U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

CLASSIFICATION ORDER 1891

FEBRUARY 02, 2010

PROJECT M-B192

The following classification changes will be effected by this order:

	<u>Class</u>	<u>Subclass</u>	Art Unit	Ex'r Search <u>Room</u>
Abolished:	192	85, 86, 87.1, 87.11- 87.19, 88, 91	3655	0S0001
Established:	192	48.601-48.609, 48.61 48.611-48.619, 85.01 85.09, 85.1, 85.11- 8 85.2, 85.21-85.29, 85 85.31- 85.39, 85.4, 8 85.49, 85.5, 85.51- 8 85.6, 85.61-85.63	5.19, 5.3, 5.41-	0S0001

The following classes are also impacted by this order: 73, 74, 137, 188, 415, 418, 464

This order includes the following:

- A. CLASSIFICATION MANUAL CHANGES
- B. LISTING OF PRINCIPAL SOURCE OF ESTABLISHED AND DISPOSITION OF ABOLISHED SUBCLASSES
- C. CHANGES TO THE USPC-TO-IPC CONCORDANCE
- D. DEFINITION CHANGES AND NEW OR ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS

CLASSIFICATION ORDER 1891

February 02, 2010

PROJECT NO. MB192

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3.21	VORTEX-FLOW DRIVE AND CLUTCH	219.1	Hill-holder
3.22	.With means to effect torque	219.2	One-way brake
	reversal	219.3	Ball or roller
3.23	.With brake	219.4	Emergency or parking brake
3.24	Alternatively operative clutch	219.5	Parking pawl
	and brake	219.6	\ldots With separate manual operator
3.25	.With additional drive or clutch	219.7	Foot operated
3.26	Simultaneously operative	220	Brake control affects
	clutches		transmission change
3.27	Alternatively operative	220.1	Brake application neutralizes
	clutches		transmission
3.28	.Including drive-lockup clutch	220.2	Park-lock device
3.29	Having fluid-pressure operator	220.3	Floor-mounted shift lever
3.3	With auxiliary source of	220.4	Solenoid operated lock
	pressure	220.5	Rotary bushing
3.31	Having speed-responsive	220.6	Override
	operator	220.7	Override
3.32	.Alternatively operative drive	221	Fluid operated
	and clutch	221.1	Brake and gearing at axle end
3.33	.Fluid-pressure operator for	222	Electromagnetic
	engaging clutch	223	.Torque-responsive brake
3.34	VORTEX-FLOW DRIVE AND BRAKE	223.1	Transversely engaged positive
3.51	TRANSMISSION CONTROL AND CLUTCH		brake
	CONTROL	223.2	Ball or roller type brake
3.52	.Planetary transmission and	223.3	With cam mechanism for axially
	coaxial clutch		moving brake member
3.53	Including separate, reversing	223.4	Wrap-spring brake
	pedal	224	.Belt or chain transmission
3.54	.Common control	224.1	Belt tensioner affects brake
3.55	Power-operated clutch		operation
3.56	Electromagnetically operated	224.2	Belt failure operates brake
3.57	Fluid-press operated	224.3	Belt shipper affects brake
3.58	Electrically triggered		operation
3.59	Vacuum operated	225	.Fluid operated
3.61	Stepped ratio transmission	226	.Electromagetic
3.62	With control lever	12 R	CLUTCH AND BRAKE
3.63	.Interrelated (e.g., with	13 R	.Vehicle type
3.03	interlock)	13 A	Clutch-released brake holder
215	TRANSMISSION AND BRAKE	14	.Same member
216	.Internal resistance brake	15	.Automatic check and release
217	.Velocipede	16	Clutch and brake same member
217.1	Back-pedaling brake (e.g.,	17 R	.Peripheral brake
217.1	coaster brake)	17 A	Fluid operator
217.2	Rotatable crank axle	17 C	Electric
217.2	Wheel hub	17 D	Coil
217.3	With change-speed	18 R	.Sliding operation
217.4	transmission	18 A	Fluid operator
217.5	Plural sprockets	10 A	Electric and magnetic
217.5	With screw operator	10 B 19	.Crank control
217.0	Multidisc brake	19 12 A	.Internal resistance
217.7	Multidisc brake .Motor vehicle	12 A 12 B	
		12 B 12 BA	One-way engaging
219	Transmission control affects		Coil spring type
	brake	12 C	.Fluid operator

12 D	.Electric	48.602	Operator rotatable relative to
20	CLUTCH AND GEAR		its clutch-assemblage
21	.Reversing	48.603	Operator coaxial with its
21.5	FIELD RESPONSIVE FRICTIONAL MEDIA		clutch-assemblage
	TYPE	48.604	Common or interconnected
22	LATCH OPERATED		operator(s)
23	.Corn-planter type	48.605	Operator between clutch-
24	.Longitudinally moving		assemblages
	transmission member	48.606	Axially spaced coaxial
25	Pin		clutch-assemblages
26	.Transversely moving transmission	48.607	Axially spaced coaxial
	member		clutch-assemblages
27	Ball or roller	48.608	Plural fluid pressure
28	Positive		operators forming nested
29	Rotating key		pistons
30 R	CLUTCHES	48.609	Axially spaced coaxial clutch-
31	.Automatic		assemblages
32	Manual control	48.61	Plural fluid pressure
33 R	Definite-position release		operators forming nested
33 C	Coil		pistons
34	Shaft thrust	48.611	Operator coaxial with its
35	Pilot mechanism		clutch-assemblage
36	Brake band	48.612	Common or interconnected
37	Transversely moving		operator(s)
38	Ball or roller	48.613	Operator between clutch-
39	Positive		assemblages
40	Electric	48.614	Operator between clutch-
41 R	One-way engaging		assemblages
42	Free-engine type	48.615	Radially acting operator
43	Reversible	48.616	Plural fluid pressure
43.1	Pivoted pawls		operators forming nested
43.2	Slidable pawls		pistons
44	Ball or roller	48.617	-
45	Ball or roller		with its clutch-assemblage
45.1	Wedging pawl or block	48.618	Operator coaxial with its
45.2	Two-point gripper		clutch-assemblage
46	Positive	48.619	Radially spaced coaxial
47	Manual control		clutch-assemblages
41 S	Spring	48.7	With means to actuate or
41 A	SpringSprags		deactuate clutch-assemblages
41 A 48.1	sprags .Plural clutch-assemblage		sequentially
48.2	Including electrically actuated	48.8	Associated with three or more
40.2	clutch assemblage		shafts
48.3		48.9	Alternatively operative
48.4	Diverse clutch-assemblages		assemblages
40.4	Including three or more	48.91	Having common clutch-element
10 E	assemblages		support
48.5	Including one clutch-	48.92	Including unirotationally
	assemblage having		engaging clutch-elements
10 6	interdigitated clutch-elements	49	Parallel vehicle wheels
48.6	And another clutch-assemblage	50	Free wheel
	having unirotationally	51	Reversing
10 601	engaging clutch elements	52.1	.Progressive engagement
48.601	Having fluid pressure operator	52.2	Surface area

52.3	Yielding	55.61	Coil springs with center
52.4	Variable force		line spaced from rotational
52.5	Initial engagement causes		axis
	increase in applied force	55.62	Center line of coil springs
52.6	Yielding		parallel to rotational axis
53.1	Frictional and positive	55.7	Coil spring with center line
53.2	Magnetic or electromagnetic		spaced from rotational axis
	operated friction clutch	56.1	Overload release
53.3	With blocker	56.2	Coil
53.31	Self-energizing	56.3	Fluid-operated clutch
53.32	Interposed friction members	56.31	Axially engaged
53.33	Member extending axially	56.32	Positive
33.33	between friction surfaces	56.33	Ball or roller
53.331		56.4	Magnetic or electromagnetic
33.331	Blocker on axially extending	56.41	
F2 222	stepped pin	56.42	Axially engaged
53.332	Resilient detent pin		Positive
53.34	Outward tooth or lug on	56.43	Ball or roller
	friction member	56.5	Clutch elements remain
53.341	With thrust member		disengaged after overload
53.342	Resilient thrust bar		corrected
53.343	Resilient expander ring	56.51	Having separate latch to hold
53.35	Inward tooth or lug on		clutch elements disengaged
	friction member	56.52	Axially engaged
53.36	Radially movable blocker	56.53	Positive
53.361	Detent acts as blocker	56.54	Ball or roller
53.362	Rocker lever actuates	56.55	Axially engaged
	friction clutch	56.56	Positive
53.363	Radially movable friction	56.57	Ball or roller
	element acts as blocker	56.6	Axially engaged
53.364	Resilient friction element	56.61	Positive
53.4	Lock for positive clutch	56.62	Ball or roller
53.5	Axially projecting positive	54.3	Fluid operated
33.3	clutch	54.4	Magnetic or electromagnetic
53.51	Cylindrical pin	5 4. 4	.Fluent material and mechanical
53.6		58.1	.Fluent material
33.0	Transversely moving positive		
E 4 - 1	clutch	58.2	Fluid
54.1	.Torque responsive	58.3	Vane clutch
54.2	Hub clutch	58.4	Viscous shear
54.5	Cam operated	58.41	Multiple plate
54.51	Screw operated	58.42	Variable gap or volume
54.52	Ball or roller type	58.43	Variable gap or volume
55.1	With overload release coupling	58.5	Separate reservoir
55.2	With flexible shaft coupling	58.6	Automatic regulation
	permitting limited relative	58.61	Magnetic or electric
	rotation	58.62	Temperature and speed
55.3	Separate resilient member	58.63	Temperature
	between clutch element and its	58.64	Coolant and clutching
	shaft		medium
55.4	Fluid damper	58.65	Ambient and clutching
55.5	Coil spring coaxial with	55.55	medium
	rotation axis	58.66	Ambient and coolant
55.51	Radially overlapping	58.67	Clutching medium
	convolutions	58.68	Ambient
55.6	Plural resilient members		Bi-metallic
55.0	I arar robitions members	58.681	BI-MetaillC

