, 85.3, 85.31- 85.39, 85.4, 8 85.49, 85.5, 85.51- 8 85.6, 85.61-85.63	5.41-	0S0001

The following classes are also impacted by this order: 73, 74, 137, 188, 415, 418, 464

### This order includes the following:

- A. CLASSIFICATION MANUAL CHANGES
- B. LISTING OF PRINCIPAL SOURCE OF ESTABLISHED AND DISPOSITION OF ABOLISHED SUBCLASSES
- C. CHANGES TO THE USPC-TO-IPC CONCORDANCE
- D. DEFINITION CHANGES AND NEW OR ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS

### **CLASSIFICATION ORDER 1891**

### **FEBRUARY 02, 2010**

### PROJECT M-B192

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Project Classifier(s):

Examiner(s): Rodney Bonck, Richard Lorence

Editor(s): Varona Stevens

Publications Specialist(s): Yvonne Smith

48.6	And another clutch-assemblage	49	Parallel vehicle wheels
	having unirotationally	50	Free wheel
	engaging clutch elements	51	Reversing
48.601	Having fluid pressure operator	52.1	.Progressive engagement
48.602	Operator rotatable relative to	52.2	Surface area
	its clutch-assemblage	52.3	Yielding
48.603	Operator coaxial with its	52.4	Variable force
	clutch-assemblage	52.5	Initial engagement causes
48.604	Common or interconnected		increase in applied force
	operator(s)	52.6	Yielding
48.605	Operator between clutch-	53.1	Frictional and positive
	assemblages	53.2	Magnetic or electromagnetic
48.606	Axially spaced coaxial		operated friction clutch
	clutch-assemblages	53.3	With blocker
48.607	Axially spaced coaxial	53.31	Self-energizing
	clutch-assemblages	53.32	Interposed friction members
48.608	Plural fluid pressure	53.33	Member extending axially
	operators forming nested		between friction surfaces
	pistons	53.331	Blocker on axially extending
48.609	Axially spaced coaxial clutch-		stepped pin
	assemblages	53.332	Resilient detent pin
48.61	Plural fluid pressure	53.34	Outward tooth or lug on
	operators forming nested		friction member
	pistons	53.341	With thrust member
48.611	Operator coaxial with its	53.342	Resilient thrust bar
	clutch-assemblage	53.343	Resilient expander ring
48.612	Common or interconnected	53.35	Inward tooth or lug on
	operator(s)		friction member
48.613	Operator between clutch-	53.36	Radially movable blocker
	assemblages	53.361	Detent acts as blocker
48.614	Operator between clutch-	53.362	Rocker lever actuates
	assemblages		friction clutch
48.615	Radially acting operator	53.363	Radially movable friction
48.616	Plural fluid pressure		element acts as blocker
	operators forming nested	53.364	Resilient friction element
	pistons	53.4	Lock for positive clutch
48.617	At least one operator coaxial	53.5	Axially projecting positive
	with its clutch-assemblage		clutch
48.618	Operator coaxial with its	53.51	Cylindrical pin
	clutch-assemblage	53.6	Transversely moving positive
48.619	Radially spaced coaxial		clutch
	clutch-assemblages	54.1	.Torque responsive
48.7	With means to actuate or	54.2	Hub clutch
	deactuate clutch-assemblages	54.5	Cam operated
	sequentially	54.51	Screw operated
48.8	Associated with three or more	54.52	Ball or roller type
	shafts	55.1	With overload release coupling
48.9	Alternatively operative	55.2	With flexible shaft coupling
	assemblages		permitting limited relative
48.91	Having common clutch-element		rotation
	support	55.3	Separate resilient member
48.92	Including unirotationally		between clutch element and its
	engaging clutch-elements		shaft

<i>1</i>	71 '1 1	FO 64	
55.4	Fluid damper	58.64	Coolant and clutching
55.5	Coil spring coaxial with	F0 6F	medium
1	rotation axis	58.65	Ambient and clutching
55.51	Radially overlapping		medium
	convolutions	58.66	Ambient and coolant
55.6	Plural resilient members	58.67	Clutching medium
55.61	Coil springs with center	58.68	Ambient
	line spaced from rotational	58.681	Bi-metallic
	axis	58.682	Spiral
55.62	Center line of coil springs	58.683	Resilient or adjustable
	parallel to rotational axis		mounting feature
55.7	Coil spring with center line	58.684	Mounting feature
	spaced from rotational axis	58.7	Pump-out feature
56.1	Overload release	58.8	Specific valve
56.2	Coil	58.9	Radial vane
56.3	Fluid-operated clutch	58.91	Vanes on inner member
56.31	Axially engaged	58.92	Spring-biased
56.32	Positive	59	Axially movable piston
56.33	Ball or roller	60	Transversely movable piston
56.4	Magnetic or electromagnetic	61	Gear-pump type
56.41	Axially engaged	62	.Plow-lifting type
56.42	Positive	63	.Free-engine type
56.43	Ball or roller	64	.Velocipede free wheel
56.5	Clutch elements remain	65	.Axially and transversely
	disengaged after overload		engaging
	corrected	66.1	Axially engaging
56.51	Having separate latch to hold	66.2	Conical or frustoconical
	clutch elements disengaged	66.21	Plural radially spaced
56.52	Axially engaged	00.21	surfaces
56.53	Positive	66.22	Spring engaged
56.54	Ball or roller	66.23	Spring engagedSpring released
56.55	Axially engaged	66.3	Planar radially extending
56.56	Positive	66.31	Spring engaged
56.57	Ball or roller	66.32	Spring engagedSpring released
56.6	Axially engaged	69	Positive
56.61	Positive		
56.62	Ball or roller	69.1	Pivoting positive clutch
54.3		CO 2	element
54.4	Magnetic or electromagnetic	69.2	Plunger disconnect
57	.Fluent material and mechanical	69.3	Pilot pawl
58.1		69.4	Wheel hub clutched to axle
58.2	.Fluent materialFluid	69.41	Fluid pressure
		69.42	Electromagnetic
58.3	Vane clutch	69.43	Manual
58.4	Viscous shear	69.5	Ball or roller
58.41	Multiple plate	69.6	Cylindrical pin
58.42	Variable gap or volume	69.61	Axial pin on only one member
58.43	Variable gap or volume	69.62	Pin engages aperture in
58.5	Separate reservoir		other member
58.6	Automatic regulation	69.63	Radial pin
58.61	Magnetic or electric	69.7	Axial-radial
58.62	Temperature and speed	69.71	$\ldots$ Axially extending projection
58.63	Temperature		engages aperture
		69.8	Axial-axial

69.81	Sawtooth		.Transversely engaged
69.82	Square tooth	71	Positive
69.83	With lead-in	72	Interior and exterior
69.9	Radial-radial	73	Opposing
69.91	Outward projection on movable	74	Interior
00.01	member	7 <del>4</del> 75	Expanding
70	Spreading	75 76	Radial
70.11		70	
70.11	Interposed, mating clutch- elements		Split ring
70 10		78	Cam operated
70.12	With means to cool or	79	Exterior
E0 40	lubricate clutch parts	80	Strap
70.13	With removable or replaceable	81 R	Multiple folds
	or interchangeable clutch	81 C	Coil
	parts	82 R	.Operators
70.14	Including surface	83	Multiple for same clutch
	characteristics of clutch-	84.1	Electric or magnetic
	element	84.2	Plural coils
70.15	Axially tapered mating	84.21	Plural armatures
	surfaces	84.3	Including permanent magnet
70.16	With torque connection between	84.31	And electromagnet
	clutch-element and its shaft	84.4	Electrostatic
70.17	Resilient torque connection	84.5	Air gap adjustment
	(e.g., for damping vibration)	84.51	Automatic
70.18	Including chordally disposed	84.6	Rotary electric motor is
	connection		clutch actuator
70.19	Axially slidable connection	84.7	Mechanical force increasing
70.2	Spline connection for	011.	means
	multiple clutch-elements	84.8	Operator for transversely
70.21	With means to move multiple	04.0	engaging elements
	clutch-elements axially and	84.81	Coil spring
	sequentially	84.9	Operator for axially engaging
70.22	With means to move clutch-	04.9	elements
	element axially and latch into	84.91	
	engaged or disengaged position		Interposed friction elements
70.23	With cam or wedge contacting	84.92	Positively engaging elements
	clutch-element or pressure	84.93	Magnetic flux path spaced
	plate for axial movement	0.4.0.4	from engaging elements
	thereof	84.94	Specified torque transmitting
70.24	By cam surface on bell-crank		spring
70.251	With adjustable means to move	84.941	Nonmetallic
	clutch-element axially (e.g.,	84.95	With slip rings
	to compensate for wear)	84.951	With pulley or gear
70.252	Automatic	84.96	Fixed concentric coil
70.26	Including plural adjusting	84.961	With pulley or gear
	screws (e.g., to equalize	85.01	Fluid pressure
	pressure angularly)	85.02	Operator force derived from
70.27	With spring means to move		clutch input or output
, 0 . 2 ,	clutch-element axially	85.03	Elastic (e.g., diaphragm,
70.28	To separate engaged clutch-		pneumatic tube)
, 0.20	elements	85.04	Rotating with clutch input or
70.29	And actuator lever pivoted on		output
,	pressure plate	85.05	And causing purely axial
70.3	With actuator lever pivoted on		movement
10.5	pressure plate or back plate	85.06	Including flexible friction
	to move clutch-element axially		discs
	co move crucch-element axially		

