CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

\mathbf{G} **PHYSICS**

(NOTES omitted)

INSTRUMENTS

G06 COMPUTING; CALCULATING OR COUNTING

(NOTES omitted)

DIGITAL COMPUTERS IN WHICH ALL THE COMPUTATION IS EFFECTED **G06C**

MECHANICALLY (score computers for card games A63F 1/18)

NOTE

This subclass does not cover details of mechanisms covered by main groups G06C 9/00, G06C 11/00 or G06C 15/00, which are applicable to mechanical counters driven only through the lowest denomination. Such details are covered by subclass <u>G06M</u>.

1/00	Computing aids in which the computing members form at least part of the displayed result and are	13/02	• Operand stores, e.g. pin carriage (input mechanisms G06C 7/00)
	manipulated directly by hand, e.g. abacuses or pocket adding devices	13/04	• Print buffer stores
3/00	Arrangements for table look-up, e.g. menstruation	15/00	Computing mechanisms; Actuating devices therefor
	table	15/02	operating on the binary scale
5/00	Non-functional elements		<u>NOTE</u>
5/02	 Housings; Frameworks 		Group G06C 15/02 takes precedence over groups
7/00	Input mechanisms		G06C 15/04 - G06C 15/42.
7/02	. Keyboards	15/04	• Adding or subtracting devices (G06C 15/08 takes
7/04	Interlocking devices, e.g. between keys		precedence)
7/06	• • with one set of keys for each denomination	15/06	 having balance totalising; Obtaining sub-total
7/08	 with one set of keys for all denominations, e.g. ten-key board 	15/08	 Multiplying or dividing devices; Devices for computing the exponent or root
7/09	Transfer of data from record carrier to computing mechanisms	15/10	having more than one denominational set of keys operating directly on computing mechanism
7/10	• Transfer mechanisms, e.g. transfer of a figure from	15/12	having pin carriage
	a ten-key keyboard into the pin carriage	15/14	 having pin wheel, e.g. Odhner type
7/12	Resetting devices, e.g. for the keyboard	15/16	having stepped-toothed actuating drums, e.g. Thomas type
9/00	Transfer mechanisms, e.g. for transmitting figures from the input mechanism into the computing	15/18	 having multiplication table for forming partial
	mechanism (G06C 7/10, G06C 11/00, G06C 15/00	13/10	products
	take precedence)	15/20	adapted for short-cut multiplication or division
9/02	Back-transfer arrangements, e.g. to transfer a value	15/22	 Arrangements for two or more computing devices;
5,02	accumulated in a register back into the selection mechanism		Arrangements for subdivision into two or more computing mechanisms, e.g. splitting
		15/24	Devices for counting the cycles of operation in
11/00	Output mechanisms		division or multiplication
11/02	• with visual indication, e.g. counter drum	15/26	 Devices for transfer between orders, e.g. tens
11/04	• with printing mechanisms, e.g. for character-at-a-		transfer device
4.4.0	time or line-at-a-time printing	15/28	 where transfer is effected in one step
11/06	having type hammers	15/30	 where transfer is effected in two steps
11/08	• with punching mechanism	15/32	• • • with provision for simultaneous transfer
11/10	Arrangements for feeding single sheets or		between all orders
	continuous web or tape, e.g. ejection device; Line- spacing devices	15/34	• • where transfer is effected by planet gear, i.e. crawl type
11/12	for feeding tape	15/36	with aligning means
13/00	Storage mechanisms (mechanical counters with	15/38	for pin-wheel computing mechanisms
•	input only to the lowest order G06M 1/04)	15/40	for stepped-toothed-drum computing mechanism
	<u> </u>	15/42	Devices for resetting to zero or other datum

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15/44	 Devices for comparing numerical values, e.g. zero check 	
15/46	Arrangements for rounding-off	
15/48	 Arrangements for selection of one out of several counting registers (item-counting devices G06C 25/02) 	
17/00	Mechanisms for converting from one notational system to another, i.e. radix conversion	
19/00	Decimal-point mechanisms; Analogous mechanisms for non-decimal notations	
19/02	 Devices for indicating the point 	
19/04	. Devices for printing the point	
21/00	Programming-mechanisms for determining the steps to be performed by the computing machine, e.g. when a key or certain keys are depressed (mechanisms merely for producing multiplication by repeated addition G06C 15/08)	
21/02	• in which the operation of the mechanism is determined by the position of the carriage	
21/04	 Conditional arrangements for controlling subsequent operating functions, e.g. control arrangement triggered by a function key and depending on the condition of the register (arrangements for selection of one out of several counting registers G06C 15/48) 	
23/00	Driving mechanisms for functional elements	
	<u>NOTE</u>	
	Group <u>G06C 23/08</u> takes precedence over groups <u>G06C 23/02</u> - <u>G06C 23/06</u> .	
23/02	• of main shaft	
23/04	• of pin carriage, e.g. for step-by-step movement	
23/06	 of tabulation devices, e.g. of carriage skip 	
23/08	. Hydraulic or pneumatic actuation	
25/00	Auxiliary functional arrangements, e.g. interlocks (interlocks in keyboards G06C 7/04)	
25/02	 Item-counting devices (devices for counting the cycles of operation in division or multiplication G06C 15/24) 	
27/00	Computing machines characterised by the structural interrelation of their functional units, e.g. invoicing machines	
29/00	Combinations of computing machines with other machines, e.g. with typewriter, with money-changing apparatus	

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