58.682	Spiral	70.12	With means to cool or
58.683	Resilient or adjustable		lubricate clutch parts
	mounting feature	70.13	With removable or replaceable
58.684	Mounting feature		or interchangeable clutch
58.7	Pump-out feature		parts
58.8	Specific valve	70.14	Including surface
58.9	Radial vane		characteristics of clutch-
58.91	Vanes on inner member		element
58.92	Spring-biased	70.15	Axially tapered mating
59	Axially movable piston		surfaces
60	Transversely movable piston	70.16	With torque connection between
61	Gear-pump type		clutch-element and its shaft
_		70.17	Resilient torque connection
62	.Plow-lifting type	, 0 • ± ,	(e.g., for damping vibration)
63	.Free-engine type	70.18	Including chordally disposed
64	.Velocipede free wheel	70.10	connection
65	.Axially and transversely	70 10	
	engaging	70.19	Axially slidable connection
66.1	.Axially engaging	70.2	Spline connection for
66.2	Conical or frustoconical		multiple clutch-elements
66.21	Plural radially spaced	70.21	With means to move multiple
	surfaces		clutch-elements axially and
66.22	Spring engaged		sequentially
66.23	Spring released	70.22	With means to move clutch-
66.3	Planar radially extending		element axially and latch into
66.31	Spring engaged		engaged or disengaged position
66.32	Spring engagedSpring released	70.23	With cam or wedge contacting
			clutch-element or pressure
69	Positive		plate for axial movement
69.1	Pivoting positive clutch		thereof
	element	70.24	By cam surface on bell-crank
69.2	Plunger disconnect	70.251	With adjustable means to move
69.3	Pilot pawl		clutch-element axially (e.g.,
69.4	Wheel hub clutched to axle		to compensate for wear)
69.41	Fluid pressure	70.252	Automatic
69.42	Electromagnetic	70.26	Including plural adjusting
69.43	Manual	70.20	screws (e.g., to equalize
69.5	Ball or roller		pressure angularly)
69.6	Cylindrical pin	70.27	
69.61	Axial pin on only one member	10.21	With spring means to move
69.62	Pin engages aperture in	70.00	clutch-element axially
03.02	other member	70.28	To separate engaged clutch-
69.63	Radial pin	50.00	elements
		70.29	And actuator lever pivoted on
69.7	Axial-radial		pressure plate
69.71	Axially extending projection	70.3	With actuator lever pivoted on
	engages aperture		pressure plate or back plate
69.8	Axial-axial		to move clutch-element axially
69.81			co move cracen crement axiarry
	Sawtooth		.Transversely engaged
69.82	Sawtooth Square tooth	71	
69.82 69.83		71 72	.Transversely engaged
	Square tooth		.Transversely engagedPositiveInterior and exterior
69.83	Square tooth With lead-in Radial-radial	72 73	<pre>.Transversely engagedPositiveInterior and exteriorOpposing</pre>
69.83 69.9	Square toothWith lead-in	72 73 74	.Transversely engagedPositiveInterior and exteriorOpposingInterior
69.83 69.9 69.91	Square toothWith lead-inRadial-radialOutward projection on movable member	72 73 74 75	.Transversely engagedPositiveInterior and exteriorOpposingInteriorExpanding
69.83 69.9 69.91	Square toothWith lead-inRadial-radialOutward projection on movable memberSpreading	72 73 74 75 76	.Transversely engagedPositiveInterior and exteriorOpposingInteriorExpandingRadial
69.83 69.9 69.91	Square toothWith lead-inRadial-radialOutward projection on movable member	72 73 74 75	.Transversely engagedPositiveInterior and exteriorOpposingInteriorExpanding

79	Exterior	85.11	Clutch has positively
80	Strap		engaging clutch members
81 R	Multiple folds	85.12	And causing purely radial
81 C	Coil		movement
82 R	.Operators	85.13	Elastic operator integral
83	Multiple for same clutch		with radially outer clutch
84.1	Electric or magnetic		member
84.2	Plural coils	85.14	Rotatable relative to clutch
84.21	Plural armatures		input and output
84.3	Including permanent magnet	85.15	And causing purely axial
84.31	And electromagnet		movement
84.4	Electrostatic	85.16	And causing purely radial
84.5	Air gap adjustment		movement
84.51	Automatic	85.17	Piston and cylinder operator
84.6	Rotary electric motor is		rotating with clutch input or
04.0	clutch actuator		output
84.7	Mechanical force increasing	85.18	Positive clutch
04.7	means	85.19	Friction clutch
84.8		85.2	Having friction elements
04.0	Operator for transversely		movable axially only
04 01	engaging elements	85.21	Having conical or
84.81	Coil spring	03.21	frustoconical friction
84.9	Operator for axially engaging		surfaces (e.g., cone clutch)
04.04	elements	85.22	Plural radially spaced
84.91	Interposed friction elements	03.22	frustoconical surfaces
84.92	Positively engaging elements	85.23	Having flat friction
84.93	Magnetic flux path spaced	03.23	surfaces
	from engaging elements	85.24	More than two friction
84.94	Specified torque transmitting	03.24	elements
	spring	85.25	Including balance chamber
84.941	Nonmetallic	85.26	Cam mechanism between
84.95	With slip rings	03.20	
84.951	With pulley or gear	05 07	piston and friction element
84.96	Fixed concentric coil	85.27	Auxiliary exhaust or
84.961	With pulley or gear		relief passage from piston
85.01	Fluid pressure	05 00	chamber
85.02	Operator force derived from	85.28	Fluid escape from piston
	clutch input or output		chamber by rotation-induced
85.03	Elastic (e.g., diaphragm,	05 00	pressure
	pneumatic tube)	85.29	In piston
85.04	Rotating with clutch input or	85.3	Valve in passage
	output	85.31	Valve in passage
85.05	And causing purely axial	85.32	Variable fluid contacting
00100	movement		piston area
85.06	Including flexible friction	85.33	Axially stationary
03.00	discs		piston, moving cylinder
85.07	Plural oppositely acting	85.34	Cushioning element
03.07	elastic operators		between piston and friction
85.08	Clutch has flat friction		element
63.06		85.35	Operator acts on friction
0E 00	surfaces		elements via diaphragm spring
85.09	More than two friction		or lever
0 = 1	elements	85.36	Electric or magnetic
85.1	Plate or diaphragm spring		release
	release	85.37	Fluid released clutch
		03.37	riuid leleased Clutch

85.38	And fluid proceurs	89.28	Transversely engaged
03.30	And fluid pressure engaged	89.29	Quick throw spring
85.39	Spring released clutch	92	
85.4		92 93 R	One-direction apply and release
03.4	Release spring between		Cam
05 41	discs	93 A	Axially thrusting cams
85.41	Coil spring		rotatable about clutch axis
85.42	Encircling clutch axis	93 B	Axially moving cam acting on
	of rotation		pivoted lever
85.43	Having particular	93 C	Axially moving cam acting on
	friction element structure		transversely moving wedge or
85.44	Having particular piston		clutch member
	seal	94	Screw
85.45	Piston has interrupted	95	Handwheel
	engagement face	96	Central pin
85.46	Piston has non-planar	97	Screw operated
	engagement face	98	Shipper saddles
85.47	Having radially displaceable	99 R	Lever systems
	friction surface	99 A	Levers mounted on axially
85.48	Operator rotatable relative to		engaging clutch
	clutch input and output	99 B	Levers mounted on transversely
85.49	And aligned with clutch axis		engaging clutch
	of rotation	99 S	Stationary levers
85.5	Operator acts on clutch	100	Follow-up
	through push rod extending	101	Releasing
	coaxially through input or	102	Check of driven member
	output shaft	103 R	Speed responsive
85.51	Operator acts on clutch via	104 R	Fixed-speed release
	diaphragm spring or lever	104 B	Transversely engaged-interior
85.52	Pull-to-release type clutch	104 C	Transversely engaged-exterior
85.53	Details of fluid operator	104 F	Fluid clutches and operators
85.54	Having particular seal	105 R	Fixed-speed engagement
85.55	Details of master cylinder	105 A	Centrifugal (fluid or powder)
85.56	Operator spaced from and	100 11	nonpivoted weights (radially
	parallel to clutch axis of		movably or slidable) i.e.,
	rotation		mercury clutch
85.57	Fluid released clutch	105 B	Axially engaged with
85.58	By vacuum	103 B	nonpivoted weights-weights
85.59	Details of fluid operator		movable radially or slidable
85.6	Details of master cylinder	105 BA	Transversely engaged with
85.61	Cooling or lubricating	100 211	nonpivoted weights
85.62	Having wear compensator	105 BB	Transversely engaged positive
85.63	Including fluid pressure	103 22	with nonpivoted weights
00100	control	105 C	Axially engaged with pivoted
89.1	Weight operated	105 C	weights
89.2	Spring engaged	105 CP	Weights pivoted on axis
90	Electric release	105 C1	parallel to clutch axis-
89.21	Cam release		axially engaged
89.22	Belleville disc spring	105 CS	Single pair clutching
89.23		103 65	elements axially engaged with
89.24	Push-type Pull-type		pivoted weights
89.25		105 CD	Transversely expanding clutch
	Geometric configuration	100 00	with pivoted weights
89.26	Plural coil springs spaced	105 CE	Transversely engaged-pivoted
00 27	from clutch axis	100 01	weights and clutching elements
89.27	Coil spring coaxial to clutch		movable separately
	axis		