85.07	Plural oppositely acting elastic operators	85.34	Cushioning element between piston and friction
85.08	Clutch has flat friction surfaces	85.35	elementOperator acts on friction
85.09	More than two friction elements	03.33	elements via diaphragm spring or lever
85.1	Plate or diaphragm spring release	85.36	Electric or magnetic release
85.11		85.37	Fluid released clutch
03.11	Clutch has positively		
	engaging clutch members	85.38	And fluid pressure
85.12	And causing purely radial		engaged
	movement	85.39	Spring released clutch
85.13	<pre>Elastic operator integral with radially outer clutch</pre>	85.4	Release spring between discs
	member	85.41	Coil spring
85.14	Rotatable relative to clutch	85.42	Encircling clutch axis
	input and output		of rotation
85.15	And causing purely axial	85.43	
03.13	movement	03.13	friction element structure
85.16	And causing purely radial	85.44	
	movement		seal
85.17	Piston and cylinder operator	85.45	Piston has interrupted
	rotating with clutch input or		engagement face
	output	85.46	Piston has non-planar
85.18	Positive clutch		engagement face
85.19	Friction clutch	85.47	Having radially displaceable
85.2	Having friction elements		friction surface
	movable axially only	85.48	Operator rotatable relative to
85.21	Having conical or		clutch input and output
	frustoconical friction	85.49	And aligned with clutch axis
	surfaces (e.g., cone clutch)		of rotation
85.22	Plural radially spaced	85.5	Operator acts on clutch
03.22	frustoconical surfaces	03.3	through push rod extending
85.23	Having flat friction		
03.43	surfaces		coaxially through input or output shaft
85.24	More than two friction	85.51	Operator acts on clutch via
	elements		diaphragm spring or lever
85.25	Including balance chamber	85.52	Pull-to-release type clutch
85.26	Cam mechanism between	85.53	Details of fluid operator
	piston and friction element	85.54	Having particular seal
85.27	Auxiliary exhaust or	85.55	Details of master cylinder
03.27	relief passage from piston	85.56	Operator spaced from and
	chamber	03.30	
05 00			parallel to clutch axis of
85.28	Fluid escape from piston	05 55	rotation
	chamber by rotation-induced	85.57	Fluid released clutch
	pressure	85.58	By vacuum
85.29	In piston	85.59	Details of fluid operator
85.3	Valve in passage	85.6	Details of master cylinder
85.31	Valve in passage	85.61	Cooling or lubricating
85.32	Variable fluid contacting	85.62	Having wear compensator
	piston area	85.63	Including fluid pressure
85.33	Axially stationary	22.03	control
	piston, moving cylinder	89.1	Weight operated
	process, moving of things		
		89.2	Spring engaged
		90	Electric release

89.21	Cam release	105 CP	Weights pivoted on axis
89.22	Belleville disc spring		parallel to clutch axis-
89.23	Push-type		axially engaged
89.24	Pull-type	105 CS	Single pair clutching
89.25	Geometric configuration		elements axially engaged with
89.26	Plural coil springs spaced		pivoted weights
	from clutch axis	105 CD	Transversely expanding clutch
89.27	Coil spring coaxial to clutch		with pivoted weights
	axis	105 CE	Transversely engaged-pivoted
89.28	Transversely engaged		weights and clutching elements
89.29	Quick throw spring		movable separately
92	One-direction apply and release	105 CF	Transversely contracting
93 R	Cam	105 F	Fluid controls for
93 A	Axially thrusting cams		centrifugal clutches
	rotatable about clutch axis	106 R	Release
93 B	Axially moving cam acting on	106 F	Devices to prevent fluid
	pivoted lever		clutches from being operated
93 C	Axially moving cam acting on		by centrifugal forces acting
	transversely moving wedge or	100 -	on fluid
	clutch member	103 A	Centrifugal operated, axially
94	Screw	100 -	engaged
95	Handwheel	103 B	Centrifugal operator
96	Central pin		transversely engaged
97	Screw operated	103 C	Acceleration and inertia
98	Shipper saddles	100 -	responsive
99 R	Lever systems	103 F	Fluid operated
99 A	Levers mounted on axially	103 FA	Fluid pressure engaged with
	engaging clutch	00 =	centrifugal valve
99 B	Levers mounted on transversely	82 P	Rack and pinion operator
	engaging clutch	82 T	Temperature operator
99 S	Stationary levers	30 W	.Warning, indicating, and signal
100	Follow-up	0.0	devices
101	Releasing	30 V	.Vibration dampers
102	Check of driven member		ELEMENTS
103 R	Speed responsive	200	.Clutch element resiliently
104 R	Fixed-speed release	0.01	carried on hub
104 B	Transversely engaged-interior	201	Speed-responsive
104 C	Transversely engaged-exterior	202	Manually adjustable
104 F	Fluid clutches and operators	203	Coil spring detail
105 R	Fixed-speed engagement	204	Specified bushing
105 A	Centrifugal (fluid or powder)	205	Separate seat detail
	nonpivoted weights (radially	206	Relatively axially movable hub
	movably or slidable) i.e.,		sections
	mercury clutch	207	Circumferential resilience
105 B	Axially engaged with	208	With fluid damping
	nonpivoted weights-weights	209	Nonmetallic
	movable radially or slidable	210	Interposed friction element
105 BA	Transversely engaged with	210.1	Biasing means
	nonpivoted weights	211	And coil spring
105 BB	Transversely engaged positive	212	Coil spring
	with nonpivoted weights	213	Plural helical coil spring
105 C	Axially engaged with pivoted		damping stages
	weights	213.1	Plural axially spaced
			springs
		213.11	Interposed friction element

213.12	Biasing means	111.4	Having clearance sensor
213.2	Plural radially spaced		bridging gap between clutch
	springs in a common radial		members and moveable only
	plane		during engagement
213.21	Interposed friction element	111.5	Relatively rotatable cam rings
213.22	Biasing means	111.6	Threaded element centered on
213.3	Interposed friction element		clutch axis
213.31	Biasing means	111.7	Threaded in clutch cover
214	Interposed friction element	112	.Casings
214.1	Biasing means	113.1	.Lubricating, insulating, or
107 R	.Engaging surfaces		cooling
108	Positive	113.2	Air cooling
107 M	Material	113.21	Heat radiating structure
107 Т	Transversely engaging	113.22	Grooved surfaces
107 C	Clutch plate axially	113.23	Air directing structure
107 C	compressible	113.24	Rotating cover
109 R	.Thrust members, retarders, and	113.25	Spring
109 K		113.26	Clutch plate
100 7	stops	113.20	Liquid cooled or lubricated
109 A	Resilient operators and pressure plates	113.3	clutch surfaces
109 в	Resilient backing plates	113.31	Entire coolant path is spaced
109 F	Cushioning devices for fluid		from clutch surfaces
	operators	113.32	Overrunning clutch
109 D	Dashpot	113.33	Positive
110 R	.Shafts, bearings, and adjusting	113.34	Lubricant or coolant between
	devices		engaging surfaces
110 в	Bearings	113.35	With change of coolant flow
110 S	Shafts for removable clutches		during disengagement
110 0	or discs	113.36	Grooved surfaces
111.1	.Wear compensators	113.4	Thermal insulating
111.11	Compensator in actuating	113.5	Lubrication of ancillary clutch
<b>TTT.TT</b>	mechanism outside of the	113.3	parts
	clutch (EPO)	114 R	Locks
111.12	Automatic	114 K	
111.12	Automatic Compensator in or near release	114 1	Interlocking clutch teeth or splines
	bearing (EPO)	115	.Supports
111.14	Automatic	116.5	STOP MECHANISM
111.15	Compensator on or inside clutch	125 R	.Material control
	cover (e.g., acting on	126	Sheet material
	diaphragm or pressure plate)	127	Electrical
	(EPO)	128	Pneumatic
111.16	Automatic	125 A	Power stop-material control-
111.17	Worm mechanism	125 11	electrical
111.18	Relatively rotatable cam	125 B	Mechanical
	rings	125 B	Pneumatic
111.19	Between cover and diaphragm		
TTT.T2	spring	125 D	Granular material
111.2		125 E	Work start
<b></b>	Between diaphragm spring and pressure plate	125 F	Length of material stop
111.3	_	129 R	.Safety device
111.3	Having clearance sensor	130	Hand protector
	bridging gap between clutch	131 R	Two hand
	members and moveable only during engagement	131 H	Hand and foot
	daring engagement	132	Delayed action drive
		133	Automatic guard