105 CF	Transversely contracting	107 R	.Engaging surfaces
105 F	Fluid controls for	108	Positive
	centrifugal clutches	107 M	Material
106 R	Release	107 т	Transversely engaging
106 F	Devices to prevent fluid	107 C	Clutch plate axially
	clutches from being operated		compressible
	by centrifugal forces acting	109 R	.Thrust members, retarders, and
	on fluid		stops
103 A	Centrifugal operated, axially	109 A	Resilient operators and
	engaged		pressure plates
103 B	Centrifugal operator	109 в	Resilient backing plates
	transversely engaged	109 F	Cushioning devices for fluid
103 C	Acceleration and inertia		operators
	responsive	109 D	Dashpot
103 F	Fluid operated	110 R	.Shafts, bearings, and adjusting
103 FA	Fluid pressure engaged with		devices
	centrifugal valve	110 в	Bearings
82 P	Rack and pinion operator	110 S	Shafts for removable clutches
82 T	Temperature operator		or discs
30 W	.Warning, indicating, and signal	111.1	.Wear compensators
	devices	111.11	Compensator in actuating
30 V	.Vibration dampers		mechanism outside of the
	ELEMENTS		clutch (EPO)
200	.Clutch element resiliently	111.12	Automatic
	carried on hub	111.13	Compensator in or near release
201	Speed-responsive		bearing (EPO)
202	Manually adjustable	111.14	Automatic
203	Coil spring detail	111.15	Compensator on or inside clutch
204	Specified bushing		cover (e.g., acting on
205	Separate seat detail		diaphragm or pressure plate)
206	Relatively axially movable hub		(EPO)
	sections	111.16	Automatic
207	Circumferential resilience	111.17	Worm mechanism
208	With fluid damping	111.18	Relatively rotatable cam
209	Nonmetallic		rings
210	Interposed friction element	111.19	Between cover and diaphragm
210.1	Biasing means		spring
211	And coil spring	111.2	Between diaphragm spring and
212	Coil spring		pressure plate
213	Plural helical coil spring	111.3	Having clearance sensor
	damping stages		bridging gap between clutch
213.1	Plural axially spaced		members and moveable only
	springs		during engagement
213.11	Interposed friction element	111.4	Having clearance sensor
213.12	Biasing means		bridging gap between clutch
213.2	Plural radially spaced		members and moveable only
	springs in a common radial		during engagement
	plane	111.5	Relatively rotatable cam rings
213.21	Interposed friction element	111.6	Threaded element centered on
213.22	Biasing means	444 -	clutch axis
213.3	Interposed friction element	111.7	Threaded in clutch cover
213.31	Biasing means	112	.Casings
214	Interposed friction element	113.1	Lubricating, insulating, or
214.1	Biasing means	442.0	cooling
		113.2	Air cooling

113.21	Heat radiating structure	143Reciprocating-member control
113.22	Grooved surfaces	144 .Drive release and brake
113.23	Air directing structure	145Multiple clutch
113.24	Rotating cover	146Change speed
113.25	Spring	147 Speed responsive
113.26	Clutch plate	148Positive stop
113.3	Liquid cooled or lubricated	149Cushioned
	clutch surfaces	150 .Overload release
113.31	Entire coolant path is spaced	
	from clutch surfaces	
113.32	Overrunning clutch	
113.33	Positive	FOREIGN ART COLLECTIONS
113.34	Lubricant or coolant between	
	engaging surfaces	FOR 000 CLASS-RELATED FOREIGN DOCUMENTS
113.35	With change of coolant flow	
	during disengagement	Any foreign patents or non-patent litera-
113.36	Grooved surfaces	ture from subclasses that have been
113.4	Thermal insulating	reclassified have been transferred
113.5	Lubrication of ancillary clutch	directly to FOR Collections listed below.
	parts	These Collections contain ONLY foreign
114 R	.Locks	patents or non-patent literature. The par-
114 т	Interlocking clutch teeth or	enthetical references in the Collection
	splines	titles refer to the abolished subclasses
115	.Supports	from which these Collections were derived.
116.5	STOP MECHANISM	
125 R	.Material control	
126	Sheet material	CLUTCHES (192/30)
127	Electrical	.Operators (192/82 R)
128	Pneumatic	Electric (192/84 R)
125 A	Power stop-material control-	FOR 101 TRANSMISSION CONTROL AND BRAKE
	electrical	(192/4 R)
125 B	Mechanical	FOR 102 .Back-pedaling brake (192/5)
125 C	Pneumatic	FOR 103 Hub brake (192/6 R)
125 D	Granular material	FOR 104With change speed transmission
125 E	Work start	(192/6 A)
125 F	Length of material stop	FOR 105Rotatable axle (192/6 B)
129 R	.Safety device	FOR 106 .Automatic brake (192/7)
130	Hand protector	FOR 107 Responsive to drive release
131 R	Two hand	(192/8/R)
131 н	Hand and foot	FOR 108Cable (192/8 A)
132	Delayed action drive	FOR 109Coil brake (192/8 C)
133	Automatic guard	FOR 110 .Electric control (192/9)
134	Punch-press type	FOR 111 .Belt shipper (192/10)
135	Cover	FOR 112 .Belt tightener (192/11)
136	Centrifugal-machine type	FOR 113 .Automatic type (192/4 A)
137	Disabled transmission	FOR 114 .Internal resistance brake (192/4
129 A	Electrical	B)
129 В	Pneumatic	FOR 115 .Forward and reverse gearing
138	.Limit stop	(192/4 C)
139	Rotary-member control	CLUTCHES (192/30)
140	Speed responsive	.Axially engaging (192/66.1)
141	Screw	Interposed, mating clutch-
142 R	Electrical	elements
142 A	Radio tuner type	
	= =	

FOR 116 ...With adjustable means to move clutch-element axially (e.g., to compensate for wear) (192/70.25)

ELEMENTS

- - .Operators (192/82 R)
- FOR 118 .. Fluid pressure (192/85 R)
- FOR 119 ... Double acting (192/86)
- FOR 120 ...Multiple clutches (192/87.1)
- FOR 121Having independent operators (192/87.11)
- FOR 122Responsive to rotational speed of clutch-element (192/87.12)
- FOR 123With selective distributor for fluid pressure (192/87.13)
- FOR 124Alternatively operative clutches (192/87.14)
- FOR 125Clutches coaxial with operators (192/87.15)
- FOR 127Operator between clutches (192/87.17)
- FOR 128With selective distributor for fluid pressure (192/87.18)
- FOR 129Having neutral position (192/87.19)
- FOR 130 ... Flexible motor (192/88 R)
- FOR 131Flexible fluid motor-axially engaged (192/88 A)
- FOR 132 Radially engaged (192/88 B)
- FOR 133 ... Axially engaging-rotating motor and clutch (192/85 A)
- FOR 134 ... Axially engaging clamping rotating motor and clutch (192/85 AA)
- FOR 135 ... Axially engaging spreading rotating motor and clutch (192/85 AB)
- FOR 136 ...Transversely engaging rotating motor and clutch (192/85 AT)
- FOR 137 ...Clutch and nonrotating motor (192/85 C)
- FOR 138 ...Clutch and nonrotating motor (192/85 CA)
- FOR 139 ...Centrifugal fluid clutches (192/85 F)
- FOR 140 ... Vacuum clutches and operators (192/85 V)
 - ..Spring engaged (192/89.2)
- FOR 141 ...Fluid release (192/91R)

FOR 116 ...With adjustable means to move FOR 142Motor concentric with clutch clutch-element axially (e.g., shaft (192/91 A)

DIGESTS

- DIG 1 REMOVABLE MEMBERS
- DIG 2 UNIVERSAL JOINT

PROJECT M-B192

SOURCE CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS IN NEWLY ESTABLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

New Classification	Number of ORs	Source Classification	Number of ORs
192/106 R 192/48.601	1 1 2 3 6 11	192/85 AA 192/87.11 192/87.12 192/87.1 192/85 R 192/87.18 192/87.19	262 56 8 8 139 9 23
192/48.602	17 1 2 2	192/87.13 192/87.13 192/87.11 192/87.14	54 54 56 10
192/48.603	1 4	192/85 CA 192/87.11	145 56
192/48.604	1 4	192/87.17 192/87.16	33 11
192/48.605	1	192/87.11	56
192/48.606	1 1	192/87.11 192/87.15	56 34
192/48.607	1	192/85 AA	262
	1	192/85 C	51
	1 1	192/87.1	8 56
	1	192/87.11 192/87.18	9
	2	192/86	63
	2	192/87.14	10
	3	192/87.13	54
192/48.608	3 1	192/87.19 192/87.13	23 54
192/48.609	1	192/85 AT	40
,	1	192/87.1	8
	1	192/87.18	9
	1	192/87.19	23
	3 5	192/87.15 192/87.13	34 54
192/48.61	1	192/85 AA	262
	1	192/87.17	33
	3	192/87.11	56
192/48.611	1	192/85 A	45
	1 1	192/86 192/87.1	63 8
	1	192/87.12	8
	1	192/87.16	11
	1	192/87.17	33