134	Punch-press type	FOR 112 .Belt tightener (192/11)
135	Cover	FOR 113 .Automatic type (192/4 A)
136	Centrifugal-machine type	FOR 114 .Internal resistance brake (192/4
137	Disabled transmission	В)
129 A	Electrical	FOR 115 .Forward and reverse gearing
129 B	Pneumatic	(192/4 C)
138	.Limit stop	CLUTCHES (192/30)
139	Rotary-member control	.Axially engaging (192/66.1)
140	Speed responsive	Interposed, mating clutch-
141	Screw	elements
142 R	Electrical	FOR 116With adjustable means to move
142 A	Radio tuner type	clutch-element axially (e.g.,
143	Reciprocating-member control	to compensate for wear) (192/
144	.Drive release and brake	70.25)
145	Multiple clutch	ELEMENTS
146	Change speed	FOR 117 .Wear compensators (192/111)
147	Speed responsive	CLUTCHES (192/30)
148	Positive stop	.Operators (192/82 R)
149	Cushioned	FOR 118 Fluid pressure (192/85 R)

#### FOREIGN ART COLLECTIONS

150

#### FOR 000 CLASS-RELATED FOREIGN DOCUMENTS

.Overload release

Any foreign patents or non-patent literature from subclasses that have been reclassified have been transferred directly to FOR Collections listed below. These Collections contain ONLY foreign patents or non-patent literature. The parenthetical references in the Collection titles refer to the abolished subclasses from which these Collections were derived.

### CLUTCHES (192/30)

.Operators (192/82 R)

FOR 100 .. Electric (192/84 R)

# FOR 101 TRANSMISSION CONTROL AND BRAKE (192/4 R)

FOR 102 .Back-pedaling brake (192/5)

FOR 103 .. Hub brake (192/6 R)

FOR 104 ...With change speed transmission (192/6 A)

FOR 105 ... Rotatable axle (192/6 B)

FOR 106 .Automatic brake (192/7)

FOR 107 .. Responsive to drive release (192/8/R)

FOR 108 ... Cable (192/8 A)

FOR 109 ...Coil brake (192/8 C)

FOR 110 .Electric control (192/9)

FOR 111 .Belt shipper (192/10)

## speed of clutch-element (192/87.12)

FOR 123 .....With selective distributor for fluid pressure (192/

FOR 119 ... Double acting (192/86)

(192/87.11)
FOR 122 .....Responsive to rotational

FOR 120 ...Multiple clutches (192/87.1) FOR 121 ....Having independent operators

87.13)

FOR 124 ....Alternatively operative clutches (192/87.14)

FOR 125 .....Clutches coaxial with operators (192/87.15)

FOR 126 .....Common or interconnected operator(s) (192/87.16)

FOR 127 .....Operator between clutches (192/87.17)

FOR 128 .....With selective distributor for fluid pressure (192/87.18)

FOR 129 ......Having neutral position (192/87.19)

FOR 130 ...Flexible motor (192/88 R)

FOR 131 ....Flexible fluid motor-axially engaged (192/88 A)

FOR 132 ....Radially engaged (192/88 B)

FOR 133 ... Axially engaging-rotating motor and clutch (192/85 A)

FOR 134 ...Axially engaging clamping rotating motor and clutch (192/85 AA)

FOR 135 ... Axially engaging spreading rotating motor and clutch (192/85 AB)

FOR 136 ... Transversely engaging rotating motor and clutch (192/85 AT)

- FOR 137  $\dots$ Clutch and nonrotating motor (192/85 C)
- FOR 138  $\dots$ Clutch and nonrotating motor (192/85 CA)
- FOR 139 ...Centrifugal fluid clutches (192/85 F)
- FOR 140 .... Vacuum clutches and operators  $\,$ (192/85 V)
  - ..Spring engaged (192/89.2)
- FOR 141 ...Fluid release (192/91R)
- FOR 142 .... Motor concentric with clutch shaft (192/91 A)

### PROJECT M-B192

# SOURCE CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS IN NEWLY ESTABLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

New Classification	Number of ORs	Source Classification	Number of ORs
192/106 R 192/48.601	1 1 2 3 6 11	192/85 AA 192/87.11 192/87.12 192/87.1 192/85 R 192/87.18 192/87.19	262 56 8 8 139 9 23
192/48.602	17 1 2 2	192/87.13 192/87.13 192/87.11 192/87.14	54 54 56 10
192/48.603	1 4	192/85 CA 192/87.11	145 56
192/48.604	1 4	192/87.17 192/87.16	33 11
192/48.605	1	192/87.11	56
192/48.606	1 1	192/87.11 192/87.15	56 34
192/48.607	1	192/85 AA	262
	1	192/85 C	51
	1 1	192/87.1	8 56
	1	192/87.11 192/87.18	9
	2	192/86	63
	2	192/87.14	10
	3	192/87.13	54
192/48.608	3 1	192/87.19 192/87.13	23 54
192/48.609	1	192/85 AT	40
,	1	192/87.1	8
	1	192/87.18	9
	1	192/87.19	23
	3 5	192/87.15 192/87.13	34 54
192/48.61	1	192/85 AA	262
	1	192/87.17	33
	3	192/87.11	56
192/48.611	1	192/85 A	45
	1 1	192/86 192/87.1	63 8
	1	192/87.12	8
	1	192/87.16	11
	1	192/87.17	33

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# SOURCE CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS IN NEWLY ESTABLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

New	Number	Source	Number
Classification	of ORs	Classification	of ORs
	2	192/87.19	23
	4	192/88 A	83
	6	192/87.13	54
	7	192/85 AA	262
	15	192/87.15	34
192/48.612	17	192/87.11	56
	1	192/87.15	34
	1	192/87.17	33
	2	192/86	63
192/48.613	6	192/87.16	11
	1	192/85 R	139
	1	192/86	63
	1 1 1 28	192/87.11 192/87.15 192/87.18 192/87.19 192/87.17	56 34 9 23 33
192/48.614	1	192/86	63
	1	192/87.1	8
	2	192/85 AA	262
	2	192/87.14	10
	4	192/87.12	8
	5	192/87.15	34
192/48.615	8 8 1 1	192/87.11 192/87.13 192/86 192/87.13 192/87.14	56 54 63 54 10
192/48.617 192/48.618	2 1 1 1 2	192/87.15 192/87.11 192/85 AA 192/85 AB 192/87.19 192/87.12	34 56 262 25 23 8
	2	192/87.13	54
	2	192/87.15	34
	8	192/87.11	56
192/48.619 192/76	1 6 1	192/85 AA 192/87.11 192/91 R	262 56 124
192/85.01	1	192/85 AA	262
	1	192/85 C	51
	1	192/86	63

### PROJECT M-B192

# SOURCE CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS IN NEWLY ESTABLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

New Classification	Number of ORs	Source Classification	Number of ORs
	1	192/87.11	56
	1	192/91 R	124
192/85.02	27 1	192/85 R 192/85 AB	139 25
172/03.02	1	192/85 C	51
	1	192/85 CA	145
	1	192/86	63
	1	192/88 A	83
	2	192/85 A	45
	2	192/88 B	60
	3	192/85 R	139
	5	192/85 AT	40
	9	192/85 F 192/85 AA	14 262
192/85.04	28 1	192/85 AA 192/85 V	10
172/03:01	1	192/88 A	83
	2	192/88 B	60
192/85.05	1	192/85 A	45
	3	192/85 AA	262
	27	192/88 A	83
192/85.06	1	192/85 V	10
100/05 05	2	192/88 A	83
192/85.07	1 3	192/85 CA	145
	3	192/85 AA 192/88 A	262 83
192/85.08	1	192/85 A	45
1727 03:00	1	192/85 AA	262
	1	192/85 V	10
	3	192/88 A	83
192/85.09	1	192/87.15	34
	1	192/88 R	2
	2	192/85 R	139
	2 4	192/91 A	72
	5	192/85 AA 192/85 AB	262 25
	28	192/88 A	83
192/85.1	1	192/85 CA	145
192/85.11	2	192/88 A	83
192/85.12	1	192/85 AT	40
	1	192/88 A	83
	34	192/88 B	60
192/85.13	1	192/85 R	139
	1	192/86	63

### PROJECT M-B192

# SOURCE CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS IN NEWLY ESTABLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

New	Number	Source	Number
Classification	of ORs	Classification	of ORs
192/85.14 192/85.15	1 1 22 4 1 3	192/87.13 192/88 R 192/91 R 192/88 B 192/91 R 192/86 192/85 CA 192/85 V	54 2 124 60 124 63 145
192/85.16 192/85.17 192/85.18	3 8 11 1 1	192/91 A 192/91 R 192/88 A 192/86 192/85 R 192/85 AT	72 124 83 63 139 40
192/85.2	1 2 2 4 6 2	192/85 CA 192/85 R 192/91 A 192/86 192/85 A 192/91 A	145 139 72 63 45
192/85.21	1 1 1 3 3	192/85 AT 192/87.15 192/91 R 192/85 AB 192/85 R 192/86	40 34 124 25 139 63
192/85.22	5	192/85 AA	262
	8	192/91 A	72
	10	192/85 A	45
	1	192/85 AA	262
192/85.23	2	192/85 A	45
	6	192/85 AB	25
	7	192/86	63
	1	192/85 AA	262
	1	192/85 R	139
192/85.24	1	192/86	63
	4	192/91 A	72
	15	192/85 A	45
	1	192/85 CA	145
	1	192/85 F	14
	1	192/86	63
	2	192/85 R	139
	3	192/85 C	51