PROJECT M-B192

SOURCE CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS IN NEWLY ESTABLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

New	Number	Source	Number
Classification	of ORs	Classification	of ORs
	2	192/87.19	23
	4	192/88 A	83
	6	192/87.13	54
	7	192/85 AA	262
	15	192/87.15	34
192/48.612	17	192/87.11	56
	1	192/87.15	34
	1	192/87.17	33
	2	192/86	63
192/48.613	6	192/87.16	11
	1	192/85 R	139
	1	192/86	63
	1 1 1 28	192/87.11 192/87.15 192/87.18 192/87.19 192/87.17	56 34 9 23 33
192/48.614	1	192/86	63
	1	192/87.1	8
	2	192/85 AA	262
	2	192/87.14	10
	4	192/87.12	8
	5	192/87.15	34
192/48.615	8 8 1 1	192/87.11 192/87.13 192/86 192/87.13 192/87.14	56 54 63 54 10
192/48.617 192/48.618	2 1 1 1 2	192/87.15 192/87.11 192/85 AA 192/85 AB 192/87.19 192/87.12	34 56 262 25 23 8
	2	192/87.13	54
	2	192/87.15	34
	8	192/87.11	56
192/48.619 192/76	1 6 1	192/85 AA 192/87.11 192/91 R	262 56 124
192/85.01	1	192/85 AA	262
	1	192/85 C	51
	1	192/86	63

PROJECT M-B192

SOURCE CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS IN NEWLY ESTABLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

New	Number	Source	Number
Classification	of ORs	Classification	of ORs
192/85.02	1 27 1 1	192/87.11 192/91 R 192/85 R 192/85 AB 192/85 C 192/85 CA	56 124 139 25 51 145
	1	192/86	63
	1	192/88 A	83
	2	192/85 A	45
	2	192/88 B	60
	3	192/85 R	139
	5	192/85 AT	40
	9	192/85 F	14
	28	192/85 AA	262
192/85.04	1	192/85 V	10
	1	192/88 A	83
	2	192/88 B	60
192/85.05	1	192/85 A	45
	3	192/85 AA	262
	27	192/88 A	83
192/85.06 192/85.07	1 2 1	192/85 V 192/88 A 192/85 CA	10 83 145
192/85.08	3	192/85 AA	262
	3	192/88 A	83
	1	192/85 A	45
100/05 00	1	192/85 AA	262
	1	192/85 V	10
	3	192/88 A	83
192/85.09	1	192/87.15	34
	1	192/88 R	2
	2	192/85 R	139
	2	192/91 A	72
	4	192/85 AA	262
	5	192/85 AB	25
	28	192/88 A	83
192/85.1	1	192/85 CA	145
192/85.11	2	192/88 A	83
192/85.12	1	192/85 AT	40
192/85.13	1	192/88 A	83
	34	192/88 B	60
	1	192/85 R	139
	1	192/86	63

PROJECT M-B192

SOURCE CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS IN NEWLY ESTABLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

New	Number	Source	Number
Classification	of ORs	Classification	of ORs
192/85.14 192/85.15	1 1 22 4 1 3	192/87.13 192/88 R 192/91 R 192/88 B 192/91 R 192/86 192/85 CA 192/85 V	54 2 124 60 124 63 145
192/85.16 192/85.17 192/85.18	3 8 11 1 1	192/85 V 192/91 A 192/91 R 192/88 A 192/86 192/85 R 192/85 AT	72 124 83 63 139
	1	192/85 CA	145
	2	192/85 R	139
	2	192/91 A	72
	4	192/86	63
	6	192/85 A	45
192/85.2 192/85.21	2 1 1 3 3	192/91 A 192/85 AT 192/87.15 192/91 R 192/85 AB 192/85 R	72 40 34 124 25 139
192/85.22	3	192/86	63
	5	192/85 AA	262
	8	192/91 A	72
	10	192/85 A	45
	1	192/85 AA	262
192/85.23	2	192/85 A	45
	6	192/85 AB	25
	7	192/86	63
	1	192/85 AA	262
172,00.20	1	192/85 R	139
	1	192/86	63
	4	192/91 A	72
	15	192/85 A	45
192/85.24	1	192/85 CA	145
	1	192/85 F	14
	1	192/86	63
	2	192/85 R	139
	3	192/85 C	51

PROJECT M-B192

SOURCE CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS IN NEWLY ESTABLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

New Classification	Number of ORs	Source Classification	Number of ORs
	26	192/85 AA	262
192/85.25	2	192/86	63
	11	192/85 AA	262
192/85.26	2	192/85 AA	262
192/85.27	1 1	192/85 AA	262
	1	192/85 R 192/86	139 63
192/85.28	1	192/85 AA	262
,	1	192/85 F	14
	1	192/85 R	139
192/85.29	1	192/86	63
100/05 3	5 1	192/85 AA	262
192/85.3	1	192/86 192/87.17	63 33
	11	192/85 AA	262
192/85.31	1	192/85 AA	262
	1	192/85 AB	25
192/85.32	1	192/86	63
192/85.33	5 1	192/85 AA 192/85 R	262 120
192/05.33	1	192/85 R 192/91 R	139 124
	2	192/85 F	14
	2	192/91 A	72
	4	192/86	63
100/05 24	8	192/85 AA	262
192/85.34	1 24	192/86	63 262
192/85.35	6	192/85 AA 192/85 AA	262
192/85.36	1	192/85 AA	262
192/85.37	1	192/86	63
	2	192/85 AA	262
	2	192/91 R	124
102/05 20	4 2	192/91 A 192/86	72 63
192/85.38	3	192/85 AA	262
192/85.39	1	192/85 A	45
·	1	192/85 F	14
	3	192/85 R	139
100/05	10	192/85 AA	262
192/85.4	1	192/85 AB	25
	1 8	192/85 R 192/85 AA	139 262
192/85.41	1	192/85 A	45

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SOURCE CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS IN NEWLY ESTABLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

New Classification	Number of ORs	Source Classification	Number of ORs
192/85.42	3 3 38 1 1	192/85 AB 192/85 R 192/85 AA 192/85 A 192/85 CA 192/85 R	25 139 262 45 145 139
192/85.43	14 2 4	192/85 AA 192/85 AB 192/85 AA	262 25 262
192/85.44	3	192/85 AA	262
192/85.45	6	192/85 AA	262
192/85.46	1	192/85 AA	262
192/85.47	1	192/86	63
	1	192/87.14	10
	1	192/91 R	124
	2	192/85 AB	25
	2	192/87.13	54
	2	192/91 A	72
100/05 40	28	192/85 AT	40
192/85.48	1	192/91 A	72
	2	192/91 R	124
	3	192/86	63
	6	192/85 C	51
102/05 40	7	192/85 R	139
192/85.49	1 1	192/85 AA 192/85 C	262 51
	1	192/85 R	139
	2	192/85 A	45
	3	192/91 A	72
	22	192/85 CA	145
192/85.5	1	192/85 A	45
192703.3	1	192/85 AA	262
	2	192/91 A	72
	4	192/85 CA	145
192/85.51	1	192/85 AA	262
1,00.01	1	192/87.1	8
	2	192/85 C	51
	3	192/85 R	139
	3	192/86	63
	5	192/91 R	124
	14	192/91 A	72
	60	192/85 CA	145
192/85.52	1	192/86	63

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SOURCE CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS IN NEWLY ESTABLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

New	Number	Source	Number
Classification	of ORs	Classification	of ORs
192/85.53	1 11 13 1 1	192/91 R 192/91 A 192/85 CA 192/85 A 192/85 AT 192/85 C 192/85 V	124 72 145 45 40 51 10
	1	192/87.15	34
	1	192/91 R	124
	2	192/85 R	139
	2	192/86	63
	6	192/91 A	72
192/85.54	17	192/85 CA	145
	1	192/91 R	124
	4	192/91 A	72
192/85.56	13	192/85 CA	145
	1	192/85 R	139
	1	192/91 R	124
	2	192/86	63
192/85.57	2	192/91 A	72
	3	192/85 CA	145
	5	192/85 C	51
	1	192/85 V	10
	3	192/85 R	139
	6	192/85 C	51
192/85.58	6	192/86	63
	25	192/91 R	124
	1	192/85 R	139
	1	192/85 V	10
	66	192/91 R	124
192/85.59	1	192/85 AT	40
	1	192/85 CA	145
	1	192/86	63
	1	192/87.13	54
102/05 6	1	192/91 R	124
	4	192/85 R	139
	16	192/85 C	51
192/85.6 192/85.61	1 3 1	192/91 R 192/85 C 192/85 AT 192/87.11	124 51 40 56
	3	192/87.19	23
	4	192/85 R	139

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SOURCE CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS IN NEWLY ESTABLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

New Classification	Number of ORs	Source Classification	Number of ORs
192/85.62	2	192/85 R	139
192/85.63	1	192/85 CA	145
	1	192/85 V	10
	1	192/86	63
	1	192/87.15	34
	1	192/87.19	23
	2	192/87.14	10
	4	192/85 C	51
	6	192/87.13	54
	7	192/85 AA	262
	52	192/85 R	139
192/94	1	192/85 CA	145
418/171	1	192/85 R	139
477/18	1	192/87.1	8
74/733.1	1	192/85 R	139
92/23	1	192/85 C	51