### PROJECT M-B192

# SOURCE CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS IN NEWLY ESTABLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

New Classification	Number of ORs	Source Classification	Number of ORs
	26	192/85 AA	262
192/85.25	2	192/86	63
100/05 26	11 2	192/85 AA	262
192/85.26 192/85.27	1	192/85 AA 192/85 AA	262 262
172/03.27	1	192/85 R	139
	1	192/86	63
192/85.28	1	192/85 AA	262
	1	192/85 F	14
100/05 00	1	192/85 R	139
192/85.29	1 5	192/86 192/85 AA	63 262
192/85.3	1	192/86	63
1,2,00,0	1	192/87.17	33
	11	192/85 AA	262
192/85.31	1	192/85 AA	262
100/05 20	1	192/85 AB	25
192/85.32	1 5	192/86 192/85 AA	63 262
192/85.33	1	192/85 R	139
,	1	192/91 R	124
	2	192/85 F	14
	2	192/91 A	72
	4	192/86	63
192/85.34	8 1	192/85 AA 192/86	262 63
172/03.31	24	192/85 AA	262
192/85.35	6	192/85 AA	262
192/85.36	1	192/85 AA	262
192/85.37	1	192/86	63
	2 2	192/85 AA 192/91 R	262 124
	4	192/91 R 192/91 A	72
192/85.38	2	192/86	63
,	3	192/85 AA	262
192/85.39	1	192/85 A	45
	1	192/85 F	14
	3	192/85 R	139
192/85.4	10 1	192/85 AA 192/85 AB	262 25
1/4/UJ.T	1	192/85 R	139
	8	192/85 AA	262
192/85.41	1	192/85 A	45

### PROJECT M-B192

# SOURCE CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS IN NEWLY ESTABLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

New Classification	Number of ORs	Source Classification	Number of ORs
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
		100/05	0.5
	3 3	192/85 AB	25 120
	38	192/85 R 192/85 AA	139 262
192/85.42	1	192/85 AA 192/85 A	45
172/03.12	1	192/85 CA	145
	1	192/85 R	139
	14	192/85 AA	262
192/85.43	2	192/85 AB	25
	4	192/85 AA	262
192/85.44	3	192/85 AA	262
192/85.45	6	192/85 AA	262
192/85.46	1	192/85 AA	262
192/85.47	1	192/86	63
	1	192/87.14	10
	1	192/91 R	124
	2	192/85 AB	25
	2	192/87.13	54
	2	192/91 A	72 40
192/85.48	28 1	192/85 AT 192/91 A	40 72
192/03.40	2	192/91 R 192/91 R	124
	3	192/86	63
	6	192/85 C	51
	7	192/85 R	139
192/85.49	1	192/85 AA	262
	1	192/85 C	51
	1	192/85 R	139
	2	192/85 A	45
	3	192/91 A	72
	22	192/85 CA	145
192/85.5	1	192/85 A	45
	1	192/85 AA	262
	2	192/91 A	72
100/05 51	4	192/85 CA	145
192/85.51	1	192/85 AA	262
	1 2	192/87.1 192/85 C	8 51
	3	192/85 R	139
	3	192/86	63
	5	192/91 R	124
	14	192/91 A	72
	60	192/85 CA	145
192/85.52	1	192/86	63

### PROJECT M-B192

# SOURCE CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS IN NEWLY ESTABLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

New	Number	Source	Number
Classification	of ORs	Classification	of ORs
192/85.53	1 11 13 1 1 1	192/91 R 192/91 A 192/85 CA 192/85 A 192/85 AT 192/85 C 192/85 V	124 72 145 45 40 51 10
	1	192/87.15	34
	1	192/91 R	124
	2	192/85 R	139
	2	192/86	63
	6	192/91 A	72
192/85.54	17	192/85 CA	145
	1	192/91 R	124
	4	192/91 A	72
192/85.56	13	192/85 CA	145
	1	192/85 R	139
	1	192/91 R	124
	2	192/86	63
192/85.57	2	192/91 A	72
	3	192/85 CA	145
	5	192/85 C	51
	1	192/85 V	10
	3	192/85 R	139
	6	192/85 C	51
192/85.58	6	192/86	63
	25	192/91 R	124
	1	192/85 R	139
	1	192/85 V	10
	66	192/91 R	124
192/85.59	1	192/85 AT	40
	1	192/85 CA	145
	1	192/86	63
	1	192/87.13	54
102/05 6	1	192/91 R	124
	4	192/85 R	139
	16	192/85 C	51
192/85.6 192/85.61	1 3 1	192/91 R 192/85 C 192/85 AT 192/87.11	124 51 40 56
	3	192/87.19	23
	4	192/85 R	139

### PROJECT M-B192

# SOURCE CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS IN NEWLY ESTABLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

New Classification	Number of ORs	Source Classification	Number of ORs
192/85.62	2	192/85 R	139
192/85.63	1	192/85 CA	145
	1	192/85 V	10
	1	192/86	63
	1	192/87.15	34
	1	192/87.19	23
	2	192/87.14	10
	4	192/85 C	51
	6	192/87.13	54
	7	192/85 AA	262
	52	192/85 R	139
192/94	1	192/85 CA	145
418/171	1	192/85 R	139
477/18	1	192/87.1	8
74/733.1	1	192/85 R	139
92/23	1	192/85 C	51

### PROJECT M-B192

# DISPOSITION CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS FROM ABOLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

Source Classification	Number of ORs	New Classification	Number of ORs
192/85 A	45	192/85.5 192/85.02 192/85.05 192/85.08	1 2 1
		192/85.18 192/85.21 192/85.22 192/85.23	6 10 2
		192/85.23 192/85.39 192/85.41 192/85.42	15 1 1 1
192/85 C	51	192/85.49 192/85.53 192/48.611	2 1 1 1
192/05 C	51	92/23 192/85.6 192/85.01 192/85.02	3 1 1
		192/85.24 192/85.48 192/85.49	3 6 1
		192/85.51 192/85.53 192/85.56 192/85.57	2 1 5 6
100/05 7	1.4	192/85.59 192/85.63 192/48.607	16 4 1
192/85 F	14	192/85.02 192/85.24 192/85.28 192/85.33	9 1 1 2
192/85 R	139	192/85.39 74/733.1 192/85.4 192/85.01	1 1 1 27
		192/85.02 192/85.09 192/85.13 192/85.17	3 2 1 1
		192/85.17 192/85.18 192/85.21 192/85.23	2 3 1

### PROJECT M-B192

# DISPOSITION CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS FROM ABOLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

Source Classification	Number of ORs	New Classification	Number of ORs
		192/85.24	2
		192/85.27	1
		192/85.28 192/85.33	1 1
		192/85.39	3
		192/85.41	3
		192/85.42	1
		192/85.48 192/85.49	7 1
		192/85.49	3
		192/85.53	2
		192/85.56	1
		192/85.57	3
		192/85.58	1 4
		192/85.59 192/85.61	4
		192/85.62	2
		192/85.63	52
		192/48.601	3
		192/48.613	1
192/85 V	10	418/171 192/85.04	1 1
1)2/03 V	10	192/85.06	1
		192/85.08	1
		192/85.15	3
		192/85.53	1 1
		192/85.57 192/85.58	1
		192/85.63	1
192/85 AA	262	192/106 R	1
		192/85.3	11
		192/85.4	8
		192/85.5 192/48.61	1 1
		192/85.01	1
		192/85.02	28
		192/85.05	3
		192/85.07 192/85.08	3 1
		192/85.09	4
		192/85.21	5
		192/85.22	1
		192/85.23	1

### PROJECT M-B192

# DISPOSITION CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS FROM ABOLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

Source Classifica		Number of ORs	New Classification	Number of ORs
			192/85.24	26
			192/85.25	11
			192/85.26	2
			192/85.27	1
			192/85.28	1
			192/85.29 192/85.31	5 1
			192/85.32	5
			192/85.33	8
			192/85.34	24
			192/85.35	6
			192/85.36	1
			192/85.37 192/85.38	2 3
			192/85.39	10
			192/85.41	38
			192/85.42	14
			192/85.43	4
			192/85.44 192/85.45	3 6
			192/85.46	1
			192/85.49	1
			192/85.51	1
			192/85.63	7
			192/48.607	1
			192/48.611 192/48.614	7 2
			192/48.618	1
			192/48.619	1
192/85	AB	25	192/85.4	1
			192/85.02	1
			192/85.09	5 3
			192/85.21 192/85.22	3 6
			192/85.31	1
			192/85.41	3
			192/85.43	2
			192/85.47	2
192/85	λ·Ͳ	40	192/48.618 192/85.02	1 5
194/00	V1	<del>1</del> 0	192/85.12	1
			192/85.18	1
			192/85.21	1

### PROJECT M-B192

# DISPOSITION CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS FROM ABOLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

Source Classification	Number of ORs	New <u>Classification</u>	Number of ORs
192/85 CA	145	192/85.47 192/85.53 192/85.59 192/85.61 192/48.609 192/94 192/85.1 192/85.5 192/85.5	28 1 1 1 1 1 4 1
192/86	63	192/85.07 192/85.15 192/85.18 192/85.24 192/85.42 192/85.49 192/85.51 192/85.52 192/85.53 192/85.56 192/85.59 192/85.63 192/85.63 192/85.01 192/85.01 192/85.02 192/85.13 192/85.15 192/85.21 192/85.25 192/85.21 192/85.22 192/85.23 192/85.25 192/85.27 192/85.27 192/85.29 192/85.33 192/85.33 192/85.33	1 3 1 1 1 22 60 13 17 13 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		192/85.37 192/85.38 192/85.47	1 2 1

### PROJECT M-B192

# DISPOSITION CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS FROM ABOLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

Source Classification	Number of ORs	New Classification	Number of ORs
		192/85.48	3
		192/85.51	3
		192/85.52	1
		192/85.53 192/85.56	2 2
		192/85.57	6
		192/85.59	1
		192/85.63	1
		192/48.607	2
		192/48.611	1
		192/48.612	2
		192/48.613 192/48.614	1 1
		192/48.615	1
192/88 A	83	192/85.02	1
		192/85.04	1
		192/85.05	27
		192/85.06	2
		192/85.07	3 3
		192/85.08 192/85.09	28
		192/85.11	2
		192/85.12	1
		192/85.15	11
		192/48.611	4
192/88 B	60	192/85.02	2
		192/85.04 192/85.12	2 34
		192/85.12	22
192/88 R	2	192/85.09	1
		192/85.13	1
192/91 A	72	192/85.2	2
		192/85.5	2
		192/85.09	2 3
		192/85.15 192/85.18	2
		192/85.21	8
		192/85.23	4
		192/85.33	2
		192/85.37	4
		192/85.47	2
		192/85.48 192/85.49	1 3
		194/03.49	3

### PROJECT M-B192

# DISPOSITION CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS FROM ABOLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

Source Classification	Number of ORs	New Classification	Number of ORs
		192/85.51	14
		192/85.52	11
		192/85.53	6
		192/85.54	4
192/91 R	124	192/85.56 192/76	2 1
172/71 1	124	192/85.6	1
		192/85.01	1
		192/85.13	1
		192/85.14	4
		192/85.15	8
		192/85.21	1
		192/85.33 192/85.37	1 2
		192/85.47	1
		192/85.48	2
		192/85.51	5
		192/85.52	1
		192/85.53	1
		192/85.54 192/85.56	1 1
		192/85.57	25
		192/85.58	66
		192/85.59	1
192/87.1	8	192/85.51	1
		192/48.601	2
		192/48.607	1 1
		192/48.609 192/48.611	1
		192/48.614	1
		477/18	1
192/87.11	56	192/48.61	3
		192/85.01	1
		192/85.61	1
		192/48.601 192/48.602	1 2
		192/48.603	4
		192/48.605	1
		192/48.606	1
		192/48.607	1
		192/48.611	17
		192/48.613 192/48.614	1 8
		174/40.014	О

### PROJECT M-B192

# DISPOSITION CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS FROM ABOLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

Source Classification	Number of ORs	New Classification	Number of ORs
		192/48.617	1
		192/48.618	8
		192/48.619	6
192/87.12	8	192/48.601	1
		192/48.611 192/48.614	1 4
		192/48.618	2
192/87.13	54	192/85.13	1
1,2,0,,12	0.1	192/85.47	2
		192/85.59	1
		192/85.63	6
		192/48.601	17
		192/48.602	1
		192/48.607	3
		192/48.608 192/48.609	1 5
		192/48.611	6
		192/48.614	8
		192/48.615	1
		192/48.618	2
192/87.14	10	192/85.47	1
		192/85.63	2
		192/48.602	2 2
		192/48.607 192/48.614	2
		192/48.615	1
192/87.15	34	192/85.09	1
		192/85.21	1
		192/85.53	1
		192/85.63	1
		192/48.606	1
		192/48.609	3
		192/48.611 192/48.612	15 1
		192/48.613	1
		192/48.614	5
		192/48.615	2
		192/48.618	2
192/87.16	11	192/48.604	4
		192/48.611	1
100/05 15	2.2	192/48.612	6
192/87.17	33	192/85.3 192/48.61	1 1
		192/40.01	Т

### PROJECT M-B192

# DISPOSITION CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS FROM ABOLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

Source Classification	Number of ORs	New Classification	Number of ORs
		192/48.604	1
		192/48.611	1
		192/48.612	1
		192/48.613	28
192/87.18	9	192/48.601	6
		192/48.607	1
		192/48.609	1
		192/48.613	1
192/87.19	23	192/85.61	3
		192/85.63	1
		192/48.601	11
		192/48.607	3
		192/48.609	1
		192/48.611	2
		192/48.613	1
		192/48.618	1

### PROJECT M-B192

### C. CHANGES TO THE USPC-TO-IPC CONCORDANCE

	<b>USPC</b>		<u>IPC</u>		
Class		Subclass	Subclass	<u>Notation</u>	
192		48.601	F16D	25/10,	
192		48.001	1100	25/10,	
				21/00	
192		48.602-48.608	F16D	25/10,	
				25/08,	
				21/00	
192		48.609-48.619	F16D	25/10,	
				25/06,	
				21/00	
192		85.01	F16D	25/00,	
100		0.7.02	ELCD	43/28	
192		85.02	F16D	25/02,	
100		05.02.05.16	ELCD	43/28	
192		85.03-85.16	F16D	25/04, 43/28	
192		85.17	F16D	25/06,	
1/2		03.17	1100	43/28	
192		85.18	F16D	25/061,	
				43/28	
192		85.19	F16D	25/062,	
				43/28	
192		85.2	F16D	25/063,	
				43/28	
192		85.21	F16D	25/0632,	
100		05.22	FLOD	43/28	
192		85.22	F16D	25/0632,	
				25/064, 43/28	
192		85.23	F16D	25/0635,	
1/2		03.23	110D	43/28	
192		85.24-85.46	F16D	25/0638,	
				43/28	
192		85.47	F16D	25/065,	
				43/28	
192		85.48-85.6	F16D	25/08,	
				43/28	
192		85.61	F16D	25/12,	
				13/72,	
192		85.62-85.63	F16D	13/74 25/12	
174		03.02-03.03	1.100	23/12	

### D. CHANGES TO THE DEFINITIONS (Project No. M-B192)

#### CLASS 73 -- MEASURING AND TESTING

**Definitions Modified** 

Subclass 488: Under SEE OR SEARCH CLASS, in the reference to Class 192,

### Delete:

subclass .02 for automatic control of a motor and clutch by speed, and

### Under SEE OR SEARCH CLASS

#### **Insert:**

477, Interrelated Power Delivery Controls, Including Engine Control, subclasses 14, 64+, 80+, 84+, 148, 154, 159+, 169, 175+, 186, 187, and 195+ for speed responsive control of an engine and associated device.

### CLASS 74 -- MACHINE ELEMENT OR MECHANISM

**Definitions Modified** 

Subclass 364: Under SEE OR SEARCH CLASS

Delete:

the reference to Class 192

Insert:

192, Clutches and Power-Stop Control, subclasses 48.601+ and 85.01+ for fluid pressure operated clutches.

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١		/T.).)	1 ) /	1.1		117		/I I N ( I

Definitions Modified

Subclass 625:

Delete:

SEE OR SEARCH CLASS and the reference to Class 192

CLASS 188 -- BRAKES

**Definitions Modified** 

Subclass 72.4: Under SEE OR SEARCH CLASS

Delete:

85 +

**Insert:** 

48.601+ and 85.01+

Subclass 170: Under SEE OR SEARCH CLASS

Delete:

the reference to Class 192

Insert:

192, Clutches and Power-Stop Control, subclasses 85.37 and 85.57+ for a fluid pressure released clutch that may be spring applied.