PROJECT M-B192

DISPOSITION CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS FROM ABOLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

Source Classification	Number of ORs	New Classification	Number of ORs
192/85 A	45	192/85.5 192/85.02 192/85.05 192/85.08	1 2 1
		192/85.18 192/85.21 192/85.22 192/85.23	6 10 2 15
		192/85.39 192/85.41 192/85.42 192/85.49 192/85.53	1 1 2 1
192/85 C	51	192/48.611 92/23 192/85.6 192/85.01	1 1 3 1
		192/85.02 192/85.24 192/85.48 192/85.49	1 3 6 1
		192/85.51 192/85.53 192/85.56 192/85.57 192/85.59	2 1 5 6 16
192/85 F	14	192/85.63 192/48.607 192/85.02 192/85.24	4 1 9 1
192/85 R	139	192/85.28 192/85.33 192/85.39 74/733.1 192/85.4	1 2 1 1
		192/85.01 192/85.02 192/85.09 192/85.13	27 3 2 1
		192/85.17 192/85.18 192/85.21 192/85.23	1 2 3 1

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DISPOSITION CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS FROM ABOLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

Source Classification	Number of ORs	New Classification	Number of ORs
		192/85.24	2
		192/85.27	1
		192/85.28 192/85.33	1 1
		192/85.39	3
		192/85.41	3
		192/85.42	1
		192/85.48 192/85.49	7 1
		192/85.49	3
		192/85.53	2
		192/85.56	1
		192/85.57	3
		192/85.58	1 4
		192/85.59 192/85.61	4
		192/85.62	2
		192/85.63	52
		192/48.601	3
		192/48.613	1
192/85 V	10	418/171 192/85.04	1 1
1)2/03 V	10	192/85.06	1
		192/85.08	1
		192/85.15	3
		192/85.53	1 1
		192/85.57 192/85.58	1
		192/85.63	1
192/85 AA	262	192/106 R	1
		192/85.3	11
		192/85.4	8
		192/85.5 192/48.61	1 1
		192/85.01	1
		192/85.02	28
		192/85.05	3
		192/85.07 192/85.08	3 1
		192/85.09	4
		192/85.21	5
		192/85.22	1
		192/85.23	1

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DISPOSITION CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS FROM ABOLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

Source Classification	Number of ORs	New Classification	Number of ORs
		192/85.24	26
		192/85.25	11
		192/85.26	2
		192/85.27	1
		192/85.28 192/85.29	1 5
		192/85.31	1
		192/85.32	5
		192/85.33	8
		192/85.34	24
		192/85.35	6
		192/85.36	1
		192/85.37	2
		192/85.38	3
		192/85.39 192/85.41	10 38
		192/85.42	14
		192/85.43	4
		192/85.44	3
		192/85.45	6
		192/85.46	1
		192/85.49	1
		192/85.51	1
		192/85.63	7 1
		192/48.607 192/48.611	7
		192/48.614	2
		192/48.618	1
		192/48.619	1
192/85 AB	25	192/85.4	1
		192/85.02	1
		192/85.09	5
		192/85.21	3
		192/85.22 192/85.31	6 1
		192/85.31	3
		192/85.43	2
		192/85.47	2
		192/48.618	1
192/85 AT	40	192/85.02	5
		192/85.12	1
		192/85.18	1
		192/85.21	1

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DISPOSITION CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS FROM ABOLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

Source Classification	Number of ORs	New <u>Classification</u>	Number of ORs
192/85 CA	145	192/85.47 192/85.53 192/85.59 192/85.61 192/48.609 192/94 192/85.1 192/85.5 192/85.5	28 1 1 1 1 1 4 1
192/86	63	192/85.07 192/85.15 192/85.18 192/85.24 192/85.42 192/85.49 192/85.51 192/85.52 192/85.53 192/85.56 192/85.59 192/85.63 192/85.63 192/85.01 192/85.01 192/85.02 192/85.13 192/85.15 192/85.21 192/85.25 192/85.21 192/85.22 192/85.23 192/85.25 192/85.27 192/85.27 192/85.29 192/85.33 192/85.33 192/85.33	1 3 1 1 1 22 60 13 17 13 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		192/85.37 192/85.38 192/85.47	1 2 1

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DISPOSITION CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS FROM ABOLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

Source Classification	Number of ORs	New Classification	Number of ORs
		192/85.48	3
		192/85.51	3
		192/85.52	1
		192/85.53 192/85.56	2 2
		192/85.57	6
		192/85.59	1
		192/85.63	1
		192/48.607	2
		192/48.611	1
		192/48.612	2
		192/48.613 192/48.614	1 1
		192/48.615	1
192/88 A	83	192/85.02	1
		192/85.04	1
		192/85.05	27
		192/85.06	2
		192/85.07	3 3
		192/85.08 192/85.09	28
		192/85.11	2
		192/85.12	1
		192/85.15	11
		192/48.611	4
192/88 B	60	192/85.02	2
		192/85.04 192/85.12	2 34
		192/85.12	22
192/88 R	2	192/85.09	1
		192/85.13	1
192/91 A	72	192/85.2	2
		192/85.5	2
		192/85.09	2 3
		192/85.15 192/85.18	2
		192/85.21	8
		192/85.23	4
		192/85.33	2
		192/85.37	4
		192/85.47	2
		192/85.48 192/85.49	1 3
		194/03.49	3

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DISPOSITION CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS FROM ABOLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

Source Classification	Number of ORs	New Classification	Number of ORs
		192/85.51	14
		192/85.52	11
		192/85.53	6
		192/85.54	4
192/91 R	124	192/85.56 192/76	2 1
172/71 1	124	192/85.6	1
		192/85.01	1
		192/85.13	1
		192/85.14	4
		192/85.15	8
		192/85.21	1
		192/85.33 192/85.37	1 2
		192/85.47	1
		192/85.48	2
		192/85.51	5
		192/85.52	1
		192/85.53	1
		192/85.54 192/85.56	1 1
		192/85.57	25
		192/85.58	66
		192/85.59	1
192/87.1	8	192/85.51	1
		192/48.601	2
		192/48.607	1 1
		192/48.609 192/48.611	1
		192/48.614	1
		477/18	1
192/87.11	56	192/48.61	3
		192/85.01	1
		192/85.61	1
		192/48.601 192/48.602	1 2
		192/48.603	4
		192/48.605	1
		192/48.606	1
		192/48.607	1
		192/48.611	17
		192/48.613 192/48.614	1 8
		174/40.014	О

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DISPOSITION CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS FROM ABOLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

Source Classification	Number of ORs	New Classification	Number of ORs
		192/48.617	1
		192/48.618	8
		192/48.619	6
192/87.12	8	192/48.601	1
		192/48.611 192/48.614	1 4
		192/48.618	2
192/87.13	54	192/85.13	1
1,2,0,,12	0.1	192/85.47	2
		192/85.59	1
		192/85.63	6
		192/48.601	17
		192/48.602	1
		192/48.607	3
		192/48.608 192/48.609	1 5
		192/48.611	6
		192/48.614	8
		192/48.615	1
		192/48.618	2
192/87.14	10	192/85.47	1
		192/85.63	2
		192/48.602	2 2
		192/48.607 192/48.614	2
		192/48.615	1
192/87.15	34	192/85.09	1
		192/85.21	1
		192/85.53	1
		192/85.63	1
		192/48.606	1
		192/48.609	3
		192/48.611 192/48.612	15 1
		192/48.613	1
		192/48.614	5
		192/48.615	2
		192/48.618	2
192/87.16	11	192/48.604	4
		192/48.611	1
100/05 15	2.2	192/48.612	6
192/87.17	33	192/85.3 192/48.61	1 1
		192/40.01	Т

PROJECT M-B192

DISPOSITION CLASSIFICATION(S) OF PATENTS FROM ABOLISHED SUBCLASSES REPORT

Source Classification	Number of ORs	New Classification	Number of ORs		
		192/48.604	1		
		192/48.611	1		
		192/48.612	1		
		192/48.613	28		
192/87.18	9	192/48.601	6		
		192/48.607	1		
		192/48.609	1		
		192/48.613	1		
192/87.19	23	192/85.61	3		
		192/85.63	1		
		192/48.601	11		
		192/48.607	3		
		192/48.609	1		
		192/48.611	2		
		192/48.613	1		
		192/48.618	1		

PROJECT M-B192

C. CHANGES TO THE USPC-TO-IPC CONCORDANCE

Class	<u>USPC</u>	Subclass	IPC Subclass	<u>Notation</u>
192		48.601	F16D	25/10, 25/00,
192		48.602-48.608	F16D	21/00 25/10, 25/08,
192		48.609-48.619	F16D	21/00 25/10, 25/06,
192		85.01	F16D	21/00 25/00, 43/28
192		85.02	F16D	25/02, 43/28
192		85.03-85.16	F16D	25/04, 43/28
192		85.17	F16D	25/06, 43/28
192		85.18	F16D	25/061, 43/28
192		85.19	F16D	25/062, 43/28
192		85.2	F16D	25/063, 43/28
192		85.21	F16D	25/0632, 43/28
192		85.22	F16D	25/0632, 25/064, 43/28
192		85.23	F16D	25/0635, 43/28
192		85.24-85.46	F16D	25/0638, 43/28
192		85.47	F16D	25/065, 43/28
192		85.48-85.6	F16D	25/08, 43/28
192		85.61	F16D	25/12, 13/72, 13/74
192		85.62-85.63	F16D	25/12

D. CHANGES TO THE DEFINITIONS (Project No. M-B192)

CLASS 73 -- MEASURING AND TESTING

Definitions Modified

Subclass 488: Under SEE OR SEARCH CLASS, in the reference to Class 192,

Delete:

subclass .02 for automatic control of a motor and clutch by speed, and

Under SEE OR SEARCH CLASS

Insert:

477, Interrelated Power Delivery Controls, Including Engine Control, subclasses 14, 64+, 80+, 84+, 148, 154, 159+, 169, 175+, 186, 187, and 195+ for speed responsive control of an engine and associated device.

CLASS 74 -- MACHINE ELEMENT OR MECHANISM

Definitions Modified

Subclass 364: Under SEE OR SEARCH CLASS

Delete:

the reference to Class 192

Insert:

192, Clutches and Power-Stop Control, subclasses 48.601+ and 85.01+ for fluid pressure operated clutches.

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Definitions Modified

Subclass 625:

Delete:

SEE OR SEARCH CLASS and the reference to Class 192

CLASS 188 -- BRAKES

Definitions Modified

Subclass 72.4: Under SEE OR SEARCH CLASS

Delete:

85+

Insert:

48.601+ and 85.01+

Subclass 170: Under SEE OR SEARCH CLASS

Delete:

the reference to Class 192

Insert:

192, Clutches and Power-Stop Control, subclasses 85.37 and 85.57+ for a fluid pressure released clutch that may be spring applied.

CLASS 192 -- CLUTCHES AND POWER-STOP CONTROL

Definitions Abolished: Subclasses 85, 86, 87.1, 87.11-87.19, 88, 91 **Definitions Modified** Subclass 3.29: Under SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS Delete: the reference to subclasses 85+ Insert: 48.601+ and 85.01+, for a fluid pressure operated clutch. Subclass 3.31:Under SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS Delete: the reference to subclass 87.12 Subclass 30: Delete: The body of the definition Insert: This subclass is indented under the class definition. A power-transmitting device utilizing friction or interlocking parts for securing and releasing driving continuity as between two shafts or a pulley and a shaft or other driving and driven parts. Subclass 48.1: In the title Delete:

assemblage Insert: assemblages In the body of the definition Delete: 31 Insert: 30 Under SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS Delete: the reference to subclasses 87.1+ Subclass 48.9:Under SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS Delete: the reference to subclasses 87.14+ Insert: 48.604+ and 48.612+, for multiple fluid clutches having a common actuator that may allow only alternate engagement of the clutches. Subclass 54.3: Under SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS Delete: 85+ Insert: 48.601+ and 85.01+

Subclass 56.3: Under SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS Delete: 85 +Insert: 48.601+ and 85.01+ Subclass 70.11: Insert: SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS: 85.09+ and 85.24+, for a clutch having more than two mating friction elements. Subclass 70.251: Under SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS Insert: 85.62, for a fluid-operated clutch including a wear compensator that operates by fluid actuator adjustment or control rather than by adjustment of relative positions of friction elements. Subclass 82: Delete: The body of the definition Insert: This subclass is indented under subclass 30. Subject matter including an actuating device that causes the power-transmitting device to transition into or out of a state in which it provides the driving continuity between the driving and driven parts. Subclass 106: Insert:

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.25, for a fluid-operated clutch having a balance chamber for counteracting the effects of rotation-induced pressure in the operating fluid.

Subclass 113.1:

Insert:

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.61, for cooling or lubricating means for a fluid-operated clutch.

Definitions Established

48.601 Having fluid pressure operator:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.1. Subject matter in which the clutch-assemblages include a clutch-assemblage that is actuated (i.e., caused to engage or disengage) by the action of fluid under pressure.

(1) Note. The phrase "action of fluid under pressure" is intended to include the effects of fluid whose pressure is less than ambient or atmospheric pressure and typically referred to as "vacuum" or "partial vacuum".

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

- 3.25+, for a combination of vortex-flow drive and a plurality of clutches, wherein the clutches may be fluid-pressure operated.
- 3.29+, and 3.33, for a fluid-pressure operator for a clutch that is combined with a vortex-flow drive.
- 48.1+, for a combination of multiple clutches that are mechanically operated.
- 85.01+, for a clutch having a fluid-pressure operator.

SEE OR SEARCH CLASS:

- 92, Expansible Chamber Devices, appropriate subclasses for an expansible chamber device, per se, even though disclosed as a means to operate a clutch.
- 303, Fluid-Pressure and Analogous Brake Systems, appropriate subclasses for systems of distribution of fluid to motors of more general application.

48.602 Operator rotatable relative to its clutch-assemblage:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.601. Subject matter in which the fluid under pressure acts through a fluid motor that is rotatable relative to both the driving and driven parts connected by the fluid-operated clutch-assemblage.

48.603 Operator coaxial with its clutch-assemblage:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.602. Subject matter in which an axis along which the fluid motor acts is aligned with an axis of rotation of the fluid-operated clutch-assemblage.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.611+, 48.617, and 48.618+, for a clutch and coaxial actuator that may rotate with the clutch.

48.604 Common or interconnected operator(s):

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.603. Subject matter in which the fluid motor contributes to operation (engagement or disengagement) of two or more of the clutch-assemblages or in which the fluid motor and an additional fluid motor operate two or more of the clutch-assemblages and the position of an output element (e.g., piston, actuating shaft) of one of the fluid motors is dependent upon the position of an output element the other fluid motor.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS(ES):

- 3.27, for the combination of a vortex-flow drive and alternatively operative clutches that may include a common actuator or interconnected actuators.
- 48.612+, for common or interconnected actuator(s) that may rotate with associated clutches.

48.605 Operator between clutch-assemblages:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.604. Subject matter in which the fluid motor is located between two of the clutch-assemblages.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS(ES):

48.613 and 48.614, for clutches and an actuator that may rotate relative to at least one of the clutches and that is located between the clutches.

48.606 Axially spaced coaxial clutch-assemblages:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.603. Subject matter in which two of the clutch-assemblages rotate about a common axis and have disengageable power-transmitting portions (e.g., friction surfaces), all disengageable power-transmitting portions of one of the two clutch-assemblages being axially spaced at all times from all disengageable power-transmitting portions of the other clutch-assemblage.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.607 and 48.609+, for other axially spaced coaxial clutches.

48.607 Axially spaced coaxial clutch-assemblages:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.602. Subject matter in which two of the clutch-assemblages rotate about a common axis and have disengageable power-transmitting portions (e.g., friction surfaces), all disengageable power-transmitting portions of one of the two clutch-assemblages being axially spaced at all times from all disengageable power-transmitting portions of the other clutch-assemblage.

48.606 and 48.609+, for other axially spaced coaxial clutches.

48.608 Plural fluid pressure operators forming nested pistons:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.602. Subject matter in which the fluid pressure also acts through an additional fluid motor, each fluid motor having a piston movable by application of the fluid pressure thereto, the piston of one of the fluid motors forming a cylinder of the other fluid motor in which cylinder the piston of the other fluid motor is movable.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.61 and 48.616+, for other clutches having actuators forming nested pistons.

48.609 Axially spaced coaxial clutch-assemblages:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.601. Subject matter in which two of the clutch-assemblages rotate about a common axis and have disengageable power-transmitting portions (e.g., friction surfaces), all disengageable power-transmitting portions of one of the two clutch-assemblages being axially spaced at all times from all disengageable power-transmitting portions of the other of the two clutch-assemblages.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS. SUBCLASS:

48.606 and 48.607, for other axially spaced coaxial clutches.

48.61 Plural fluid pressure operators forming nested pistons:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.609. Subject matter including two fluid motors that actuate one or more of the clutch assemblages, each fluid motor having a piston movable by application of the fluid pressure thereto, the piston of one of the fluid motors forming a cylinder of the other fluid motor in which cylinder the piston of the other fluid motor is movable.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.608 and 48.616+, for other clutches having actuators forming nested pistons.

48.611 Operator coaxial with its clutch-assemblage:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.609. Subject matter in which the fluid under pressure acts through a fluid motor and an axis along which the fluid motor acts is aligned with an axis of rotation of the fluid actuated clutch-assemblage.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.603+, 48.617, and 48.618+, for a clutch and coaxial actuator.

48.612 Common or interconnected operator(s):

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.611. Subject matter in which the fluid motor contributes to operation (engagement or disengagement) of two of the clutch-assemblages or in which the fluid motor and an additional fluid motor operate two of the clutch-assemblages and the position of an output element (e.g., piston, actuating shaft) of one of the fluid motors is dependent upon the position of an output element the other fluid motor.

- 48.604+, for common or interconnected actuator(s) that rotate relative to associated clutch(es).
- 3.27, for the combination of a vortex-flow drive and alternatively operative clutches that may include a common or interconnected actuator(s).

48.613 Operator between clutch-assemblages:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.612. Subject matter in which the fluid motor is located between the two clutch-assemblages.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.605 and 48.614, for plural clutches and an actuator located between the clutches.

48.614 Operator between clutch-assemblages:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.611. Subject matter in which the fluid motor is located between two of the clutch-assemblages.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.605 and 48.613, for other actuators located between clutches.

48.615 Radially acting operator:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.609. Subject matter in which the fluid under pressure acts through a fluid motor and an axis along which the fluid motor acts is substantially perpendicular to the axis of rotation of the fluid actuated clutch-assemblage.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.12+, 85.16, and 85.47, for a clutch operated by a radially acting fluid pressure actuator.