### CLASS 192 -- CLUTCHES AND POWER-STOP CONTROL

**Definitions Abolished:** Subclasses 85, 86, 87.1, 87.11-87.19, 88, 91 **Definitions Modified** Subclass 3.29: Under SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS Delete: the reference to subclasses 85+ **Insert:** 48.601+ and 85.01+, for a fluid pressure operated clutch. Subclass 3.31: Under SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS Delete: the reference to subclass 87.12 Subclass 30: Delete: The body of the definition **Insert:** This subclass is indented under the class definition. A power-transmitting device utilizing friction or interlocking parts for securing and releasing driving continuity as between two shafts or a pulley and a shaft or other driving and driven parts. Subclass 48.1: In the title Delete:

# assemblage **Insert:** assemblages In the body of the definition Delete: 31 **Insert:** 30 Under SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS Delete: the reference to subclasses 87.1+ Subclass 48.9: Under SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS Delete: the reference to subclasses 87.14+ **Insert:** 48.604+ and 48.612+, for multiple fluid clutches having a common actuator that may allow only alternate engagement of the clutches. Subclass 54.3: Under SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS Delete: 85+ **Insert:** 48.601+ and 85.01+

# Subclass 56.3: Under SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS Delete: 85 +Insert: 48.601+ and 85.01+ Subclass 70.11: **Insert:** SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS: 85.09+ and 85.24+, for a clutch having more than two mating friction elements. Subclass 70.251: Under SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS **Insert:** 85.62, for a fluid-operated clutch including a wear compensator that operates by fluid actuator adjustment or control rather than by adjustment of relative positions of friction elements. Subclass 82: Delete: The body of the definition **Insert:** This subclass is indented under subclass 30. Subject matter including an actuating device that causes the power-transmitting device to transition into or out of a state in which it provides the driving continuity between the driving and driven parts. Subclass 106: Insert:

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.25, for a fluid-operated clutch having a balance chamber for counteracting the effects of rotation-induced pressure in the operating fluid.

#### Subclass 113.1:

#### **Insert:**

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.61, for cooling or lubricating means for a fluid-operated clutch.

#### **Definitions Established**

#### 48.601 Having fluid pressure operator:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.1. Subject matter in which the clutch-assemblages include a clutch-assemblage that is actuated (i.e., caused to engage or disengage) by the action of fluid under pressure.

(1) Note. The phrase "action of fluid under pressure" is intended to include the effects of fluid whose pressure is less than ambient or atmospheric pressure and typically referred to as "vacuum" or "partial vacuum".

### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

- 3.25+, for a combination of vortex-flow drive and a plurality of clutches, wherein the clutches may be fluid-pressure operated.
- 3.29+, and 3.33, for a fluid-pressure operator for a clutch that is combined with a vortex-flow drive.
- 48.1+, for a combination of multiple clutches that are mechanically operated.
- 85.01+, for a clutch having a fluid-pressure operator.

#### SEE OR SEARCH CLASS:

- 92, Expansible Chamber Devices, appropriate subclasses for an expansible chamber device, per se, even though disclosed as a means to operate a clutch.
- 303, Fluid-Pressure and Analogous Brake Systems, appropriate subclasses for systems of distribution of fluid to motors of more general application.

#### 48.602 Operator rotatable relative to its clutch-assemblage:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.601. Subject matter in which the fluid under pressure acts through a fluid motor that is rotatable relative to both the driving and driven parts connected by the fluid-operated clutch-assemblage.

#### 48.603 Operator coaxial with its clutch-assemblage:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.602. Subject matter in which an axis along which the fluid motor acts is aligned with an axis of rotation of the fluid-operated clutch-assemblage.

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.611+, 48.617, and 48.618+, for a clutch and coaxial actuator that may rotate with the clutch.

#### 48.604 Common or interconnected operator(s):

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.603. Subject matter in which the fluid motor contributes to operation (engagement or disengagement) of two or more of the clutch-assemblages or in which the fluid motor and an additional fluid motor operate two or more of the clutch-assemblages and the position of an output element (e.g., piston, actuating shaft) of one of the fluid motors is dependent upon the position of an output element the other fluid motor.

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS(ES):

- 3.27, for the combination of a vortex-flow drive and alternatively operative clutches that may include a common actuator or interconnected actuators.
- 48.612+, for common or interconnected actuator(s) that may rotate with associated clutches.

#### 48.605 Operator between clutch-assemblages:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.604. Subject matter in which the fluid motor is located between two of the clutch-assemblages.

### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS(ES):

48.613 and 48.614, for clutches and an actuator that may rotate relative to at least one of the clutches and that is located between the clutches.

#### 48.606 Axially spaced coaxial clutch-assemblages:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.603. Subject matter in which two of the clutch-assemblages rotate about a common axis and have disengageable power-transmitting portions (e.g., friction surfaces), all disengageable power-transmitting portions of one of the two clutch-assemblages being axially spaced at all times from all disengageable power-transmitting portions of the other clutch-assemblage.

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.607 and 48.609+, for other axially spaced coaxial clutches.

#### 48.607 Axially spaced coaxial clutch-assemblages:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.602. Subject matter in which two of the clutch-assemblages rotate about a common axis and have disengageable power-transmitting portions (e.g., friction surfaces), all disengageable power-transmitting portions of one of the two clutch-assemblages being axially spaced at all times from all disengageable power-transmitting portions of the other clutch-assemblage.

48.606 and 48.609+, for other axially spaced coaxial clutches.

# 48.608 Plural fluid pressure operators forming nested pistons:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.602. Subject matter in which the fluid pressure also acts through an additional fluid motor, each fluid motor having a piston movable by application of the fluid pressure thereto, the piston of one of the fluid motors forming a cylinder of the other fluid motor in which cylinder the piston of the other fluid motor is movable.

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.61 and 48.616+, for other clutches having actuators forming nested pistons.

## 48.609 Axially spaced coaxial clutch-assemblages:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.601. Subject matter in which two of the clutch-assemblages rotate about a common axis and have disengageable power-transmitting portions (e.g., friction surfaces), all disengageable power-transmitting portions of one of the two clutch-assemblages being axially spaced at all times from all disengageable power-transmitting portions of the other of the two clutch-assemblages.

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS. SUBCLASS:

48.606 and 48.607, for other axially spaced coaxial clutches.

## 48.61 Plural fluid pressure operators forming nested pistons:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.609. Subject matter including two fluid motors that actuate one or more of the clutch assemblages, each fluid motor having a piston movable by application of the fluid pressure thereto, the piston of one of the fluid motors forming a cylinder of the other fluid motor in which cylinder the piston of the other fluid motor is movable.

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS. SUBCLASS:

48.608 and 48.616+, for other clutches having actuators forming nested pistons.

## 48.611 Operator coaxial with its clutch-assemblage:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.609. Subject matter in which the fluid under pressure acts through a fluid motor and an axis along which the fluid motor acts is aligned with an axis of rotation of the fluid actuated clutch-assemblage.

## SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.603+, 48.617, and 48.618+, for a clutch and coaxial actuator.

#### 48.612 Common or interconnected operator(s):

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.611. Subject matter in which the fluid motor contributes to operation (engagement or disengagement) of two of the clutch-assemblages or in which the fluid motor and an additional fluid motor operate two of the clutch-assemblages and the position of an output element (e.g., piston, actuating shaft) of one of the fluid motors is dependent upon the position of an output element the other fluid motor.

- 48.604+, for common or interconnected actuator(s) that rotate relative to associated clutch(es).
- 3.27, for the combination of a vortex-flow drive and alternatively operative clutches that may include a common or interconnected actuator(s).

#### 48.613 Operator between clutch-assemblages:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.612. Subject matter in which the fluid motor is located between the two clutch-assemblages.

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS. SUBCLASS:

48.605 and 48.614, for plural clutches and an actuator located between the clutches.

#### 48.614 Operator between clutch-assemblages:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.611. Subject matter in which the fluid motor is located between two of the clutch-assemblages.

## SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.605 and 48.613, for other actuators located between clutches.

#### 48.615 Radially acting operator:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.609. Subject matter in which the fluid under pressure acts through a fluid motor and an axis along which the fluid motor acts is substantially perpendicular to the axis of rotation of the fluid actuated clutch-assemblage.

# SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.12+, 85.16, and 85.47, for a clutch operated by a radially acting fluid pressure actuator.

# 48.616 Plural fluid pressure operators forming nested pistons:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.601. Subject matter in which the fluid under pressure acts through two fluid motors that actuate one or more of the clutch assemblages, each fluid motor having a piston movable by application of the fluid pressure thereto, the piston of one of the fluid motors forming a cylinder of the other fluid motor in which cylinder the piston of the other fluid motor is movable.

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.608 and 48.61, for clutch actuators forming nested pistons.

## 48.617 At least one operator coaxial with its clutch-assemblage:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.616. Subject matter in which at least one of the fluid motors acts along an axis that is aligned with an axis of rotation of (one of) the clutch-assemblage(s) it actuates.

## SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.603+, 48.611+, and 48.618+, for a clutch and coaxial actuator.

# 48.618 Operator coaxial with its clutch-assemblage:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.601. Subject matter in which the fluid under pressure acts through a fluid motor to actuate the clutch-assemblage and an axis along which the fluid motor acts is aligned with an axis of rotation of the clutch-assemblage.

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.603+, 48.611+, and 48.617, for a clutch and coaxial actuator.

## 48.619 Radially spaced coaxial clutch-assemblages:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.618. Subject matter in which the clutch-assemblages include two clutch-assemblages having the same axis of rotation and having disengageable power-transmitting portions (e.g., friction surfaces), the clutch-assemblages being arranged such that a plane perpendicular to the axis of rotation passes through or between at least one disengageable power-transmitting portion of each of the two clutch-assemblages.