48.616 Plural fluid pressure operators forming nested pistons:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.601. Subject matter in which the fluid under pressure acts through two fluid motors that actuate one or more of the clutch assemblages, each fluid motor having a piston movable by application of the fluid pressure thereto, the piston of one of the fluid motors forming a cylinder of the other fluid motor in which cylinder the piston of the other fluid motor is movable.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS. SUBCLASS:

48.608 and 48.61, for clutch actuators forming nested pistons.

48.617 At least one operator coaxial with its clutch-assemblage:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.616. Subject matter in which at least one of the fluid motors acts along an axis that is aligned with an axis of rotation of (one of) the clutch-assemblage(s) it actuates.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.603+, 48.611+, and 48.618+, for a clutch and coaxial actuator.

48.618 Operator coaxial with its clutch-assemblage:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.601. Subject matter in which the fluid under pressure acts through a fluid motor to actuate the clutch-assemblage and an axis along which the fluid motor acts is aligned with an axis of rotation of the clutch-assemblage.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.603+, 48.611+, and 48.617, for a clutch and coaxial actuator.

48.619 Radially spaced coaxial clutch-assemblages:

This subclass is indented under subclass 48.618. Subject matter in which the clutch-assemblages include two clutch-assemblages having the same axis of rotation and having disengageable power-transmitting portions (e.g., friction surfaces), the clutch-assemblages being arranged such that a plane perpendicular to the axis of rotation passes through or between at least one disengageable power-transmitting portion of each of the two clutch-assemblages.

85.01 Fluid pressure:

This subclass is indented under subclass 82. Subject matter in which the actuating device is powered by the action of a fluid under pressure.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

- 3.29+, and 3.33, for a fluid-pressure operator to engage or actuate a clutch that is combined with a vortex-flow drive.
- 48.601, for plural clutches at least one of which is fluid-pressure operated.
- 56.3, for an overload release mechanism in a fluid-pressure operated clutch.

SEE OR SEARCH CLASS:

- 92, Expansible Chamber Devices, appropriate subclasses for an expansible chamber device, per se, even though disclosed as a means to operate a clutch.
- 303, Fluid-Pressure and Analogous Brake Systems, appropriate subclasses for systems of distribution of fluid to motors of more general application.

85.02 Operator force derived from clutch input or output:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.01. Subject matter in which power is transmitted from one of the driving and driven parts via the fluid to the actuating device.

85.03 Elastic (e.g., diaphragm, pneumatic tube):

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.01. Subject matter in which the actuating device includes a flexible element that flexes in response to changes in fluid pressure.

(1) Note. Devices in which the actuating device includes sliding seals, in addition to a flexible element, along which sliding occurs during expansion or contraction are included in this subclass.

SEE OR SEARCH CLASS:

92, Expansible Chamber Devices, subclasses 34+ for a bellows type expansible chamber device, and subclasses 90+ for a flexible wall type expansible chamber device

85.04 Rotating with clutch input or output:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.03. Subject matter in which the flexible element rotates integrally with one of the driving and driven parts.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.17+, for an elastic clutch-actuating member that rotates relative to the clutch input and output.

85.05 And causing purely axial movement:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.04. Subject matter in which flexing of the flexible element causes a component of the power-transmitting device to move in a first direction along a path that is parallel to the axis of rotation of the driving or driven part.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.2+, 85.15, and 85.49+, for other actuator configurations for producing axial displacement of a clutch element.

85.06 Including flexible friction discs:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.05. Subject matter in which the flexible element includes a pair of flexible discs on which friction surfaces for providing the driving continuity are located, the fluid acting directly on the discs to cause elastic deformation thereof and, thereby, affect the extent of engagement of the friction surfaces with each other.

85.07 Plural oppositely acting elastic operators:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.05. Subject matter in which the power-transmitting device includes an additional flexible element on which the fluid acts to cause it to flex and move in a second direction substantially opposite the first direction when the fluid acts on the flexible elements.

85.08 Clutch has flat friction surfaces:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.05. Subject matter in which the component of the power-transmitting device is a first member having a first planar surface and the power-transmitting device includes a second member having a second planar surface parallel to the first planar surface, movement of the component in the first direction resulting in engagement of the first and second planar surfaces to transmit power therebetween by friction, the first and second members being drivingly connected, respectively, to the driving and driven parts.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.23+, for a clutch having flat friction surfaces that is operated by a fluid-pressure actuator other than an elastic actuator.

85.09 More than two friction elements:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.08. Subject matter including a third member drivingly connected to one of the driving and driven parts and having a third planar surface parallel to the first planar surface, the second member having a fourth planar surface parallel to the first planar surface, the third member being movable axially relative to the second member such that the third and fourth planar surfaces engage to transmit power therebetween by friction.

70.11+ and 85.24+, for a clutch having three or more friction elements.

85.1 Plate or diaphragm spring release:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.09. Subject matter in which the first, second, third, and fourth planar surfaces are separated by the force of a substantially planar spring with or without radial slits that form a plurality of fingers.

85.11 Clutch has positively engaging clutch members:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.05. Subject matter in which the power-transmitting device includes separable interlocking power-transmitting elements.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.18, for a clutch having positively engaging clutch members operated by a fluid actuator other than an elastic actuator.

85.12 And causing purely radial movement:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.04. Subject matter in which flexing of the flexible element causes a first component of the power-transmitting device to move substantially along a line perpendicular to the axis of rotation of the driving or driven part when the fluid acts on the flexible element.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.615, 85.16, and 85.47, for a clutch operated by a radially acting fluid pressure actuator.

85.13 Elastic operator integral with radially outer clutch member:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.12. Subject matter in which the first component engages a second component of the power-transmitting device in order to establish the driving continuity between the driving and driven parts, the first and second components being radially spaced and the flexible element having a portion that is fixed to the radially outer one of the first and second components.

85.14 Rotatable relative to clutch input and output:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.03. Subject matter in which the flexible element is rotatable relative to both the driving and driven parts.

85.15 And causing purely axial movement:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.14. Subject matter in which flexing of the flexible element causes a component of the power-transmitting device to move along a path that is parallel to the axis of rotation of the driving part or driven part.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.05+, 85.2+, and 85.49+, for other actuator configurations for producing axial displacement of a clutch element.

85.16 And causing purely radial movement:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.14. Subject matter in which flexing of the flexible element causes a component of the power-transmitting device to move substantially along a line perpendicular to the axis of rotation of the driving or driven part.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.615, 85.12+, and 85.47, for a clutch operated by a radially acting fluid pressure actuator.

85.17 Piston and cylinder operator rotating with clutch input or output:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.01. Subject matter in which the actuating device includes an enclosure (cylinder) in which a partition (piston) is slidably received in sealing engagement with the enclosure, fluid being admitted into the enclosure to apply a force to the enclosure and the partition, the enclosure or the partition being connected to and rotating integrally with the driving or driven part, relative displacement of the enclosure and partition due to the force applied by the fluid contributing to the transition of the power-transmitting device into or out of the state in which it provides the driving continuity between the driving and driven parts.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.04+, for an elastic clutch actuating member that rotates integrally with the clutch input or output.

85.18 Positive clutch:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.17. Subject matter in which the power-transmitting device includes separable interlocking power-transmitting elements.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.11, for a clutch having positively engaging clutch members operated by an elastic fluid actuator.

85.19 Friction clutch:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.17. Subject matter in which the power-transmitting device includes power-transmitting elements having mutually engageable surfaces that transmit power from one to another substantially solely by friction forces when pressed together.

85.2 Having friction elements movable axially only:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.19. Subject matter in which the power-transmitting elements are engageable and disengageable by relative movement along a path that is parallel to an axis of rotation of at least one of the power-transmitting elements.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.05+, 85.15, and 85.49+, for other actuator configurations for producing axial displacement of a clutch element.

85.21 Having conical or frustoconical friction surfaces (e.g., cone clutch):

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.2. Subject matter in which the mutually engageable surfaces of the power-transmitting elements have the shape of a cone or frustum of a cone.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

66.2, for axially engaging clutches having conical or frustoconical friction surfaces.

85.22 Plural radially spaced frustoconical surfaces:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.21. Subject matter in which the mutually engageable surfaces of the power-transmitting elements include a plurality of radially spaced concentric frustoconical surfaces on each power-transmitting element.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

66.21, for axially engaging clutches having plural radially spaced frustoconical friction surfaces.

85.23 Having flat friction surfaces:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.2. Subject matter in which the mutually engageable surfaces of the power-transmitting elements are substantially planar.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

85.08+, for a clutch having flat friction surfaces that is operated by an elastic fluid-pressure actuator.

85.24 More than two friction elements:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.23. Subject matter in which the power-transmitting device has at least three of the power-transmitting elements.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

70.11+ and 85.09+, for a clutch having three or more friction elements.

85.25 Including balance chamber:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter including a fluid receiving space outside the enclosure that rotates with the actuating device and is arranged such that rotation induced fluid pressure in the space acts on the partition or the enclosure to counteract an effect of a similar rotation induced pressure in the fluid in the enclosure.

(1) Note. The purpose of the balance chamber is, typically, to prevent a rotating clutch from being locked in an engaged (power-transmitting) state due to centrifugal forces acting on the fluid used to initially engage the clutch.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

for a speed responsive clutch that may be fluid operated and include means to prevent locking of the clutch due to centrifugal forces acting on the operating fluid.

85.26 Cam mechanism between piston and friction element:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter in which motion is transmitted from the enclosure or partition to at least one of the power-transmitting elements by a mechanism including slidably engaged relatively moving surfaces that include portions inclined to the direction of relative motion at a point of contact between the surfaces.

85.27 Auxiliary exhaust or relief passage from piston chamber:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter in which there are one or more primary inlets and outlets for the fluid in the enclosure or partition which inlets and outlets supply and return substantially the bulk of the fluid to the enclosure and the enclosure or partition includes an additional passage that permits flow of fluid out of the enclosure to provide an additional level of control over the action of the fluid on the device.

(1) Note. A plurality of return passages extending from and leading along similar paths to a fluid receiver or common exhaust channel is not sufficient to warrant placement here. This subclass requires a passage associated with a substantially different fluid exhaust path.

85.28 Fluid escape from piston chamber by rotation-induced pressure:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.27. Subject matter in which substantially all of the flow of fluid from the enclosure through the additional passage is the result of pressurization of the fluid relative to pressure outside of the enclosure due to rotation of the enclosure.

85.29 In piston:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.27. Subject matter in which the additional passage is formed in the partition.

85.3 Valve in passage:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.29. Subject matter including structure that moves between a state in which it interrupts or blocks flow through the additional passage and a state in which it permits the flow during operation of the power-transmitting device.

85.31 Valve in passage:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.27. Subject matter including structure that moves between a state in which it interrupts or blocks flow through the additional passage and a state in which it permits the flow during operation of the power-transmitting device.

85.32 Variable fluid contacting piston area:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter in which the fluid is brought into contact with different portions of the partition at different times during a single stroke of the partition.

(1) Note. Typically, the total area of contact between the fluid and the partition (piston) is increased in stages resulting in a more gradual increase in the force acting on the power-transmitting elements than would occur if the fluid were introduced into contact with the entire area at once.

85.33 Axially stationary piston, moving cylinder:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter in which the partition is fixed relative to the driving or driven part during operation of the power-transmitting device.

85.34 Cushioning element between piston and friction element:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter including a resilient element that deforms significantly in operation located in a force transmission path between the partition and one of the power-transmitting elements.

(1) Note. Typically, the resilient element provides for a more gradual increase in the force acting on the power-transmitting elements than would occur without the resilient element.

85.35 Operator acts on friction elements via diaphragm spring or lever:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter in which at least part of the force applied to the partition by the fluid is transmitted to the power-transmitting elements through a radially extending finger of an annular spring or a lever pivotally mounted in the power-transmitting device.

85.36 Electric or magnetic release:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter including a device utilizing electrical or magnetic forces that is at least partially responsible for causing the power-transmitting device to transition out of the state in which it provides the driving continuity between the driving and driven parts.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

84.1+, for an electric or magnetic operator that applies a clutch.

85.37 Fluid released clutch:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter in which the fluid under pressure is used to cause the power-transmitting device to transition out of the state in which it provides the driving continuity between the driving and driven parts.

85.38 And fluid pressure engaged:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.37. Subject matter in which the force applied by the fluid to the enclosure and the partition contributes to the transition of the power-transmitting device into the state that provides the driving continuity between the driving and driven parts.

85.39 Spring released clutch:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter including an elastic element that deforms significantly in operation that is at least in part responsible for the transition of the power-transmitting device out of the state in which it provides the driving continuity between the driving and driven parts.

85.4 Release spring between discs:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.39. Subject matter in which the elastic element is located between and presses in separating directions against two of the power-transmitting elements.

85.41 Coil spring:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.39. Subject matter in which the elastic element has a helical shape and is deflected along its axis during use.

85.42 Encircling clutch axis of rotation:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.41. Subject matter in which the axis of rotation of the power-transmitting elements passes through the interior of the elastic element

85.43 Having particular friction element structure:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter including details of the power-transmitting elements.

85.44 Having particular piston seal:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter including details of means for preventing leakage of fluid between the partition and enclosure.

85.45 Piston has interrupted engagement face:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter in which the surface of the partition opposite its surface facing the interior of the enclosure has first and second portions and has a third portion located between the first and second portions, the first and second portions contacting one of the power-transmitting elements to apply an actuating force to the power-transmitting element while the third portion is spaced from the power-transmitting element.

85.46 Piston has nonplanar engagement face:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.24. Subject matter in which there is at least one area of contact between the partition and one of the power-transmitting elements that is non-planar.

85.47 Having radially displaceable friction surface:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.19. Subject matter in which some of the mutually engageable surfaces of the power-transmitting elements change their distance from the axis of rotation of at least one of the power transmitting elements as the mutually engageable surfaces are pressed together.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

48.615, 85.12+, and 85.16, for a clutch operated by a radially acting fluid pressure actuator.

85.48 Operator rotatable relative to clutch input and output:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.01. Subject matter in which the actuating device includes a fluid motor through which the fluid affects the state of the power-transmitting device, the fluid motor being rotatable relative to both the driving and driven parts.

85.49 And aligned with clutch axis of rotation:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.48. Subject matter in which the fluid motor includes an actuating element that moves, under the pressure of the fluid, along a line coaxial with the axis of rotation of the driving part or driven part.

85.05+, 85.2+, and 85.15, for other actuator configurations for producing axial displacement of a clutch element.

85.5 Operator acts on clutch through push rod extending coaxially through input or output shaft:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.49. Subject matter in which the fluid motor affects the state of the power-transmitting device by moving an elongated element that is coaxial with and extends through a hollow shaft integral with one of the driving and driven parts.

85.51 Operator acts on clutch via diaphragm spring or lever:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.49. Subject matter in which the fluid motor affects the state of the power-transmitting device through a radially slit spring having plural fingers or through a set of levers that extend radially of the axis of rotation of the driving part or driven part.

85.52 Pull-to-release type clutch:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.51. Subject matter in which portions of the fingers or levers move with the actuating element of the fluid motor and in which fluid induced motion of the actuating element of the fluid motor in a direction generally away from power-transmitting elements of the power-transmitting device and toward the fluid motor places the power-transmitting device in a state in which it does not transmit power between the driving and driven parts.

85.53 Details of fluid operator:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.49. Subject matter including details of the fluid motor.

85.54 Having particular seal:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.53. Subject matter including details of means for preventing leakage of fluid within or from the fluid motor.

85.55 Details of master cylinder:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.49. Subject matter including details of a piston and cylinder mechanism that pressurizes the fluid to cause it to act on the fluid motor.

85.56 Operator spaced from and parallel to clutch axis of rotation:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.48. Subject matter in which the fluid motor includes an actuating element that moves, under the pressure of the fluid, along a line that is parallel to the axis of rotation of the driving part or driven part.

85.57 Fluid released clutch:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.48. Subject matter in which the power-transmitting device is transitioned out of the state in which power is transmitted between the driving and driven members (i.e., disengaged) under power of the fluid motor.

85.58 By vacuum:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.57. Subject matter in which the pressure of fluid that powers the fluid motor is less than the pressure of fluid surrounding the fluid motor.

85.59 Details of fluid operator:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.48. Subject matter including details of the fluid motor.

85.6 Details of master cylinder:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.48. Subject matter including details of a piston and cylinder mechanism that pressurizes the fluid to cause it to act on the fluid motor

85.61 Cooling or lubricating:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.01. Subject matter in which the power-transmitting device includes features for facilitating removal of heat from the power-transmitting device or for directing a lubricant into, out of, or through the power-transmitting device.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

113.1+, for clutch cooling and lubricating means, per se.

85.62 Having wear compensator:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.01. Subject matter in which the power-transmitting device includes means to mitigate the effect on the operation of the power-transmitting device of dimensional changes in components thereof that occur with repeated use.

SEE OR SEARCH THIS CLASS, SUBCLASS:

70.251+, for a clutch having means for adjusting the position of a friction element relative to friction element moving means for compensating for wear of the friction element.

111.1+, for wear compensators, per se.

85.63 Including fluid pressure control:

This subclass is indented under subclass 85.01. Subject matter including means to regulate, set, or modulate the pressure of the fluid that powers the actuating device.

CLASS 415 -- ROTARY KINETIC FLUID MOTORS OR PUMPS

Definitions Modified

Class definition: In SECTION III - REFERENCES TO OTHER CLASSES

Delete:

the reference to Class 192

Insert:

477, Interrelated Power Delivery Controls, Including Engine Control, subclasses 57, 62+, and 168+ for the combination of a fluid rotary motor and a clutch mechanism, in which there are interrelated controls for the motor and the clutch, and subclass 205, for the combination of a fluid rotary motor and a brake or lock applied to the motor or its output shaft and having a mechanism for the joint control of the motor and the brake or lock.

CLASS 418 -- ROTARY EXPANSIBLE CHAMBER DEVICES

Definitions Modified

Subclass 17: Under SEE OR SEARCH CLASS

Delete:

the reference to Class 192

Insert:

477, Interrelated Power Delivery Controls, Including Engine Control, subclasses 84+ and 91, for interrelated power delivery controls automatically controlled by speed.

CLASS 464 -- ROTARY SHAFTS, GUDGEONS, HOUSINGS, AND FLEXIBLECOUPLINGS FOR ROTARY SHAFTS

Definitions M	lodified

Class definition: In SECTION IV - REFERENCES TO OTHER CLASSES, in the reference to

Class 192

Delete:

85+

Insert:

48.601+ and 85.01+

Subclass 24: Under SEE OR SEARCH CLASS

Delete:

85+

Insert:

48.601+ and 85.01+