## 85.01 Fluid pressure:

This subclass is indented under subclass 82. Subject matter in which the actuating device is powered by the action of a fluid under pressure.

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

- 3.29+, and 3.33, for a fluid-pressure operator to engage or actuate a clutch that is combined with a vortex-flow drive.
- 48.601, for plural clutches at least one of which is fluid-pressure operated.
- 56.3, for an overload release mechanism in a fluid-pressure operated clutch.

#### SEE OR SEARCH CLASS:

- 92, Expansible Chamber Devices, appropriate subclasses for an expansible chamber device, per se, even though disclosed as a means to operate a clutch.
- 303, Fluid-Pressure and Analogous Brake Systems, appropriate subclasses for systems of distribution of fluid to motors of more general application.

# 85.02 Operator force derived from clutch input or output:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.01. Subject matter in which power is transmitted from one of the driving and driven parts via the fluid to the actuating device.

# 85.03 Elastic (e.g., diaphragm, pneumatic tube):

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.01. Subject matter in which the actuating device includes a flexible element that flexes in response to changes in fluid pressure.

(1) Note. Devices in which the actuating device includes sliding seals, in addition to a flexible element, along which sliding occurs during expansion or contraction are included in this subclass.

#### SEE OR SEARCH CLASS:

92, Expansible Chamber Devices, subclasses 34+ for a bellows type expansible chamber device, and subclasses 90+ for a flexible wall type expansible chamber device.

## 85.04 Rotating with clutch input or output:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.03. Subject matter in which the flexible element rotates integrally with one of the driving and driven parts.

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.17+, for an elastic clutch-actuating member that rotates relative to the clutch input and output.

## 85.05 And causing purely axial movement:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.04. Subject matter in which flexing of the flexible element causes a component of the power-transmitting device to move in a first direction along a path that is parallel to the axis of rotation of the driving or driven part.

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.2+, 85.15, and 85.49+, for other actuator configurations for producing axial displacement of a clutch element.

# 85.06 Including flexible friction discs:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.05. Subject matter in which the flexible element includes a pair of flexible discs on which friction surfaces for providing the driving continuity are located, the fluid acting directly on the discs to cause elastic deformation thereof and, thereby, affect the extent of engagement of the friction surfaces with each other.

# 85.07 Plural oppositely acting elastic operators:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.05. Subject matter in which the power-transmitting device includes an additional flexible element on which the fluid acts to cause it to flex and move in a second direction substantially opposite the first direction when the fluid acts on the flexible elements.

#### 85.08 Clutch has flat friction surfaces:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.05. Subject matter in which the component of the power-transmitting device is a first member having a first planar surface and the power-transmitting device includes a second member having a second planar surface parallel to the first planar surface, movement of the component in the first direction resulting in engagement of the first and second planar surfaces to transmit power therebetween by friction, the first and second members being drivingly connected, respectively, to the driving and driven parts.

## SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.23+, for a clutch having flat friction surfaces that is operated by a fluid-pressure actuator other than an elastic actuator.

#### 85.09 More than two friction elements:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.08. Subject matter including a third member drivingly connected to one of the driving and driven parts and having a third planar surface parallel to the first planar surface, the second member having a fourth planar surface parallel to the first planar surface, the third member being movable axially relative to the second member such that the third and fourth planar surfaces engage to transmit power therebetween by friction.

70.11+ and 85.24+, for a clutch having three or more friction elements.

## 85.1 Plate or diaphragm spring release:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.09. Subject matter in which the first, second, third, and fourth planar surfaces are separated by the force of a substantially planar spring with or without radial slits that form a plurality of fingers.

#### 85.11 Clutch has positively engaging clutch members:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.05. Subject matter in which the power-transmitting device includes separable interlocking power-transmitting elements.

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.18, for a clutch having positively engaging clutch members operated by a fluid actuator other than an elastic actuator.

## 85.12 And causing purely radial movement:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.04. Subject matter in which flexing of the flexible element causes a first component of the power-transmitting device to move substantially along a line perpendicular to the axis of rotation of the driving or driven part when the fluid acts on the flexible element.

## SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.615, 85.16, and 85.47, for a clutch operated by a radially acting fluid pressure actuator.

## 85.13 Elastic operator integral with radially outer clutch member:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.12. Subject matter in which the first component engages a second component of the power-transmitting device in order to establish the driving continuity between the driving and driven parts, the first and second components being radially spaced and the flexible element having a portion that is fixed to the radially outer one of the first and second components.

# 85.14 Rotatable relative to clutch input and output:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.03. Subject matter in which the flexible element is rotatable relative to both the driving and driven parts.

#### 85.15 And causing purely axial movement:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.14. Subject matter in which flexing of the flexible element causes a component of the power-transmitting device to move along a path that is parallel to the axis of rotation of the driving part or driven part.

## SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.05+, 85.2+, and 85.49+, for other actuator configurations for producing axial displacement of a clutch element.

## 85.16 And causing purely radial movement:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.14. Subject matter in which flexing of the flexible element causes a component of the power-transmitting device to move substantially along a line perpendicular to the axis of rotation of the driving or driven part.

## SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.615, 85.12+, and 85.47, for a clutch operated by a radially acting fluid pressure actuator.

#### 85.17 Piston and cylinder operator rotating with clutch input or output:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.01. Subject matter in which the actuating device includes an enclosure (cylinder) in which a partition (piston) is slidably received in sealing engagement with the enclosure, fluid being admitted into the enclosure to apply a force to the enclosure and the partition, the enclosure or the partition being connected to and rotating integrally with the driving or driven part, relative displacement of the enclosure and partition due to the force applied by the fluid contributing to the transition of the power-transmitting device into or out of the state in which it provides the driving continuity between the driving and driven parts.

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.04+, for an elastic clutch actuating member that rotates integrally with the clutch input or output.

#### 85.18 Positive clutch:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.17. Subject matter in which the power-transmitting device includes separable interlocking power-transmitting elements.

## SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.11, for a clutch having positively engaging clutch members operated by an elastic fluid actuator.

# 85.19 Friction clutch:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.17. Subject matter in which the power-transmitting device includes power-transmitting elements having mutually engageable surfaces that transmit power from one to another substantially solely by friction forces when pressed together.

#### 85.2 Having friction elements movable axially only:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.19. Subject matter in which the power-transmitting elements are engageable and disengageable by relative movement along a path that is parallel to an axis of rotation of at least one of the power-transmitting elements.

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.05+, 85.15, and 85.49+, for other actuator configurations for producing axial displacement of a clutch element.

#### 85.21 Having conical or frustoconical friction surfaces (e.g., cone clutch):

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.2. Subject matter in which the mutually engageable surfaces of the power-transmitting elements have the shape of a cone or frustum of a cone.

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

66.2, for axially engaging clutches having conical or frustoconical friction surfaces.

#### 85.22 Plural radially spaced frustoconical surfaces:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.21. Subject matter in which the mutually engageable surfaces of the power-transmitting elements include a plurality of radially spaced concentric frustoconical surfaces on each power-transmitting element.

## SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

66.21, for axially engaging clutches having plural radially spaced frustoconical friction surfaces.

## 85.23 Having flat friction surfaces:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.2. Subject matter in which the mutually engageable surfaces of the power-transmitting elements are substantially planar.

## SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.08+, for a clutch having flat friction surfaces that is operated by an elastic fluid-pressure actuator.

# **85.24** More than two friction elements:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.23. Subject matter in which the power-transmitting device has at least three of the power-transmitting elements.

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

70.11+ and 85.09+, for a clutch having three or more friction elements.

# 85.25 Including balance chamber:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter including a fluid receiving space outside the enclosure that rotates with the actuating device and is arranged such that rotation induced fluid pressure in the space acts on the partition or the enclosure to counteract an effect of a similar rotation induced pressure in the fluid in the enclosure.

(1) Note. The purpose of the balance chamber is, typically, to prevent a rotating clutch from being locked in an engaged (power-transmitting) state due to centrifugal forces acting on the fluid used to initially engage the clutch.

## SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

106, for a speed responsive clutch that may be fluid operated and include means to prevent locking of the clutch due to centrifugal forces acting on the operating fluid.

## 85.26 Cam mechanism between piston and friction element:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter in which motion is transmitted from the enclosure or partition to at least one of the power-transmitting elements by a mechanism including slidably engaged relatively moving surfaces that include portions inclined to the direction of relative motion at a point of contact between the surfaces.

## 85.27 Auxiliary exhaust or relief passage from piston chamber:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter in which there are one or more primary inlets and outlets for the fluid in the enclosure or partition which inlets and outlets supply and return substantially the bulk of the fluid to the enclosure and the enclosure or partition includes an additional passage that permits flow of fluid out of the enclosure to provide an additional level of control over the action of the fluid on the device.

(1) Note. A plurality of return passages extending from and leading along similar paths to a fluid receiver or common exhaust channel is not sufficient to warrant placement here. This subclass requires a passage associated with a substantially different fluid exhaust path.

#### 85.28 Fluid escape from piston chamber by rotation-induced pressure:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.27. Subject matter in which substantially all of the flow of fluid from the enclosure through the additional passage is the result of pressurization of the fluid relative to pressure outside of the enclosure due to rotation of the enclosure.

#### **85.29** In piston:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.27. Subject matter in which the additional passage is formed in the partition.

# 85.3 Valve in passage:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.29. Subject matter including structure that moves between a state in which it interrupts or blocks flow through the additional passage and a state in which it permits the flow during operation of the power-transmitting device.

#### 85.31 Valve in passage:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.27. Subject matter including structure that moves between a state in which it interrupts or blocks flow through the additional passage and a state in which it permits the flow during operation of the power-transmitting device.

## 85.32 Variable fluid contacting piston area:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter in which the fluid is brought into contact with different portions of the partition at different times during a single stroke of the partition.

(1) Note. Typically, the total area of contact between the fluid and the partition (piston) is increased in stages resulting in a more gradual increase in the force acting on the power-transmitting elements than would occur if the fluid were introduced into contact with the entire area at once.

## 85.33 Axially stationary piston, moving cylinder:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter in which the partition is fixed relative to the driving or driven part during operation of the power-transmitting device.

#### 85.34 Cushioning element between piston and friction element:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter including a resilient element that deforms significantly in operation located in a force transmission path between the partition and one of the power-transmitting elements.

(1) Note. Typically, the resilient element provides for a more gradual increase in the force acting on the power-transmitting elements than would occur without the resilient element.

#### 85.35 Operator acts on friction elements via diaphragm spring or lever:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter in which at least part of the force applied to the partition by the fluid is transmitted to the power-transmitting elements through a radially extending finger of an annular spring or a lever pivotally mounted in the power-transmitting device.

## 85.36 Electric or magnetic release:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter including a device utilizing electrical or magnetic forces that is at least partially responsible for causing the power-transmitting device to transition out of the state in which it provides the driving continuity between the driving and driven parts.

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

84.1+, for an electric or magnetic operator that applies a clutch.

# 85.37 Fluid released clutch:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter in which the fluid under pressure is used to cause the power-transmitting device to transition out of the state in which it provides the driving continuity between the driving and driven parts.

## 85.38 And fluid pressure engaged:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.37. Subject matter in which the force applied by the fluid to the enclosure and the partition contributes to the transition of the power-transmitting device into the state that provides the driving continuity between the driving and driven parts.

# 85.39 Spring released clutch:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter including an elastic element that deforms significantly in operation that is at least in part responsible for the transition of the power-transmitting device out of the state in which it provides the driving continuity between the driving and driven parts.

#### 85.4 Release spring between discs:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.39. Subject matter in which the elastic element is located between and presses in separating directions against two of the power-transmitting elements.

## 85.41 Coil spring:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.39. Subject matter in which the elastic element has a helical shape and is deflected along its axis during use.

## 85.42 Encircling clutch axis of rotation:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.41. Subject matter in which the axis of rotation of the power-transmitting elements passes through the interior of the elastic element.

#### 85.43 Having particular friction element structure:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter including details of the power-transmitting elements.

## 85.44 Having particular piston seal:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter including details of means for preventing leakage of fluid between the partition and enclosure.

## 85.45 Piston has interrupted engagement face:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter in which the surface of the partition opposite its surface facing the interior of the enclosure has first and second portions and has a third portion located between the first and second portions, the first and second portions contacting one of the power-transmitting elements to apply an actuating force to the power-transmitting element while the third portion is spaced from the power-transmitting element.

#### 85.46 Piston has nonplanar engagement face:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter in which there is at least one area of contact between the partition and one of the power-transmitting elements that is non-planar.

# 85.47 Having radially displaceable friction surface:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.19. Subject matter in which some of the mutually engageable surfaces of the power-transmitting elements change their distance from the axis of rotation of at least one of the power transmitting elements as the mutually engageable surfaces are pressed together.

## SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.615, 85.12+, and 85.16, for a clutch operated by a radially acting fluid pressure actuator.

# 85.48 Operator rotatable relative to clutch input and output:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.01. Subject matter in which the actuating device includes a fluid motor through which the fluid affects the state of the power-transmitting device, the fluid motor being rotatable relative to both the driving and driven parts.

#### 85.49 And aligned with clutch axis of rotation:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.48. Subject matter in which the fluid motor includes an actuating element that moves, under the pressure of the fluid, along a line coaxial with the axis of rotation of the driving part or driven part.

85.05+, 85.2+, and 85.15, for other actuator configurations for producing axial displacement of a clutch element.

# 85.5 Operator acts on clutch through push rod extending coaxially through input or output shaft:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.49. Subject matter in which the fluid motor affects the state of the power-transmitting device by moving an elongated element that is coaxial with and extends through a hollow shaft integral with one of the driving and driven parts.

#### 85.51 Operator acts on clutch via diaphragm spring or lever:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.49. Subject matter in which the fluid motor affects the state of the power-transmitting device through a radially slit spring having plural fingers or through a set of levers that extend radially of the axis of rotation of the driving part or driven part.

#### 85.52 Pull-to-release type clutch:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.51. Subject matter in which portions of the fingers or levers move with the actuating element of the fluid motor and in which fluid induced motion of the actuating element of the fluid motor in a direction generally away from power-transmitting elements of the power-transmitting device and toward the fluid motor places the power-transmitting device in a state in which it does not transmit power between the driving and driven parts.

## 85.53 Details of fluid operator:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.49. Subject matter including details of the fluid motor.

## 85.54 Having particular seal:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.53. Subject matter including details of means for preventing leakage of fluid within or from the fluid motor.

# 85.55 Details of master cylinder:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.49. Subject matter including details of a piston and cylinder mechanism that pressurizes the fluid to cause it to act on the fluid motor.

## 85.56 Operator spaced from and parallel to clutch axis of rotation:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.48. Subject matter in which the fluid motor includes an actuating element that moves, under the pressure of the fluid, along a line that is parallel to the axis of rotation of the driving part or driven part.

## 85.57 Fluid released clutch:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.48. Subject matter in which the power-transmitting device is transitioned out of the state in which power is transmitted between the driving and driven members (i.e., disengaged) under power of the fluid motor.

## **85.58** By vacuum:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.57. Subject matter in which the pressure of fluid that powers the fluid motor is less than the pressure of fluid surrounding the fluid motor.

## 85.59 Details of fluid operator:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.48. Subject matter including details of the fluid motor.

## 85.6 Details of master cylinder:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.48. Subject matter including details of a piston and cylinder mechanism that pressurizes the fluid to cause it to act on the fluid motor.

# 85.61 Cooling or lubricating:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.01. Subject matter in which the power-transmitting device includes features for facilitating removal of heat from the power-transmitting device or for directing a lubricant into, out of, or through the power-transmitting device.

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

113.1+, for clutch cooling and lubricating means, per se.

## 85.62 Having wear compensator:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.01. Subject matter in which the power-transmitting device includes means to mitigate the effect on the operation of the power-transmitting device of dimensional changes in components thereof that occur with repeated use.

#### SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

70.251+, for a clutch having means for adjusting the position of a friction element relative to friction element moving means for compensating for wear of the friction element.

111.1+, for wear compensators, per se.

#### 85.63 Including fluid pressure control:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.01. Subject matter including means to regulate, set, or modulate the pressure of the fluid that powers the actuating device.

## CLASS 415 -- ROTARY KINETIC FLUID MOTORS OR PUMPS

**Definitions Modified** 

Class definition: In SECTION III - REFERENCES TO OTHER CLASSES

Delete:

the reference to Class 192

**Insert:** 

477, Interrelated Power Delivery Controls, Including Engine Control, subclasses 57, 62+, and 168+ for the combination of a fluid rotary motor and a clutch mechanism, in which there are interrelated controls for the motor and the clutch, and subclass 205, for the combination of a fluid rotary motor and a brake or lock applied to the motor or its output shaft and having a mechanism for the joint control of the motor and the brake or lock.

# CLASS 418 -- ROTARY EXPANSIBLE CHAMBER DEVICES

**Definitions Modified** 

Subclass 17: Under SEE OR SEARCH CLASS

Delete:

the reference to Class 192

Insert:

477, Interrelated Power Delivery Controls, Including Engine Control, subclasses 84+ and 91, for interrelated power delivery controls automatically controlled by speed.

# CLASS 464 -- ROTARY SHAFTS, GUDGEONS, HOUSINGS, AND FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS FOR ROTARY SHAFTS

**Definitions Modified** 

Class definition: In SECTION IV - REFERENCES TO OTHER CLASSES, in the reference to

Class 192

Delete:

85 +

Insert:

48.601+ and 85.01+

Subclass 24: Under SEE OR SEARCH CLASS

Delete:

85+

Insert:

48.601+ and 85.01+